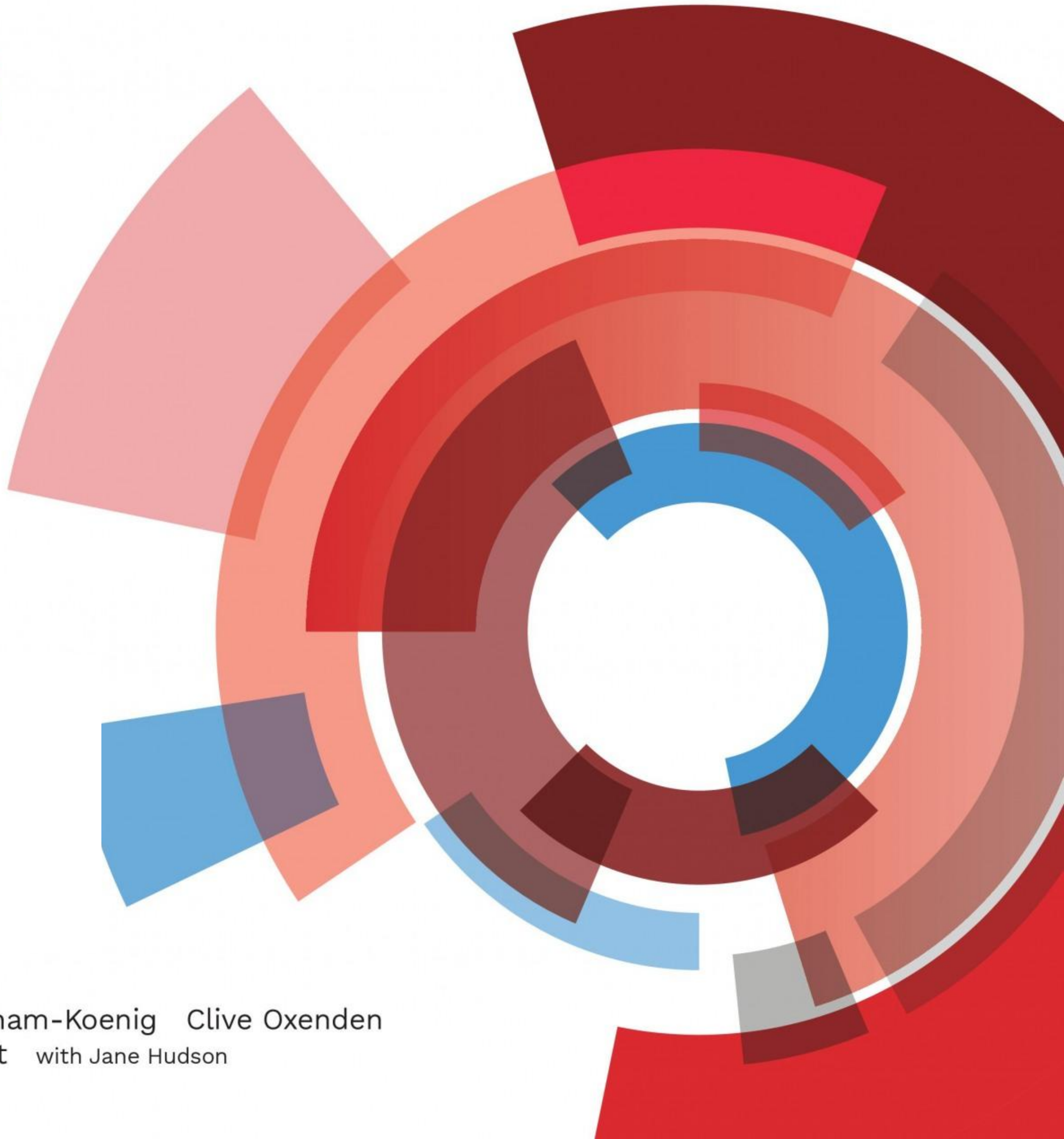
OXFORD

English File

Elementary

Workbook WITHOUT KEY

fifth edition



Christina Latham-Koenig Clive Oxenden
Jerry Lambert with Jane Hudson

OXFORD
UNIVERSITY PRESS

English File

Elementary

Workbook WITHOUT KEY

fifth
edition

How to use your Classroom Presentation Tool

Christina Latham-Koenig Clive Oxenden
Jerry Lambert Paul Seligson with Jane Hudson

Paul Seligson and Clive Oxenden are the original co-authors
of *English File 1* (published 1996) and *English File 2* (1997)

www.frenglish.ru

Contents

1

4 **A** Hello, everybody
6 **B** A world of sport
8 **C** Open your books
10 **Practical English** Episode 1 A new city
11 Can you remember...? 1

2

12 **A** Your desk and you
14 **B** Made in the USA
16 **C** Don't worry. Be happy!

3

18 **A** Great Britain?
20 **B** Goodbye to the office?
22 **C** Are you a 'dog person'?
24 **Practical English** Episode 2 First weeks in London
25 Can you remember...? 1–3

4

26 **A** Who's that in the photo?
28 **B** Eat, sleep, repeat
30 **C** Blue Zones

5

32 **A** Sing me a song
34 **B** What a noise!
36 **C** I ❤ London
38 **Practical English** Episode 3 The real London
39 Can you remember...? 1–5

6

40 **A** A traditional story
42 **B** I don't like Mondays
44 **C** Making music

7

46 **A** This is me
48 **B** Small mistake, big problem
50 **C** Happy New Year
52 **Practical English** Episode 4 Ben's show
53 Can you remember...? 1–7

8

54 **A** A murder in the family
56 **B** A house with a history
58 **C** Do you believe in ghosts?

9

60 **A** What's for dinner?
62 **B** White gold
64 **C** Quizzes and quizzers
66 **Practical English** Episode 5 On Primrose Hill
67 Can you remember...? 1–9

10

68 **A** Top of the list
70 **B** In the footsteps of Marco Polo
72 **C** The cards don't lie

11

74 **A** Culture shock
76 **B** It's on my list
78 **C** Download the app
80 **Practical English** Episode 6 Good news, bad news
81 Can you remember...? 1–11

12

82 **A** It's a classic!
84 **B** Let's go out for dinner!
86 **C** National treasures

www.frenglish.ru

Welcome to **English File** fifth edition



Workbook

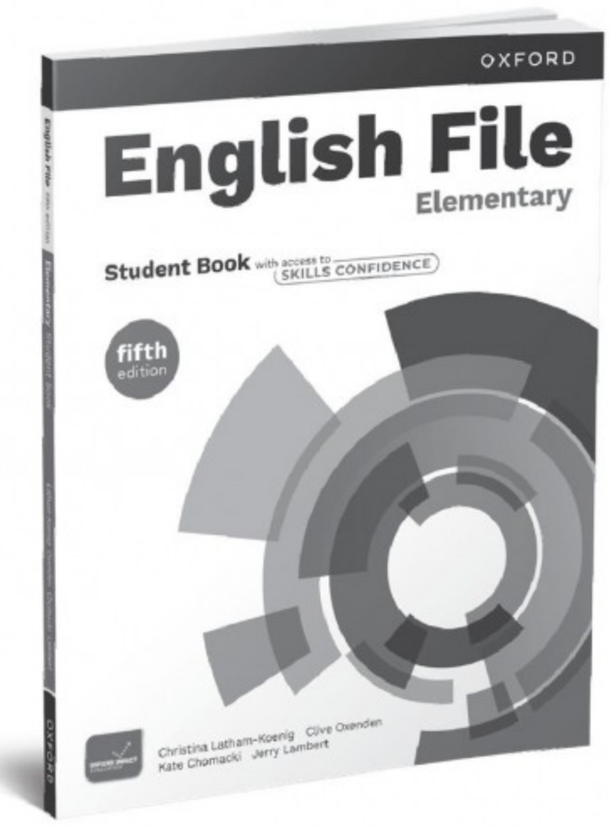
Practise **Grammar**, **Vocabulary**, and **Pronunciation** for every lesson.

Practise the ***Practical English*** for every episode.

Do the ***Can you remember...?*** exercises to check that you remember the Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation every two Files.

Student Book

Use your Student Book in class with your teacher.





Oxford English Hub

Go to Oxford English Hub (englishhub.oup.com) to:

- Listen to the audio for the Pronunciation exercises.
- Use the Sound Bank videos to practise English sounds.
- Watch the Practical English videos before you do the exercises.

www.frenglish.ru

1A Hello, everybody

- **G** verb *be* +, subject pronouns: *I*, *you*, etc.
- **V** days of the week, numbers 0–20
- **P** vowel sounds, word stress

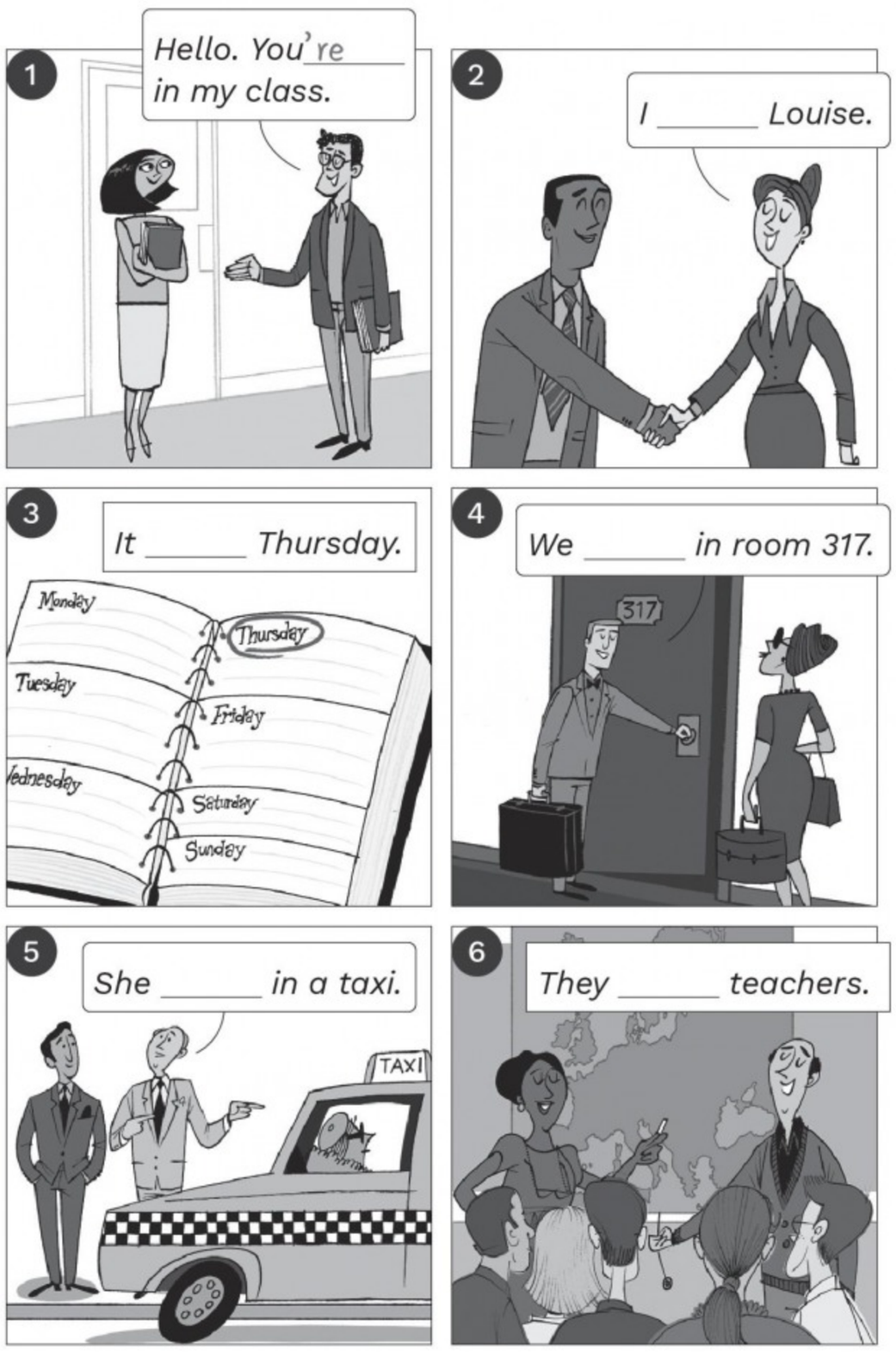
1 GRAMMAR verb *be* +, subject pronouns

a Complete column 1 with words from the list. Then write the contractions in column 2.

she are they is + are is

1 Full form	2 Contraction
[1] I am	[2] I'm
you [3]	[4]
he [5]	[6]
[7] is	[8]
it [9]	[10]
we [11]	[12]
[13] are	[14]

b Complete the sentences with *'m*, *'s*, or *'re*.



c Complete the conversations with a subject pronoun (*I*, *she*, etc.) and *'m*, *'s*, or *'re*.

1 **A** What's your phone number?
B It's _____ 07700 900128.

2 **A** How are you?
B _____ fine, thanks.

3 Alex and Beth are students. _____ at university in London.

4 **A** Is Anna in your salsa class?
B No, _____ in my English class!

5 Hi! I'm Monika. _____ my partner.

6 This is Mark. _____ your teacher.

7 **A** Are you and Oliver in Class 2?
B No, _____ in Class 3.

2 PRONUNCIATION vowel sounds, word stress

a Write the words in the chart.

~~meet~~ fine six man ten eight three
well nice in thanks day



fish	tree	cat	egg	train	bike
	meet				

b 1.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

c Underline the stressed syllable in these words.

1 sand|wich
2 te|nnis
3 eigh|teen
4 thir|teen
5 bas|ket|ball
6 good|bye
7 e|mail
8 in|ter|net
9 com|pu|ter
10 ho|tel

d 1.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

3 **VOCABULARY** days of the week, numbers 0–20

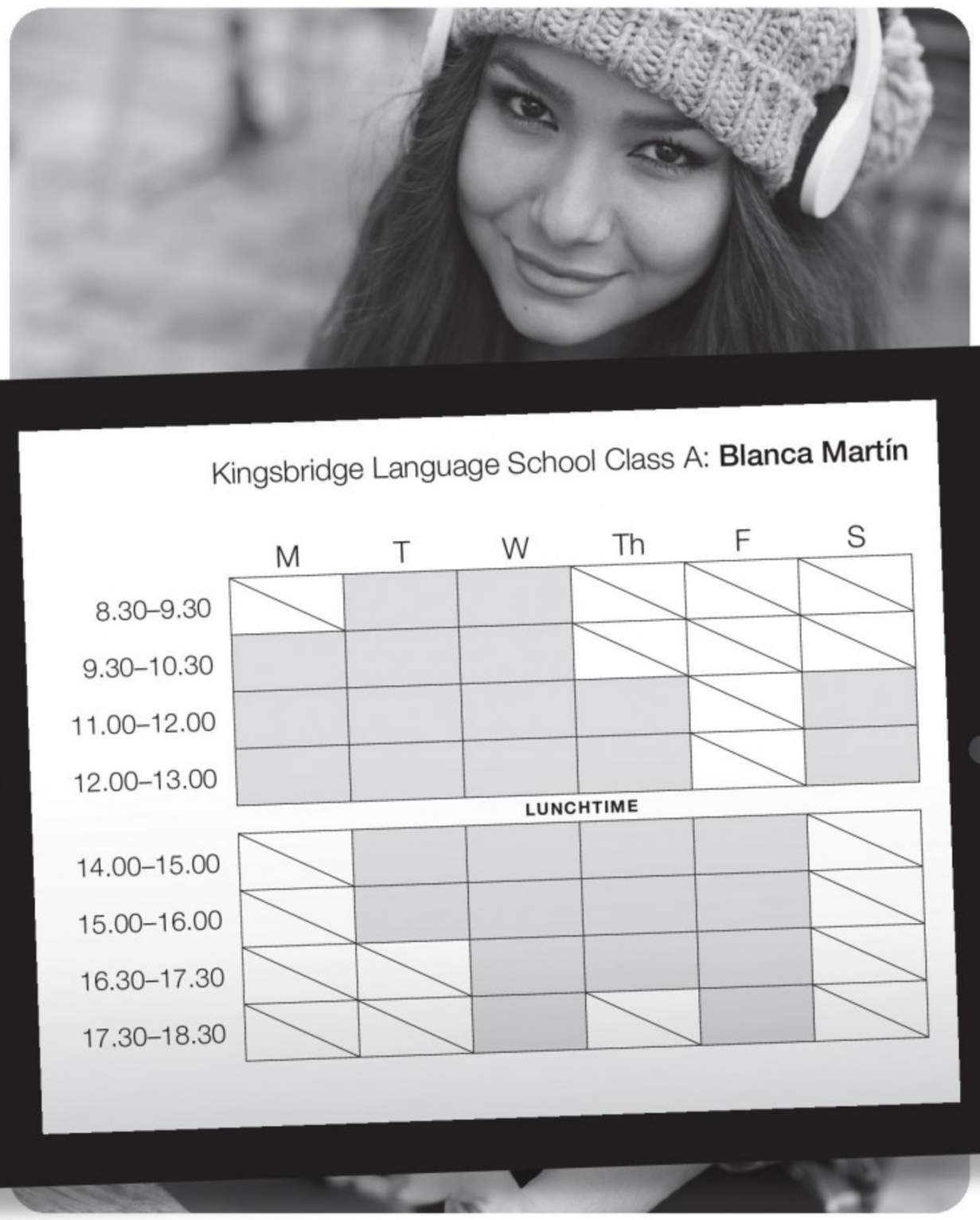
a Complete the missing letters in the days of the week.

1 S*a t* u*r d* a*y*
2 S___d___
3 Th___s___y
4 M___d___
5 F___d___
6 W___n___d___
7 T___s___y

b Continue the series.

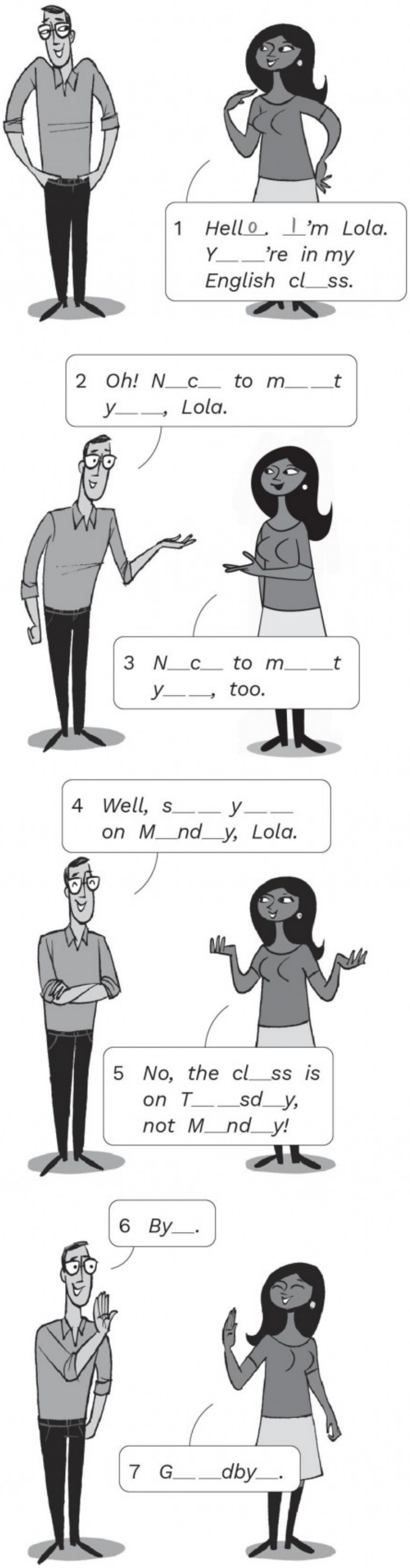
1 five, six, seven, *eight*, *nine*, *ten*
2 six, eight, ten, _____, _____, _____
3 sixteen, seventeen, _____, _____, _____
4 five, seven, nine, _____, _____, _____

c Complete the sentences with days of the week or numbers.



1 I have *three* classes on Monday.
2 I have six classes on _____.
3 I have _____ classes on Wednesday.
4 I have five classes on _____.
5 I have _____ classes on Friday.
6 I have two classes on _____.

d Complete the words with *a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, or *u*.



www.frenglish.ru

1B A world of sport

G verb *be* – and ?
V countries, numbers 21–100
P /ə/, consonant sounds /tʃ/, /ʃ/, /dʒ/, word stress

1 VOCABULARY countries, numbers 21–100

a Complete the chart with countries and nationalities.

Country	Nationality
Argentina	[1] *Argentinian*
[2]	Australian
Brazil	[3]
[4]	Chinese
England	[5]
[6]	French
Ireland	[7]
[8]	Mexican
Poland	[9]
[10]	Swiss
Türkiye	[11]
[12]	Vietnamese

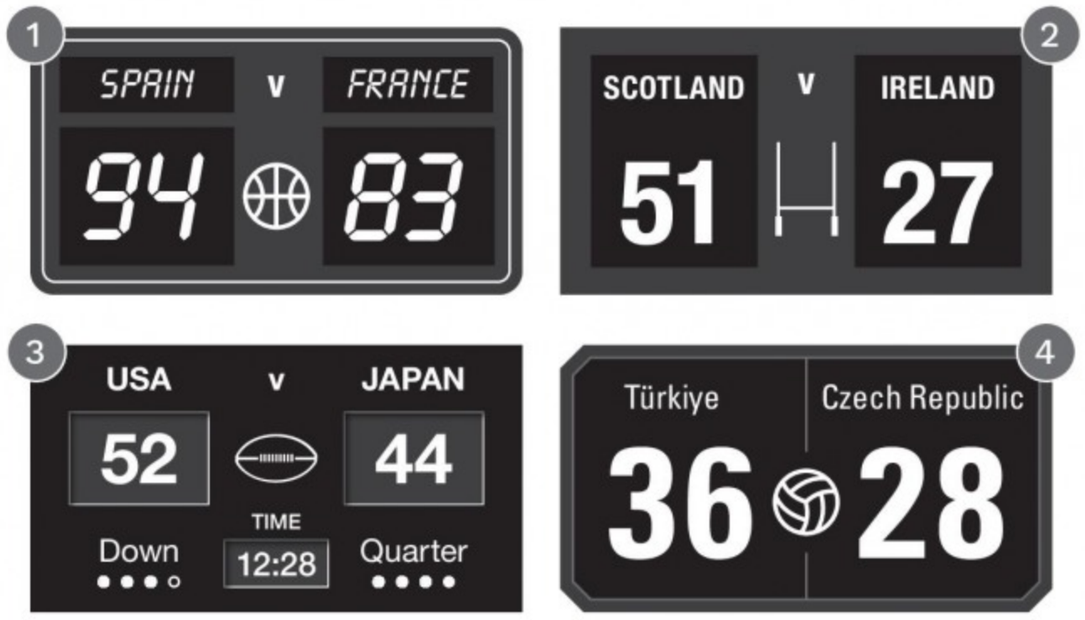
b Complete the sentences with a country or a nationality.

1 Omar and Laila are from Egypt. They're *Egyptian*.
2 Bratwurst is German. It's from *Germany*.
3 Aki is from Japan. He's _____.
4 My friends are Hungarian. They're from _____.
5 Chloe is from the USA. She's _____.
6 Fiat cars are Italian. They're from _____.
7 Gazpacho is from Spain. It's _____.
8 We're Scottish. We're from _____.
9 Ivana is from Russia. She's _____.
10 I'm Czech. I'm from the _____ _____.

c Complete the sentences with a continent.

1 India is in *Asia*.
2 Argentina is in S_____ A_____.
3 Poland is in E_____.
4 Nigeria is in A_____.
5 The USA is in N_____ A_____.
6 Sydney is in A_____.
7 The South Pole is in A_____.

d Write the numbers in words.



1 Spain *ninety-four*,
France _____
2 Scotland _____,
Ireland _____
3 the USA _____,
Japan _____
4 Türkiye _____,
the Czech Republic _____

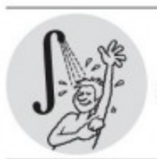
2 PRONUNCIATION /ə/, /tʃ/, /ʃ/, /dʒ/, word stress

a 1.4 Listen and circle the syllable with /ə/ in these words.

1 A|fri|ca
2 Chi|na
3 Ger|ma|ny
4 Ire|land
5 Eu|rope
6 Po|land
7 I|ta|ly
8 Ja|pan

b Listen again and repeat the words.

c 1.5 Listen and circle the word with a different sound.

 **sh**ower	1 Pol**ish** Egypt**ti**an Swi**ss**
 **ch**ess	2 **Cz**ech Engli**sh** Fren**ch**
 **sh**ower	3 Turki**sh** Ru**ss**ian **Ch**inese
 **j**azz	4 Spani**sh** **J**apanese Ar**g**entinian

d Listen again and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

3 GRAMMAR verb *be* – and ?

a **Re-order the words to make questions.**

1 your / 's / name / What
What's your name?

2 she / Where / 's / from
_____?

3 America / from / they / South / Are
_____?

4 Spain / you / Are / from
_____?

5 from / he / Egypt / Is
_____?

6 five / room / we / Are / in
_____?

b **Match these answers to the questions in a.**

a Yes, he is. ____
b She's from Italy. ____
c No, I'm not. ____
d Yes, they are. ____
e Michael. 1
f No, we aren't. ____

c **Complete B's sentences.**

1 **A** Prague is in Hungary.
B *It isn't in Hungary, it's in* _____ the Czech Republic.

2 **A** We're in room 219.
B *We aren't in room 219, we're in* _____ room 309.

3 **A** He's German.
B _____ Swiss.

4 **A** Istanbul and Ankara are in Egypt.
B _____ Türkiye.

5 **A** Sophie is British.
B _____ American.

6 **A** Parmesan is from France.
B _____ Italy.

7 **A** You're Scottish.
B _____ Irish.

8 **A** The tango is Brazilian.
B _____ Argentinian.



d **Complete the conversation. Write the questions.**

A [1] *What's your name?* _____
B My name's Dani.
A [2] _____?
B No, I'm not American.
A [3] Where _____?
B I'm from Guadalajara in Mexico.
A [4] _____?
B Yes, I am. I'm a student at a language school.
A [5] Where _____?
B My teacher is from the UK. Her name's Fiona.
A [6] _____?
B No, she isn't English. She's Scottish.

e **Answer the questions about you.**

1 What's your name?
My name's _____.

2 Where are you from?
I'm _____.

3 Are you a student?
_____.

4 Where's your teacher from?
_____.

5 Is he / she English?
_____.

www.frenglish.ru

1C Open your books

- G possessive adjectives: *my*, *your*, etc.
- V classroom language
- P /əʊ/, /uː/, /ɑː/, the alphabet



1 VOCABULARY classroom language

a Complete the words.



1 a ch*air*



2 a d_____



3 a b_____



4 a c_____



5 a d_____



6 a t_____

b Match 1–12 to a–l to make classroom phrases.

1	Answer	*h*	a your books, please.
2	Close	*f*	b to page 25.
3	Do	____	c the text.
4	Go	____	d exercise c.
5	Listen	____	e down.
6	Open	____	~~f the door.~~
7	Read	____	g your phone.
8	Sit	____	~~h the questions.~~
9	Stand	____	i at the board.
10	Turn off	____	j up.
11	Look	____	k in pairs.
12	Work	____	l and repeat.

c Complete the classroom language sentences.

1 I don't un*derstand*_____.
2 S_____, I'm late.
3 Can I h_____ a copy, pl_____?
4 How do you sp_____ it?
5 Wh_____ page is it?
6 H_____ do you say 'holnap' in English?
7 C_____ you help me, pl_____?
8 Sorry, can you r_____ that, pl_____?
9 I don't kn_____.

2 PRONUNCIATION /əʊ/, /uː/, /ɑː/, the alphabet

a 1.6 Listen and circle the word with a different vowel sound.

ph**o**ne	1 kn**ow** d**o**n't n**or**th
b**oo**t	2 t**wo** s**ou**th y**ou**
c**ar**	3 Asi**a** Fr**a**nce **a**nswer
ph**o**ne	4 g**o** cl**o**se d**o**

b Listen again and repeat the words.

c 1.7 Listen and circle the letters with a different vowel sound.

tr**ai**n	tr**ee**	b**oo**t	**e**gg	b**i**ke
1	2	3	4	5
H	C	Q	F	E
J	P	U	A	I
G	S	O	M	Y

d Listen again and repeat the words / letters.

www.frenglish.ru

3 **GRAMMAR** possessive adjectives

a Complete the chart.

Subject pronouns	Possessive adjectives
I	[1] *my*
[2]	your
he	[3]
[4]	her
[5]	its
we	[6]
you	[7]
[8]	their

b Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective.

1 *Her* _____ name's Daria.
2 _____ name's Edward. He's from Australia.
3 We're students. _____ teacher's from the USA.
4 I'm Japanese. _____ family is from Osaka.
5 It's an Italian restaurant. _____ name is *La Dolce Vita*.
6 **A** What's _____ phone number?
B My mobile number? It's 07700 900671.
7 They're Irish. _____ surname's O'Neill.

c Write sentences with possessive adjectives: *my*, *your*, etc.


1 I


2 you


3 Simon


4 We


5 Rosie


6 Mark and Maria


7 I


8 You and your family

1 *It's my phone.*
2 It's your _____.
3 It's _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.
6 _____.
7 _____.
8 _____.

d Circle the correct word.

A What's [1]*you* / *your* first name?
B Gisele.
A What's [2]*you* / *your* surname?
B Braga.
A Where are [3]*you* / *your* from?
B I'm from São Paulo.
A What's [4]*you* / *your* address?
B Avenida Paulista, 9800.
A What's [5]*you* / *your* postcode?
B 01311-300.
A What's [6]*you* / *your* email address?
B gisele246@mail.com.
A What's [7]*you* / *your* phone number?
B 35233788.
A How old are [8]*you* / *your*?
B I'm 28.

e Answer the questions in **d** for you. Write full sentences.

1 My first name is _____.
2 My surname _____.
3 I'm _____.
4 My address is _____.
5 _____.
6 _____.
7 _____.
8 _____.

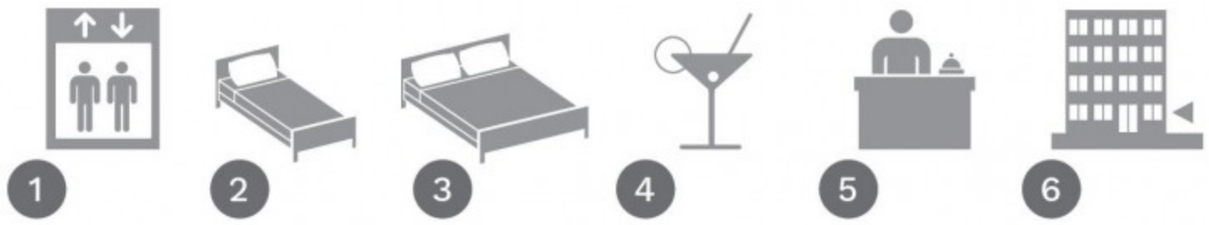
www.frenglish.ru

EPISODE 1 PICTURES OF YOU

Practical English
A new city

checking in | V in a hotel

1 VOCABULARY in a hotel



1 2 3 4 5 6

Complete the words.

1 the l*ift*
2 a s_____ room
3 a d_____ room
4 the b_____
5 R_____
6 the gr_____ fl_____

2 CHECKING IN



a Complete the sentences with words from the list.

are ~~have~~ key lift moment sign spell you

1 I *have* a reservation for three nights.
2 Can you _____ here, please?
3 The _____ is over there.
4 Thank _____.
5 Can you _____ your surname, please?
6 Here's your _____.
7 Just a _____.

b Complete the conversation with the phrases in **a**.

B Hi. [1]*I have a reservation for three nights*. My name is Carl Zimmerman.
A [2]_____?
B Yes, it's Z-I-M-M-E-R-M-A-N.
A Can I have your passport, please?
B [3]_____. Here you go.
A Thank you. [4]_____?
B Sure.
A Thank you. [5]_____. It's room 403, on the fourth floor. [6]_____. Would you like a map of Glasgow?
B Yes, please.
A Here you are. Enjoy your stay, Mr Zimmerman.
B [7]_____.

3 *WOULD YOU LIKE...?*

Look at the pictures. Complete the conversations.



1 **A** Would you like a *coffee*?
B Yes, *please*.



2 **A** Would you _____?
B No, _____.



3 **A** Would _____?
B _____.



4 **A** _____?
B _____.



5 **A** _____?
B _____.



6 **A** _____?
B _____.

4 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the missing words in the conversations.

1 **A** You're Spanish, r*ight*?
B Yes, I a*m*.

2 **A** Th_____ you.
B You're w_____.

3 **A** C_____ I take a photo?
B S_____.

4 **A** Are you on h_____?
B No, I'm a st_____.

5 **A** What do you th_____ of Glasgow?
B It's nice. I l_____ it.

www.frenglish.ru

1 Can you remember...?

1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with one word.

1 Are _____ you from France?
2 Milan _____ in the south of Italy. It's in the north.
3 Please turn off _____ phone.
4 They _____ from New Zealand. They're Australian.
5 I'm 19. How old are _____?
6 _____ your teacher English or American?

2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

1 Monday Wednesday France Saturday
2 four nineteen eleven today
3 thirteen forty seventy ninety
4 Polish Mexico Italy Russia
5 China Europe Spain Türkiye
6 Japanese Irish Swiss Germany
7 listen understand answer door
8 desk repeat table chair

3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

 tr**ee**	1 h**e** h**i** pl**ea**se m**ee**t
 tr**ai**n	2 b**ye** **ei**ght s**ay** th**ey**
 b**i**ke	3 **I** f**i**ve h**i**s m**y**
 ph**o**ne	4 d**o** kn**ow** m**o**bile P**o**land
 c**o**mput**er**	5 As**ia** Irel**a**nd Sat**ur**day t**a**ble
 **j**azz	6 **G**erman **g**o **J**apan pa**g**e

4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read about the people. Circle a, b, or c.

CLASS PROFILE:

CLASS A



This is Suki Ito. [1]_____ a student from Yokohama in Japan. Yokohama [2]_____ a city south of Tokyo. Suki is 25. [3]_____ email address is s.ito@mail.com.



Enzo and Vitor [4]_____ students, too. They're [5]_____, from Salvador in the east of the country. [6]_____ surname is Oliveira.



[7]_____ name is Susan McGuirre. I'm an English teacher, but I [8]_____ English. I'm from Edinburgh in [9]_____. Suki, Enzo and Vitor are my students, and [10]_____ very good!

1	**a** It's	**b** He's	**c** She's
2	**a** am	**b** is	**c** are
3	**a** Her	**b** His	**c** Its
4	**a** am	**b** is	**c** are
5	**a** Spain	**b** Brazilian	**c** Brazil
6	**a** Their	**b** Your	**c** His
7	**a** I	**b** Her	**c** My
8	**a** 'm not	**b** not be	**c** am no
9	**a** Scotland	**b** Irish	**c** Scottish
10	**a** he's	**b** they're	**c** she's

www.frenglish.ru

2A Your desk and you

G singular and plural nouns
V things, *in*, *on*, *under*
P final *-s* and *-es*

1 VOCABULARY things, *in*, *on*, *under*

a Look at the pictures and complete the words.



1 a f*ile*_____



2 a t_____



3 ea_____



4 a m_____



5 a c_____



6 sc_____



7 a t_____



8 a c_____

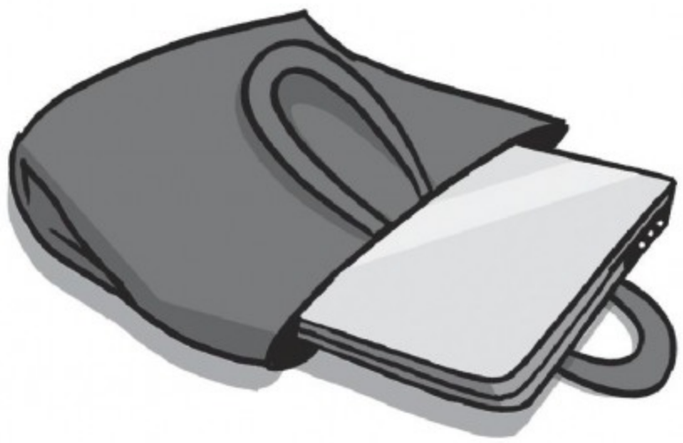


9 a m_____

b Complete the sentences with *in*, *on*, or *under*.



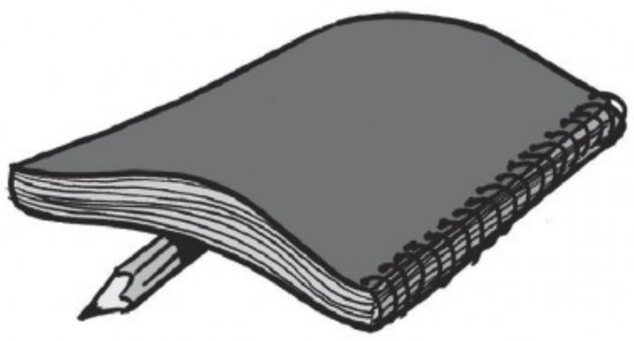
1 Your glasses are *on* _____ the newspaper.



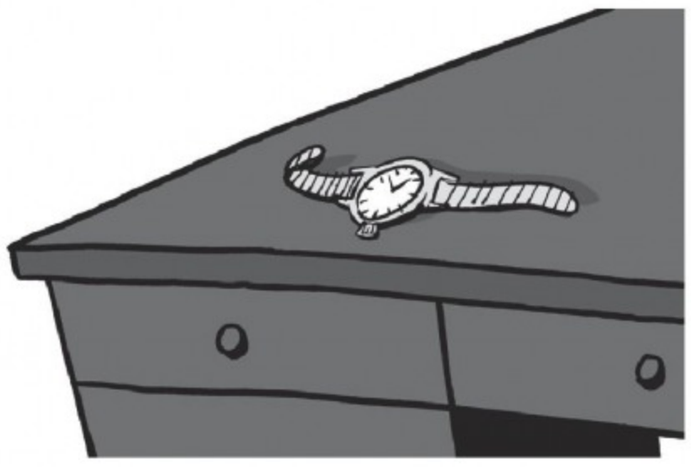
2 My laptop is _____ my bag.



3 Her headphones are _____ the table.



4 Your pencil is _____ your notebook.



5 His watch is _____ the desk.



6 My identity card is _____ my wallet.

www.frenglish.ru

2 GRAMMAR singular and plural nouns

a Write *It's + a / an*.

1 It's a _____ charger.
2 It's an _____ umbrella.
3 _____ piece of paper.
4 _____ identity card.
5 _____ tablet.
6 _____ email.
7 _____ lamp.
8 _____ debit card.

b Write each word in its plural form in the correct column.

~~address~~ ~~book~~ ~~city~~ class country diary dictionary key pencil photo sandwich ticket watch window

-s	*-es*	*-ies*
books	addresses	cities

c Complete the chart.

Singular	Plural
man	1
2	women
person	3
4	children

d Complete the sentences with a word from the chart in **c**.

1 Amara is a very nice person.
2 My English teacher is a _____. His name's William.
3 I have two _____. They're three and six years old.
4 The lift is for six _____, not seven.
5 There are eight men and six _____ in my salsa class.

e Look at the picture.



A What are the things?

1 It's a phone.
2 They're _____.
3 _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.
6 _____.

B Where are the things?

1 The phone is on the book.
2 The dictionaries are _____.
3 The charger _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.
6 _____.

f Write about your bag, desk, or study. Choose five things from the list. Where are they?

bank card ~~book~~ headphones keys laptop pen phone purse sunglasses wallet

1 My book is in my bag.
2 _____.
3 _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.
6 _____.

3 PRONUNCIATION final *-s* and *-es*

a Circle one word in each group which ends in /ɪz/.

1	coins	wallets	purses
2	classes	files	scissors
3	photos	watches	headphones
4	tissues	pens	sandwiches
5	magazines	glasses	newspapers

b 2.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

2B Made in the USA

- G adjectives
- V colours, adjectives, modifiers: *very / really, quite*
- P long and short vowel sounds

1 VOCABULARY colours, adjectives, modifiers

a Complete the colours.

1 o<u>r a</u>n<u>g e</u>
2 p__n__
3 b__o__n
4 p__r__l__
5 s__l__e__
6 g__e__
7 b__u__
8 g__l__
9 w__i__e
10 y__l__o__

b Write the opposite adjectives.

1 ugly *beautiful*
2 safe *dangerous*
3 dark _____
4 low _____
5 tall _____
6 full _____
7 small _____
8 rich _____
9 new _____
10 wrong _____
11 bad _____
12 slow _____
13 weak _____
14 the same _____
15 easy _____

c Complete the sentences with the opposite adjectives and the word in brackets.

1 The sandwiches aren't very expensive. (quite)
They're *quite cheap*.
2 This pizza isn't very hot. (really)
It's _____.
3 The windows are quite dirty. (very)
They aren't _____.
4 Your children aren't very old. (quite)
They're _____.
5 That film isn't very good. (really)
It's _____.
6 This book is quite short. (very)
It isn't _____.

2 GRAMMAR adjectives

a Are the phrases in **bold** right (✓) or wrong (✗)? Correct the wrong phrases.

1 It's **a day long**. ✗ *a long day*
2 They're **dirty windows**. ✓ _____
3 They're **good photos**. _____
4 It's **a house big**. _____
5 They're **magazines old**. _____
6 It's a **new phone**. _____
7 It's **an empty room**. _____
8 They're **watches expensive**. _____
9 They're **white headphones**. _____
10 They're **youngs women**. _____

b Put the words in the correct order.

1 really / We / are / hungry
We are really hungry.
2 expensive / an / That's / phone
_____.
3 quite / My / long / hair / is
_____.
4 new / they / Are / students
_____?
5 boots / really / Your / dirty / are
_____.
6 city / It / a / new / is
_____.
7 very / book / good / That / isn't / a
_____.
8 near / house / quite / is / His
_____.



www.frenglish.ru

c Complete the sentences. Use two words from the list. Add *a* / *an* where necessary.













Nouns

animals building cars city ~~country~~ people

Adjectives

beautiful dangerous fast ~~hot~~ rich tall

1 Egypt is *a hot country*.
2 Venice is _____.
3 Lamborghinis are _____.
4 Crocodiles are _____.
5 Beverly Hills is a place for _____.
6 Merdeka 118, in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, is _____.

d Write sentences with *quite* or *very*.







	Antonio	Rita	Oscar
Age	25	75	95
Height	2 metres	1 metre 50	1 metre 80

Age (old / young)

1 Antonio is *quite young*.
2 Rita is quite _____.
3 Oscar is _____.

Height (tall / short)

4 Antonio _____.
5 Rita _____.
6 Oscar _____.

e Write sentences about your things. Use *very* / *really* or *quite*. Use the words from the list to help you.

Nouns

bike car cat computer country dog house phone town watch

Adjectives

big/small beautiful/ugly cheap/expensive clean/dirty fast/slow old/new young/old

1 *My watch is quite expensive.*
2 _____.
3 _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.
6 _____.

3 PRONUNCIATION long and short vowel sounds

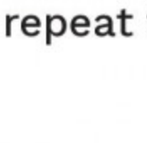
a Make phrases with an adjective and a noun with the same vowel sound. Use *a* / *an* with singular nouns.

Adjectives

~~big~~ black fast good green hot new short

Nouns

book cat charger ~~city~~ dogs jeans shoes story

 fish	1 *a big city*
 tree	2 _____
cat	3 _____
car	4 _____
clock	5 _____
horse	6 _____
bull	7 _____
boot	8 _____

b 2.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

2C Don't worry. Be happy!

G imperatives, *let's*
V feelings
P linking

1 VOCABULARY feelings

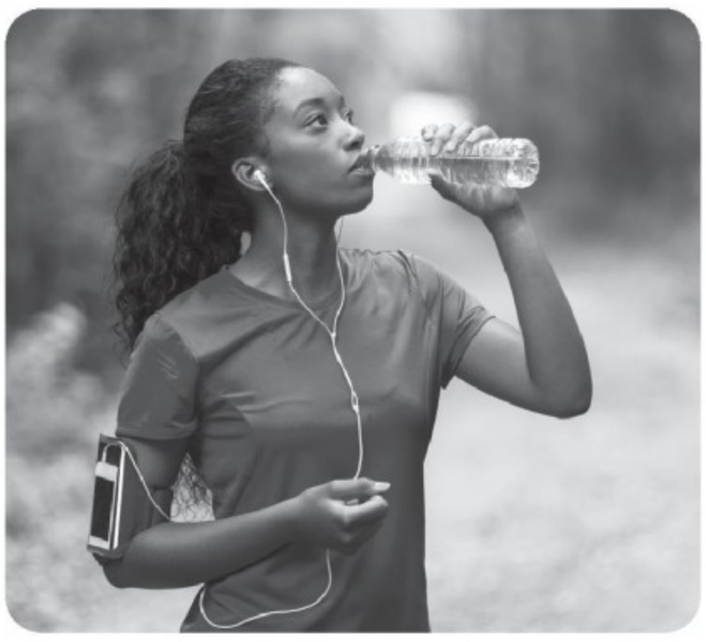
a Complete the adjectives with the missing vowels.

1 a_ngry
2 th__rsty
3 h__ppy
4 c__ld
5 s__d
6 str__ss__d
7 b__r__d
8 h__t
9 h__ngry
10 t__r__d
11 w__rr__ __d
12 fr__ght__n__d

b Complete the sentences with adjectives 1–6 in **a**.



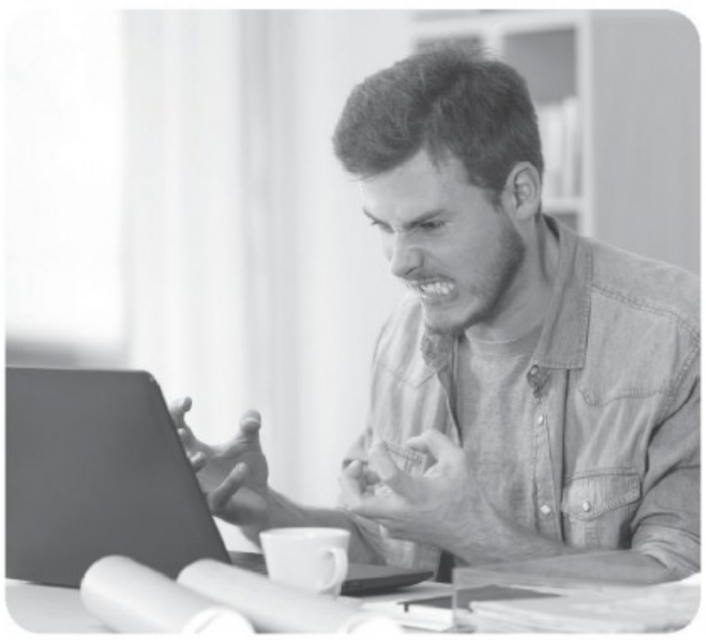
1 He's *stressed*.



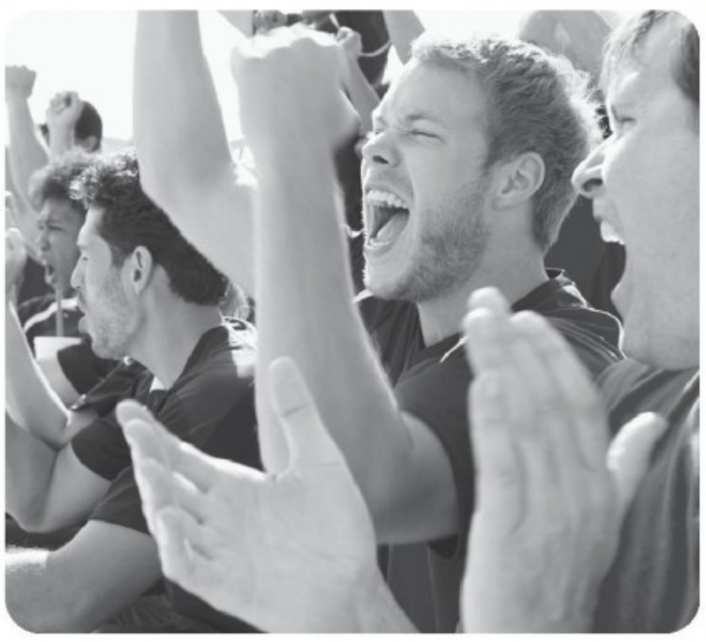
2 She's _____.



3 They're _____.



4 He's _____.



5 They're _____.



6 She's _____.

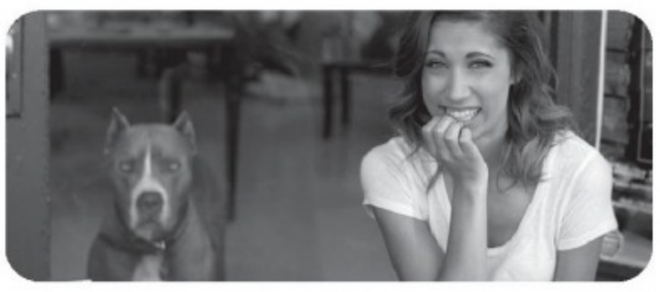
c Complete the sentences with the correct form of *be* and adjectives 7–12 in **a**.



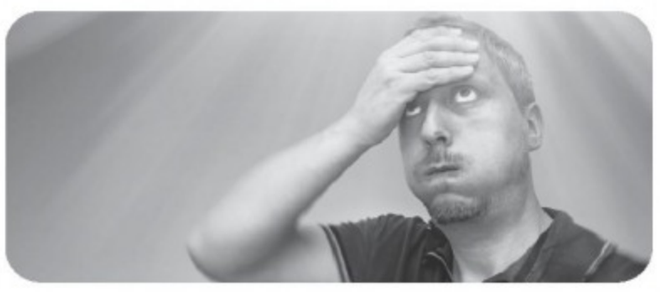
1 My mother is in hospital.
We*'re worried*.



2 Let's go home. It's very late and I _____.



3 That's a very big dog.
I _____.



4 It's 40°C.
He _____.



5 The class is very long.
They _____.



6 It's time for lunch.
She _____.

www.frenglish.ru

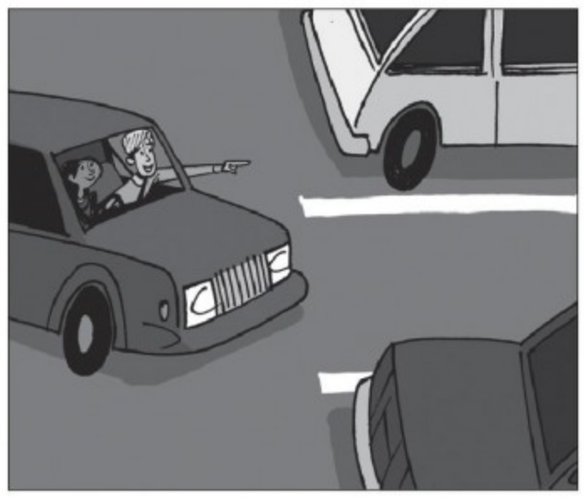
2 **GRAMMAR** imperatives, *let's*

a Match the sentences to the pictures.

~~Let's go home.~~ Let's go there. Let's not eat here.
Let's open the window. Let's sit here. Let's stop here.



1 Let's go home.



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____



5 _____



6 _____

b Complete the phrases with positive [+] or negative [–] imperatives.

answer ~~close~~ cross do ~~look~~ read stop turn

1 Look _____ at the board. [+]
2 Don't close _____ the door. [–]
3 _____ the questions. [+]
4 _____ talking! [+]
5 _____ exercise b. [–]
6 _____ off your phone. [+]
7 _____ the text. [–]
8 _____ the road there. [–]

c Complete the conversations with a suggestion or an imperative. Use the phrases below.

close the door go on holiday go home
go to a restaurant have a drink
~~open a window~~ ~~watch TV~~

1 **A** I'm bored. (suggestion)
B Let's watch TV.

2 **A** I'm hot. (imperative)
B Open a window.

3 **A** I'm hungry! (suggestion)
B _____.

4 **A** I'm cold. (imperative)
B _____.

5 **A** I'm stressed. (suggestion)
B _____.

6 **A** I'm thirsty. (imperative)
B _____.

7 **A** I'm tired. (suggestion)
B _____.

3 **PRONUNCIATION** linking

a 2.3 Listen and complete the sentences.

1 Look _____ at _____ the board.
2 _____ _____ the TV.
3 _____ _____ the teacher.
4 _____ _____ the window.
5 _____ _____ at home.
6 _____ _____ _____ the table.

b Listen again and repeat the sentences.

www.frenglish.ru

3A Great Britain?

G present simple + and –
V verb phrases: *cook dinner*, etc.
P third person *-s*

1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

a Circle the correct verb.

1 *go* / *play* tennis
2 *take* / *wear* an umbrella
3 *do* / *make* exercise
4 *say* / *speak* sorry
5 *like* / *live* animals
6 *read* / *watch* a book
7 *do* / *want* a coffee
8 *work* / *study* history

b Match the verbs and nouns to make verb phrases.

1	need	f	a	housework
2	drink	____	b	TV
3	wear	____	c	a car
4	go	____	d	mineral water
5	live	____	e	to the cinema
6	do	____	~~f~~	~~a new passport~~
7	watch	____	g	in a flat
8	drive	____	h	glasses

c Complete the verb phrases.



1 c*ook*_____ d*inner*_____



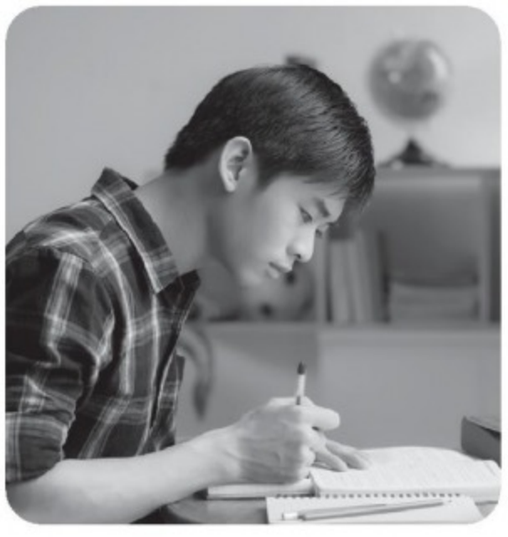
2 pl_____ the g_____



3 w_____ in an o_____



4 l_____ to m_____



5 d_____ h_____



6 h_____ a_____ g_____



7 e_____ v_____



8 sp_____ Ge_____

2 GRAMMAR present simple + and –

a Circle the correct answer, a or b.

1 A lot of British people ... animals.
a like **b** likes

2 It ... a lot in my country.
a don't rain **b** doesn't rain

3 Lewis ... a fast car.
a drive **b** drives

4 People ... identity cards in Britain.
a don't have **b** doesn't have

5 You ... a lot of books.
a read **b** reads

6 My boyfriend ... English.
a don't speak **b** doesn't speak

7 We ... a new computer.
a need **b** needs

8 I ... glasses.
a don't wear **b** doesn't wear

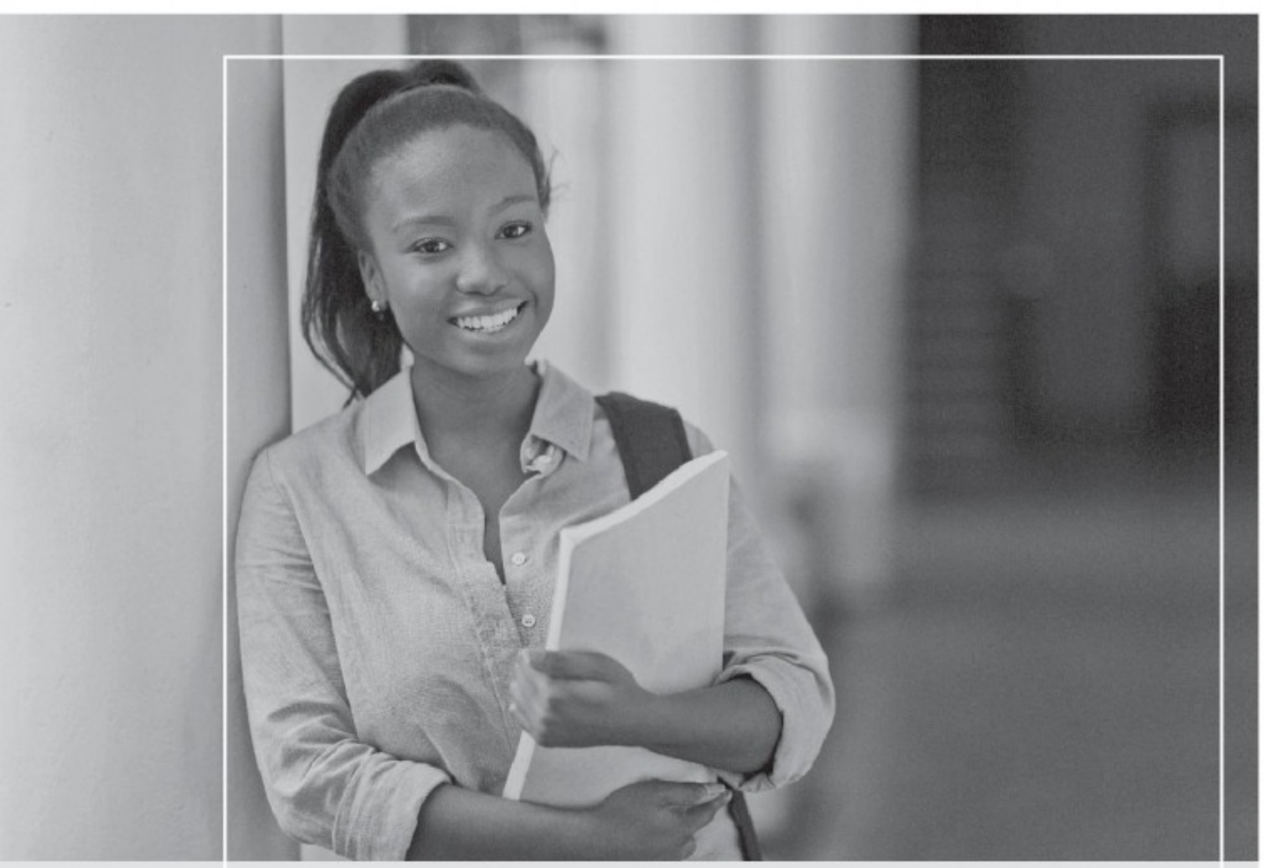
www.frenglish.ru

b Complete the sentences.

1 I *don't play* _____ (not play) tennis.
2 They _____ (not go) to the cinema.
3 Paul _____ (have) four young children.
4 Her father _____ (not work) in an office.
5 It _____ (rain) a lot.
6 We _____ (live) in a big flat.
7 My parents _____ (not watch) TV.
8 My brother _____ (study) at Oxford University.
9 You _____ (not do) your homework.
10 The restaurant _____ (open) at 11.30.

c Complete the text with a + or – verb.

cook finish go like ~~live~~ study want work



Hi! I'm Catrin and I'm a student. I [1] *live* _____ + in a flat with two other young women: Amira and Holly. Amira and I [2] _____ + history, but Holly [3] _____ + in an office. She isn't very happy because she [4] _____ – her job. She [5] _____ + a new job! Amira and I [6] _____ + to university at 8.30 in the morning, but we [7] _____ – very late. In the evening, we [8] _____ + dinner for Holly, and she's very happy.

d Complete the **You** column in the chart. Then write + or – sentences.



	Ryan	Sarah	You
eat vegetables	[1] ✓	[6] ✗	[11]
wear glasses	[2] ✗	[7] ✓	[12]
drink mineral water	[3] ✓	[8] ✗	[13]
do housework	[4] ✓	[9] ✗	[14]
play the guitar	[5] ✗	[10] ✓	[15]

Ryan

1 *Ryan eats vegetables.*
2 He doesn't wear _____.
3 He _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.

Sarah

6 Sarah _____.
7 She _____.
8 _____.
9 _____.
10 _____.

You

11 I _____.
12 _____.
13 _____.
14 _____.
15 _____.

3 PRONUNCIATION third person -s

a Circle the word which ends in /ɪz/.

1	likes	works	dances
2	lives	drinks	watches
3	drives	finishes	plays
4	uses	takes	speaks
5	does	listens	closes
6	changes	gives	wears

b 3.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

3B Goodbye to the office?

G present simple ?
V jobs
P /ɜː/ and /ə/

1 GRAMMAR present simple ?

a Are the questions right (✓) or wrong (✗)? Correct the wrong ones.

1 **Do you work** at weekends? ✓

2 **Do Hamza travel** to different countries? ✗
Does Hamza travel

3 **Do they wear** a uniform?

4 **Do Grace do** a lot of overtime?

5 **Do you have** special qualifications?

6 **Do your room have** a desk?

7 **Do your office have** big windows?

8 **Do you want** a coffee?

9 **Do your girlfriend drive**?

10 **Do your teacher speak** Turkish?

b Complete the questions with *does*, *do*, *is*, or *are*. Then match the questions to the answers.

1 What does she do? c
2 What ____ they do? ____
3 ____ he a builder? ____
4 What ____ you do? ____
5 ____ they accountants? ____
6 Where ____ she work? ____
7 ____ she a student? ____
8 What ____ he do? ____

a He's an actor.
b In a restaurant – she's a waiter.
~~c She's a doctor.~~
d No, they're lawyers.
e I'm a hairdresser.
f No, he's an engineer.
g They're pilots.
h No, she's a teacher.

c Make questions using the words in brackets and verbs from the list.

do earn ~~like~~ live play speak wear ~~work~~

1 Do you like your job? (you)
2 Does he work long hours? (he)
3 ____ tennis after work? (he)
4 ____ in a flat? (your parents)
5 ____ housework at weekends? (you)
6 ____ a uniform? (Miriam)
7 ____ good English in your country? (people)
8 ____ a lot of money? (they)

2 VOCABULARY jobs

a Match 1–6 to a–f to make jobs.

1	bank	d	a assistant
2	factory	____	b attendant
3	flight	____	c driver
4	police	____	~~d manager~~
5	shop	____	e officer
6	taxi	____	f worker



www.frenglish.ru

b Complete the jobs with the missing vowels *a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, or *u*.

1 a ct o r
2 m u s i c i a n
3 __dm__n__str__t__r
4 cl__ __n__r
5 __ng__n__ __r
6 b__ __ld__r
7 s__ld__ __r
8 g__ __d__
9 l__wy__r
10 d__nt__st
11 __rch__t__ct
12 d__ct__r

c Complete the job descriptions with a verb from the list. You can use some verbs more than once.

drive earn have speak travel wear work

1 'I [1] work inside and outside during the day or at night.
Sometimes I [2] _____ a car and sometimes I walk.
I don't [3] _____ a lot of money.
I [4] _____ a uniform.'

2 'I work in an office with a computer, or outside with other people.
I [5] _____ French and Arabic and I sometimes [6] _____ to different countries.
I don't wear a uniform.
I [7] _____ for a newspaper.'

3 'I wear a uniform and I work with other people.
I [8] _____ special qualifications, but I don't [9] _____ a lot of money.
I work during the day or at night, but I don't work outside.
I [10] _____ in a hospital.'

d Match the descriptions in **c** to a job.


a journalist


a nurse


a police officer

e Complete the sentences with words from the list.

a an ~~at~~ for in retired unemployed

1 He studies history at _____ university.
2 My brother is _____ engineer.
3 We work _____ a Japanese company.
4 I don't have a job. I'm _____.
5 Paola is _____ receptionist.
6 My grandparents are 75. They're _____.
7 They work _____ a factory.

f Choose a job from **a**, **b**, or **d**, or use your own job. Answer the questions with short answers.

1 Do you work outside? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
2 Do you work at the weekend? _____
3 Do you work long hours? _____
4 Do you have good holidays? _____
5 Do you speak foreign languages? _____
6 Do you travel to different countries? _____
7 Do you wear special clothes? _____
8 Do you like your job? _____

g Write a short paragraph about the job in **f**. Use your answers to help you.

I'm an engineer. I work outside and in an office.
I don't work at the weekend...

3 PRONUNCIATION /ɜː/ and /ə/

a Complete the chart with words from the list.

act**or** clean**er** d**ir**ty doct**or** football**er** G**er**many manag**er** n**ur**se Th**ur**sday und**er**stand univ**er**sity w**or**k

 b**ir**d	
 c**o**mput**er**	

b 3.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

3C Are you a 'dog person'?

G word order in questions
V question words
P question words, sentence stress

1 GRAMMAR word order in questions

a **Write the question with the word in brackets in the correct place. Remember to start with a CAPITAL LETTER.**

1 how old you? (are)
How old are you?

2 you like animals? (do)
_____

3 your dog hungry? (is)
_____

4 how many languages you speak? (do)
_____

5 you a vet? (are)
_____

6 where your teacher from? (is)
_____

7 your house have a big garden? (does)
_____

b **Kim and Lily are new friends. They go for a coffee. Complete the questions.**

K So, Lily, [1] *where* _____ *do* _____ *you* _____ *live* _____?
L In North London. In a big flat.
K [2] _____ _____ _____ with your parents?
L No, I live with my sister. [3] _____ _____ _____ any brothers and sisters?
K I have a sister. She's 20.
L [4] _____ _____ a student?
K No, she works. She's a shop assistant.
L What about you? [5] _____ _____ _____ work?
K In a hotel.
L [6] _____ _____ _____ your job?
K Yes, I do. I love it!



c **Make questions with the words in brackets.**

1 *Is Luciana* _____ a flight attendant?
(Luciana / be)

2 *Do you want* _____ a coffee?
(you / want)

3 What _____?
(your phone number / be)

4 How _____ to work?
(Toni / go)

5 What sports _____?
(you / like)

6 _____ tired?
(you / be)

7 Where _____?
(my keys / be)

8 _____ dogs?
(your boyfriend / like)

2 VOCABULARY question words

a **Match questions 1–8 to answers a–h.**

1 Where do you work? *c*
2 What car do you drive? ____
3 When do you go to the cinema? ____
4 What kind of films do you like? ____
5 How many children do you have? ____
6 Who's your favourite actor? ____
7 Why do you like him? ____
8 Which do you prefer, tea or coffee? ____

a At weekends.
b Because he's great!
~~c In a factory.~~
d Pedro Pascal.
e A Mini.
f Action films.
g Tea.
h Two.

www.frenglish.ru

b Circle the correct question words.

1 **A** *How many* / *When* / *Who* do you play the guitar?
B In the evening.

2 **A** *What kind of* / *Which* / *Why* music do you like?
B Rock.

3 **A** *What* / *Where* / *Who* do you do?
B I'm an engineer.

4 **A** *How many* / *When* / *Which* languages do you speak?
B Three.

5 **A** *What kind of* / *Where* / *Why* is it cold in here?
B Because the window is open.

6 **A** *What* / *When* / *Who* is your favourite singer?
B Adele.

7 **A** *How many* / *What kind of* / *Which* do you prefer, the cinema or the theatre?
B The cinema.

8 **A** *What* / *Where* / *Why* do you study English?
B At a language school.

c Complete the questions.

1 What's your name?
My name's Aurelian.
2 _____ do you live?
I live in Lucerne in Switzerland.
3 _____ do you have English classes?
On Tuesdays and Thursdays.
4 _____ students are in your class?
Twelve.
5 _____ food do you like?
I like Italian.
6 _____ do you prefer, basketball or football?
I prefer basketball.
7 _____'s your favourite singer?
Dua Lipa.
8 _____ do you like her?
I like her because she's a really good singer.

d Answer the questions in **c** for you.

1 My name's _____.
2 I _____.
3 _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.
6 _____.
7 _____.
8 _____.

3 PRONUNCIATION question words, sentence stress

a Match question words 1–7 to the words with the same sounds a–g.

1	why	d	a you
2	which	___	b hot
3	who	___	c there
4	what	___	~~d my~~
5	how	___	e ten
6	when	___	f rich
7	where	___	g now

b 3.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

c Underline the stressed words.

1 What do you do?
2 Where do you live?
3 What car do you drive?
4 What kind of films do you like?
5 Who's your favourite singer?

d 3.4 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.



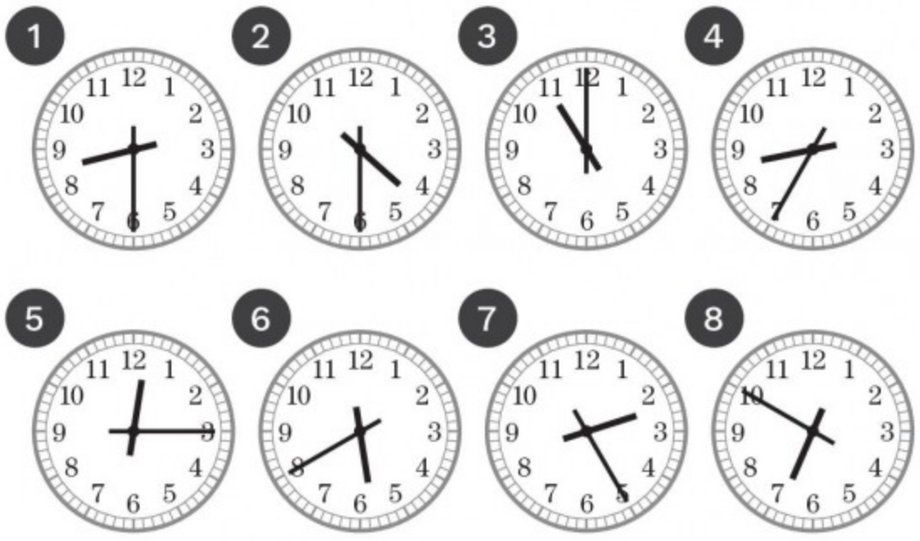
www.frenglish.ru

EPISODE 2 PICTURES OF YOU

Practical English
First weeks in London

buying a coffee | Ⓥ telling the time

1 VOCABULARY telling the time



Complete the times.

1 It's half past eight.
2 It's _____.
3 It's _____.
4 It's _____.
5 It's _____.
6 It's _____.
7 It's _____.
8 It's _____.

2 BUYING A COFFEE

a Order the conversation.

1 **A** Can I help you?
_____ **B** Yes, a croissant, please.
_____ **A** OK. Anything else?
_____ **B** No, thank you.
_____ **A** Regular or large?
2 **B** Yes. Can I have a latte, please? With soya milk.
_____ **A** That's £7.65, please. Do you need a receipt?
_____ **B** To take away. How much is that?
_____ **A** To have here or take away?
_____ **B** Large, please.

b Complete the conversation with phrases from the list.

a receipt Can I have here ~~help you~~ is that
or double take away

A Can I [1] help you?
B Yes. [2] _____ have an espresso, please?
A Single [3] _____?
B Single, please.
A To have here or [4] _____?
B To [5] _____.
A OK. Anything else?
B No, thanks. How much [6] _____?
A That's £2.80, please. Do you need [7] _____?
B Yes, please.

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

a Re-order the words to make sentences and questions.

1 near / I / very / here / live
I live very near here.
2 job / the / How's
_____?
3 two / Are / friends / you
_____?
4 you / would / What / like
_____?
5 out / want / Do / go / sometime / you / to
_____?

b Complete the conversations with the sentences and questions in **a**.

1 **A** I live very near here.
B Really?

2 **A** _____?
B Good. It's long hours, but I like it.

3 **A** _____? Your usual?
B Yes, please.

4 **A** _____?
B Me? Yes.

5 **A** _____?
B Yes. I come here a lot.

www.frenglish.ru

1–3 Can you remember...?

1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1 I'm not _____ very happy today. (not be)
2 Nurses _____ very long hours. (work)
3 _____ the TV. I want to watch this programme. (not turn off)
4 It's a small town. It _____ an airport. (not have)
5 _____ you hungry? It's lunch time. (be)
6 _____ your teacher _____ glasses? (wear)

2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

1 tablet charger phone question
2 window coin purse wallet
3 strong bag expensive young
4 wrong wear tall clean
5 cheap worried bored angry
6 cook drink eat late
7 tissue doctor lawyer vet
8 who watch where which

3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

 **bi**rd	1 n**ur**se sh**or**t th**ir**sty w**or**k
 b**u**ll	2 bl**ue** c**oo**k f**oo**tballer f**u**ll
 f**i**sh	3 b**ui**lder h**i**gh l**i**ve r**i**ch
 c**a**t	4 **a**ctor b**a**g bl**a**ck ch**ar**ger
 **z**ebra	5 do**es** drive**s** travel**s** watch**es**
 **sh**ower	6 hairdre**ss**er musi**ci**an Ru**ss**ian **sh**op

4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

My day

This is Evie Granger. She [1]_____ 32, and she lives in Cornwall in the UK. Evie [2]_____ with dogs, but she isn't a [3]_____. She's a dog walker. Evie works from Monday to Friday. She [4]_____ at weekends. Every day, she walks two different groups of dogs. In the morning, she has a group of two or three [5]_____. She takes them for [6]_____ on the beach. The dogs are very [7]_____ after their walk, but they're happy. In the afternoon, Evie goes to the park with four or five small dogs. The dogs love the park and they [8]_____ to go home. Does Evie like [9]_____ job? Yes, she [10]_____. She loves animals, and she likes her job very much.



1	**a** has	**b** is	**c** have
2	**a** job	**b** work	**c** works
3	**a** doctor	**b** vet	**c** a vet
4	**a** doesn't work	**b** not work	**c** don't work
5	**a** big dogs	**b** dogs big	**c** bigs dogs
6	**a** a long walk	**b** long walk	**c** a walk long
7	**a** bored	**b** tired	**c** stressed
8	**a** doesn't want	**b** not want	**c** don't want
9	**a** her	**b** his	**c** your
10	**a** do	**b** does	**c** is

www.frenglish.ru

4A Who's that in the photo?

G possessive *'s*, *Whose...?*
V family
P /ʌ/, the letter *o*

1 GRAMMAR possessive *'s*, *Whose...?*

a **Add an apostrophe (') in the correct place in these sentences.**

1 Martha is my brother's girlfriend.
2 Do you know Olgas sister?
3 Marcs wife is Hungarian.
4 I work in my fathers shop.
5 The Toyota is my parents car.
6 The childrens room is very untidy.
7 Chriss friends are in Ireland.
8 Where is the mens hairdresser?

b **Look at the *'s* in the sentences. Write A (possessive) or B (*is*) in the box.**

1 Kate's sister is a lawyer. A
2 His mother's very short. B
3 My cousin's flat is very big. ____
4 Our grandfather's 70 today. ____
5 Their aunt's a pilot. ____
6 Jim's children wear glasses. ____
7 My brother's wife plays the piano. ____
8 Her name's Freya. ____

c **Complete the sentences with *whose* or *who's*.**

1 Whose is that bag?
2 Who's the woman in the red dress?
3 _____ dictionary is this?
4 _____ her husband?
5 _____ the man with the notebook?
6 _____ pens are they?
7 _____ your English teacher this year?
8 _____ books are they?

d **Write questions about the photos.**

1 Whose phone is *it*?
2 Whose sunglasses are _____?
3 Whose charger _____?
4 Whose _____?
5 _____?
6 _____?

1 
my boyfriend

2 
Ivan

3 
Sandra

4 
my sister

5 
my father

6 
Amy

e **Answer the questions in d.**

1 It's my boyfriend's phone.
2 They're Ivan's _____.
3 It's _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.
6 _____.

2 VOCABULARY family

a **Complete the chart.**



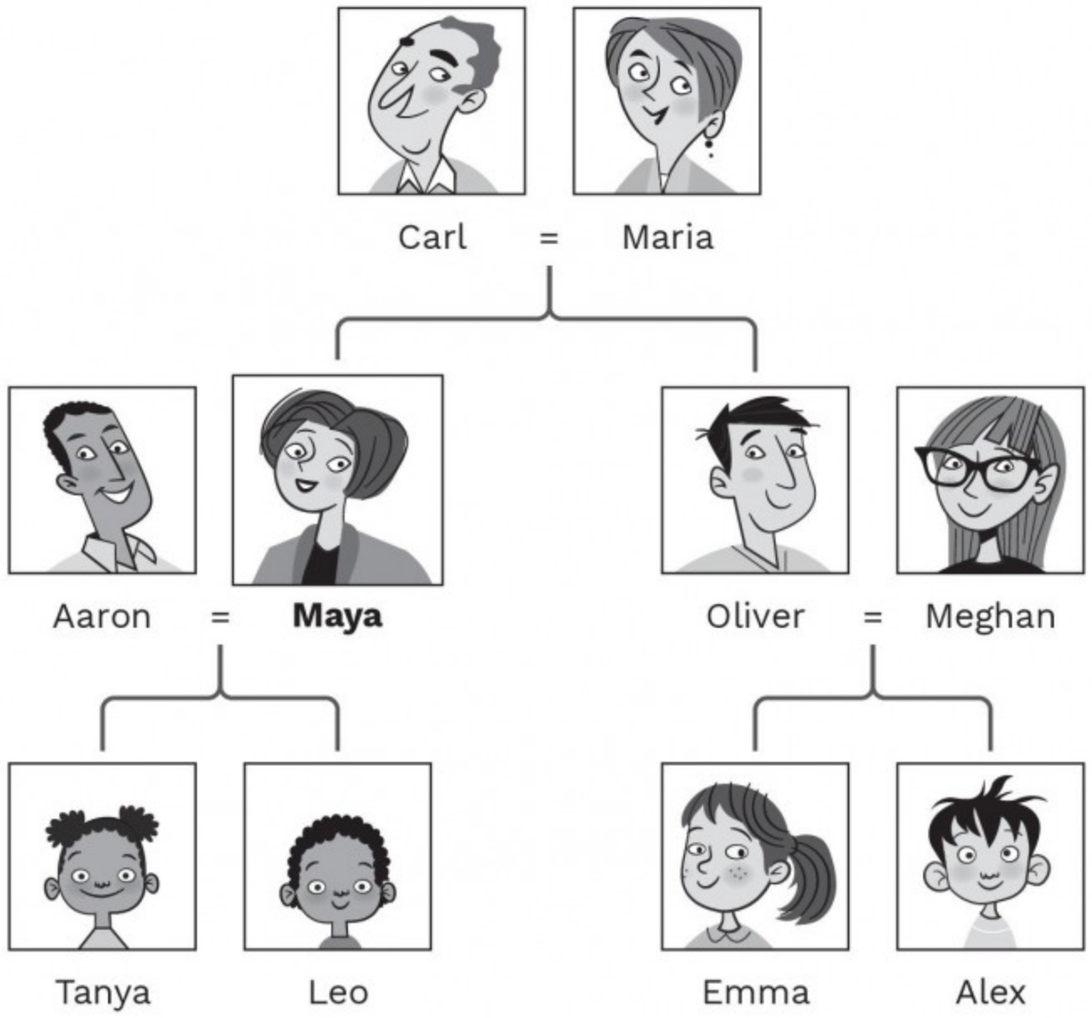

1 grandmother	grandfather
mother	2
3	uncle
wife	4
5	brother
daughter	6
7	nephew
cousin	8

www.frenglish.ru

b Complete the sentences.

1 My father's brother is my *uncle*.
2 My sister's daughter is my _____.
3 My mother's sister is my _____.
4 My father's mother is my _____.
5 My aunt's daughter is my _____.
6 My mother's father is my _____.
7 My brother's son is my _____.
8 My sister's husband is my _____.
9 My husband's mother is my _____.
10 My father's new wife is my _____.

c Look at the family tree. Answer the questions about Maya's family.



1 Who's Maria?
She's Maya's mother.
2 Who's Aaron?
He's Maya's _____.
3 Who's Oliver?
He's _____.
4 Who's Leo?
_____.
5 Who's Emma?
_____.
6 Who's Meghan?
_____.
7 Who's Tanya?
_____.
8 Who's Alex?
_____.
9 Who's Carl?
_____.

d Think about people in your family. What are their names? Write about six people.

My mother's name is Lola.
1 _____
2 _____
3 _____
4 _____
5 _____
6 _____

3 PRONUNCIATION /ʌ/, the letter o

a ~~Cross out~~ the three words with a different sound.

up	br**o**ther h**u**ngry s**o**n n**u**rse h**u**sband **u**ncle c**ou**sin m**o**del ~~**o**~~ne c**ou**ple y**ou**ng m**o**ther j**ou**rnalist M**o**nday **u**gly

b 4.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

c Match sentences 1–4 to sounds a–d.



a **u**p b ph**o**ne c cl**o**ck d b**oo**t

1 Th**o**se m**o**bile ph**o**nes are old. ____
2 Wh**o** are y**ou**? ____
3 Their s**o**n c**o**mes every M**o**nday. ____
4 T**o**m's d**o**ctor is Sc**o**ttish. ____

d 4.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.

www.frenglish.ru

4B Eat, sleep, repeat

- G prepositions: time, place and movement
- V daily routine
- P linking

1 VOCABULARY daily routine

a Circle the action which people do first.

1 get up / wake up
2 get dressed / have a shower
3 have lunch / have breakfast
4 go to work / start work
5 go home / get home
6 make dinner / go shopping





b Complete the sentences with verbs from the list.

~~check~~ do finish get have
put on relax see take walk

1 I check emails on my phone.
2 I _____ work at three o'clock on Fridays.
3 We _____ friends on Saturday evenings.
4 Do you _____ make-up every day?
5 My husband and I _____ the housework at the weekend.
6 They live near the office, so they _____ to work.
7 How do you _____ after a hard day at work?
8 I _____ the dog for a walk three times a day.
9 What time do you _____ to work in the morning?
10 Do you _____ a shave every day?

c Complete the article with *have*, *go*, or *get*.

A STUDENT'S LIFE IS EASY...OR IS IT?

Many people think that students have a very easy life. We ask Mika and Anwar about their typical day.

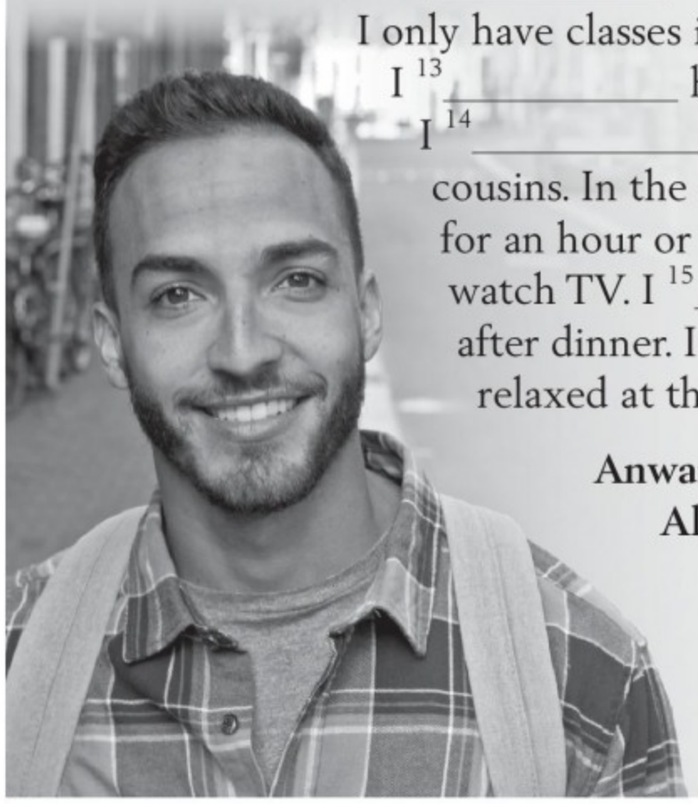
'I [1] go _____ to university in Manchester, and I live about a kilometre away from the university, with three other students. Every day I [2] _____ up at 7.30 and I [3] _____ a shower. I [4] _____ a coffee, and then I [5] _____ to my classes. I'm at university all day, and then I [6] _____ shopping on my way home, so I [7] _____ home late. I do the housework and study in the evening and I [8] _____ to bed at 10.30. I'm usually very tired!'

Mika Hayashi, from Okinawa, Japan



'I [9] _____ to Cardiff University, and I live with my aunt and uncle. Every morning I wake up at seven o'clock and I [10] _____ breakfast with them. Then I [11] _____ dressed. I [12] _____ to university by train. I only have classes in the morning, so I [13] _____ home for lunch. I [14] _____ lunch with my cousins. In the afternoon, I study for an hour or two and then I watch TV. I [15] _____ a bath after dinner. I'm usually quite relaxed at the end of the day.'

Anwar Ganem, from Alexandria, Egypt



www.frenglish.ru

2 **PRONUNCIATION** linking

a 4.3 Listen and write six sentences.

1 We get up early on Saturday. (6 words)
2 _____ (6 words)
3 _____ (5 words)
4 _____ (6 words)
5 _____ (7 words)
6 _____ (6 words)

b Listen again and repeat the sentences.

3 **GRAMMAR** prepositions: time, place and movement

a Write the words and phrases in the correct column.

~~March~~ ~~6th December~~ ~~6.30~~ the winter Monday night the afternoon the weekend Saturday evening 1984 Christmas 21st August

in	on	at
March	6th December	6.30

b Circle the correct preposition.

1 I have a shower *in* / *on* / *at* the morning.
2 They go on holiday *in* / *on* / *at* August.
3 My sister studies economics *at* / *in* / *to* university.
4 My brother goes to bed *in* / *on* / *at* midnight.
5 Do you live *at* / *in* / *to* a house or flat?
6 We have English classes *in* / *on* / *at* Tuesdays and Thursdays.
7 The children have lunch *at* / *in* / *to* school.
8 Amelia works *in* / *on* / *at* the weekend.
9 Jack goes *at* / *in* / *to* the gym after work.
10 It's very hot *in* / *on* / *at* the summer.

c Complete the text with the correct prepositions.



'My name is Francesco Mancini and I work [1] *in* _____ an office in the centre of Rome. During the week, I get up [2] _____ half past six. I go [3] _____ work by train, but [4] _____ Fridays I drive so I can visit my mother [5] _____ the afternoon. I start work [6] _____ quarter to nine and I have lunch [7] _____ work. [8] _____ the summer I work different hours because [9] _____ 15th June we change to the summer timetable. It's very hot in Rome [10] _____ August, so most people go on holiday.'

d Answer the questions about your daily routine. Write full sentences.

1 What time do you get up?
I get up at _____.
2 Where do you have breakfast?
_____
3 Do you go to work?
_____
4 Do you have a coffee in the morning?
_____
5 Where do you have lunch?
_____
6 When do you go to English classes?
_____
7 Do you make dinner?
_____
8 What do you do in the evening?
_____
9 What time do you go to bed?
_____

www.frenglish.ru

4C Blue Zones

- G position of adverbs, expressions of frequency
- V months, adverbs and expressions of frequency
- P the letter *h*

1 VOCABULARY months, adverbs and expressions of frequency

a **Complete the months with the missing consonants. Remember to use a CAPITAL LETTER at the start.**

1 J a n ua r y
2 __e__ __ua__ __
3 __a__ __ __
4 A__ __i__
5 __a__
6 __u__e
7 __u__ __
8 Au__u__ __
9 __e__ __e__ __e__
10 O__ __o__e__
11 __o__e__ __e__
12 __e__e__ __e__

b **Answer the questions.**

c **Complete the sentences with an adverb or expression of frequency.**

1 I go to the gym twice a week, on Mondays and Thursdays.
2 He _____ eats meat. He's a vegetarian.
3 She _____ starts work at 9.00, but on Mondays she starts at 10.00.
4 I see my parents _____ a year at Christmas.
5 They usually walk to work, but they _____ drive.
6 I have English classes _____ – Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

2 GRAMMAR position of adverbs, expressions of frequency

a **Are the sentences right (✓) or wrong (✗)? Correct the wrong sentences.**

1 Pilots often sleep in hotels. ✓
2 The children every day walk to school. ✗
The children walk to school every day.
3 Luis drives sometimes to work.
4 My friends are never late.
5 They every summer go to Italy.
6 Ellie three times a day drinks coffee.
7 My brother hardly ever has a shave.
8 We twice a week study English.
9 I always am stressed.
10 I see my grandparents every weekend.

www.frenglish.ru

b Write sentences. Use verbs from the list and the words in brackets in the correct place.

be ~~do~~ get up go ~~have~~ see sleep take

1 We / the housework (once a week)
We do the housework once a week.

2 They / pizza for dinner. (never)
They never have pizza for dinner.

3 My parents / shopping (every morning)
_____.

4 I / for eight hours. (hardly ever)
_____.

5 We / our friends (every weekend)
_____.

6 I / at quarter to seven. (usually)
_____.

7 My children / happy. (always)
_____.

8 She / the dog for a walk (three times a day)
_____.

c Complete the **You** column in the chart. Then complete the sentences with a verb and an adverb of frequency.

always	✓✓✓✓✓	sometimes	✓✓
usually	✓✓✓✓	hardly ever	✓
often	✓✓✓	never	–





	Caleb	Becky	You
sleep for eight hours	1 ✓✓✓✓	6 ✓✓	11
be relaxed	2 ✓✓✓✓✓	7 ✓✓✓	12
do sport or exercise	3 ✓✓	8 –	13
eat healthy food	4 ✓✓✓	9 ✓	14
be ill	5 –	10 ✓✓✓✓✓	15

Caleb

1 Caleb usually sleeps for eight hours.
2 He is always _____.
3 He sometimes _____.
4 He _____.
5 _____.

Becky

6 Becky _____.
_____.
7 She _____.
_____.
8 _____.
_____.
9 _____.
_____.
10 _____.
_____.

You

11 I _____.
_____.
12 _____.
_____.
13 _____.
_____.
14 _____.
_____.
15 _____.
_____.

3 PRONUNCIATION the letter *h*

a Complete the sentences with words from the list.

hairdresser happy home hospital hour ~~Hungary~~

1 Her husband is from Hungary.
2 My headphones are at _____.
3 His mother is in _____.
4 Lunch is half an _____.
5 Helen is a _____.
6 The children are healthy and _____.

b 4.4 Listen and check. In which word is *h* not pronounced?

c Listen again and repeat the sentences.

www.frenglish.ru

5A Sing me a song

G *can / can't*
V verb phrases: *buy a pizza*, etc.
P sentence stress

1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

a Complete the verb phrases with verbs from the list.

dance draw forget give meet remember ~~see~~ sing use



1 *see* a film



2 _____ the tango



3 _____ somebody's name



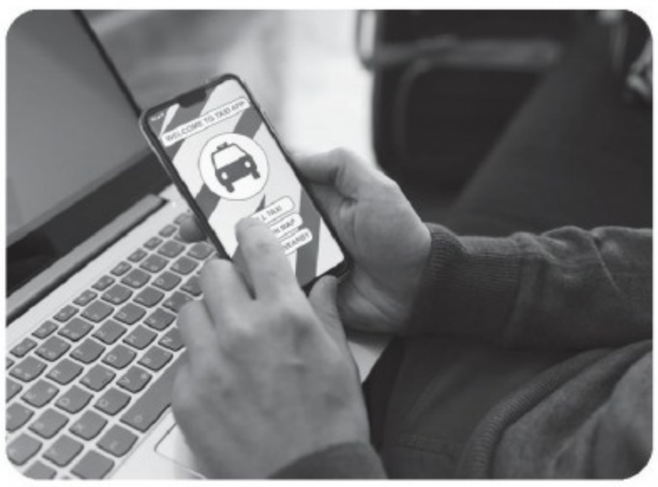
4 _____ a song



5 _____ a picture



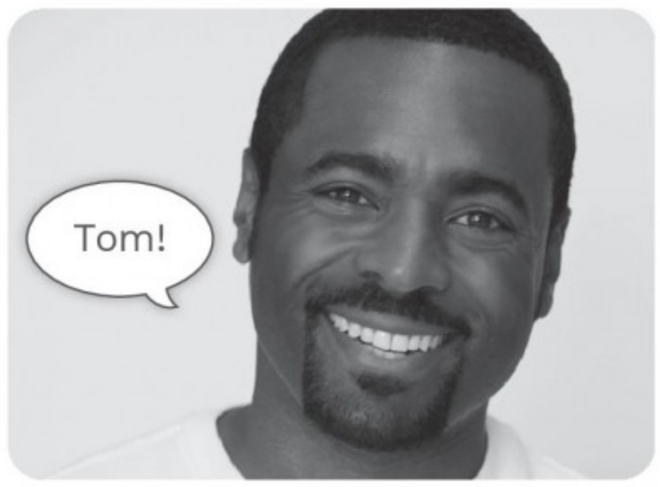
6 _____ somebody flowers



7 _____ an app



8 _____ a friend



9 _____ somebody's name

b Complete the verbs in the verb phrases.

1 b*u y* a pizza
2 p____ a picture
3 l___ for your keys
4 r__ a race
5 s___ a message
6 sw__ in the sea
7 t___ a photo
8 w___ for a bus

c Complete the sentences with verbs from the list.

~~call~~ find hear help leave talk tell try

1 I want to go home now. Let's *call* a taxi.
2 Please _____ me. I can't open the door.
3 Don't _____ your bag in the car. Take it with you.
4 Who do you usually _____ your secrets to?
5 How often do you _____ to do something difficult?
6 Hi, this is Paul. Can you _____ me?
7 I don't understand this. I need to _____ to the teacher.
8 We can't _____ a parking space. There are a lot of cars.

www.frenglish.ru

2 GRAMMAR *can / can't*

a Match sentences 1–6 to a–f.

1 Can you help me with my homework? c
2 Can you give me my glasses? ____
3 Can you call my mum? ____
4 Can you speak more slowly? ____
5 Can you make dinner for 8.30? ____
6 Can you tell me your name again? ____

a I can't come before then.
b I can't see.
~~c I can't do it.~~
d I can't find my phone.
e I can't understand you.
f I can't remember it.

b Write a sentence with *can / can't* for each picture.

~~cross~~ see talk turn



1 You *can cross* now.



2 I _____ now.



3 Dr Atkins _____ you now.



4 We _____ right here!

c Write a sentence for each picture with *can / can't*.



1 *They can't sing.*



2 _____.



3 _____.



4 _____.

d Write a question with *you* for each picture in **c**. Then write your answer: *Yes, I can.* or *No, I can't.*

		Your answer
1	*Can* ____ you *sing* ____?	_____.
2	_____ you _____?	_____.
3	_____ you _____?	_____.
4	_____ you _____?	_____.

3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a 5.1 Listen and repeat.

1 **A** Can you speak German? ☐
B Yes, I can. ✓
2 I can't find the keys. ☐
3 She can sing. ☐
4 Where can I buy a newspaper? ☐
5 **A** Can you cook? ☐
B No, I can't. ☐
6 He can't swim. ☐

b Listen again. Tick (✓) the sentences where *can / can't* is stressed.

www.frenglish.ru

5B What a noise!

- **G** present continuous: *be* + verb + *-ing*
- **V** noise: verbs and verb phrases
- **P** /ŋ/

1 VOCABULARY noise: verbs and verb phrases

a Complete the verbs and verb phrases with the missing letters.



1 h_a_v_e_ the T_V_ o_n_



2 p__a__t__s__ the p__a__o



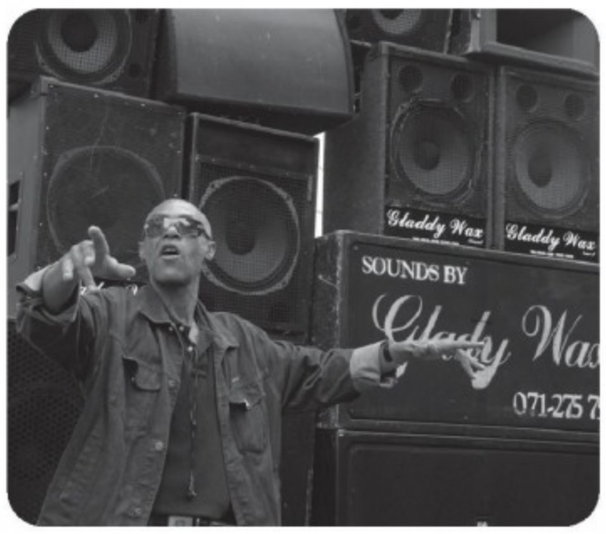
3 b__r__



4 h__v__ a noisy p__r__y



5 a__g__e



6 p__a__ loud m__s__c



7 c__y



8 m__k__ a lot of n__i__e

b Complete the conversations with verbs from the list.

argue bark cry have (x2) make
ping play ~~practise~~

1 **A** Do you *practise* with your band every week?
B Yes, every Friday night.

2 **A** Do you _____ the TV on when you're having dinner?
B No, we don't. We talk.

3 **A** Does your dog _____ when you get home?
B Yes, he does. He's always very happy.

4 **A** Do you _____ when you're watching a sad film?
B Yes, sometimes.

5 **A** Does your phone _____ when you get a message?
B No, I usually have it on silent mode.

6 **A** Does your husband _____ a lot of noise when he gets up?
B No, he's very quiet.

7 **A** Do you often _____ with your brothers and sisters?
B No, never. We get on really well.

8 **A** Do you _____ music when you want to relax?
B Yes, I do.

9 **A** Do you always _____ a birthday party?
B Yes, I do, every year.

c Answer the questions with *often*, *sometimes*, *hardly ever*, or *never*.

How often do you...?

1 play loud music _____
2 argue with your family _____
3 have a party _____
4 cry in the cinema _____
5 have the TV on very loud _____

www.frenglish.ru



2 GRAMMAR present continuous

a **Complete the sentences with the correct form of *be*. Use contractions after pronouns.**

1 + I'm _____ waiting for a bus.
2 + The children _____ drawing a picture.
3 − My brother _____ talking to me at the moment.
4 + The receptionist _____ calling a taxi for us.
5 − I _____ listening to you.
6 − We _____ watching the football on TV.

b **Complete the sentences with the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.**

1 I'm looking for _____ my purse. (look for)
2 My brother-in-law _____ a new house. (buy)
3 We _____ because we don't like the music. (not dance)
4 _____ the waiter _____ with our dinner? (come)
5 She can't read the menu. She _____ her glasses. (not wear)
6 _____ you _____ the TV or can I turn it off? (watch)
7 I _____ this week. I'm on holiday! (not work)
8 My niece and nephew _____ in the sea. (swim)

c **Look at the picture. What are the people doing? Complete 1–8 with a verb or verb phrase in the present continuous.**

1 The woman is listening to music.
2 The children _____.
3 The couple _____.
4 The dog _____.
5 The baby _____.
6 The man _____.
7 The woman _____.
8 The woman _____.

3 PRONUNCIATION /ŋ/

a 5.2 **Listen and repeat the words.**

 sing**ng**er	argui**ng** bark**ing** cry**ing** hav**ing** play**ing** shout**ing** study**ing** talk**ing**

b **Circle the word with /ŋ/ in each pair.**

1 sing dance
2 pink brown
3 long lunch
4 aunt uncle
5 drink find
6 France Hungary
7 young engineer
8 think want

c 5.3 **Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.**

www.frenglish.ru

5C I ❤ London

G present simple or present continuous?
V the weather and seasons
P places in London

1 VOCABULARY the weather and seasons

a Complete the words with the missing letters.



1 s p r i n g



2 s _ m _ e _



3 a _ t _ m _



4 w _ n _ e _

b Complete the words. What's the weather like?

THE WEATHER AROUND THE WORLD

1 **Beijing**
It's f o g g y.

2 **Istanbul**
It's s _ _ _ _.

3 **Buenos Aires**
It's w _ _ _ _.

4 **London**
It's r _ _ _ _ _ _.

5 **Cairo**
It's h _ _.

6 **Moscow**
It's c _ _ _.

7 **Edinburgh**
It's sn _ _ _ _ _.

8 **New Delhi**
It's cl _ _ _ _.

c Complete the sentences with the phrases in **b**.

1 The sky is grey today. *It's cloudy*.
2 Can you open the window, please? _____.
3 Take an umbrella. _____.
4 Look! Everything's white. _____.
5 The trees are moving. _____.
6 Slow down and turn on the lights. _____.
7 Let's go to the beach. _____.
8 Close the window. _____.

2 GRAMMAR present simple or present continuous?

a Circle the correct form.

1 **A** What time does the museum close?
B *It closes / It's closing* at 6 p.m., I think.

2 **A** What are you doing here?
B I'm on holiday. *I sightsee / I'm sightseeing.*

3 **A** Can you talk?
B No. *I have dinner / I'm having dinner.*

4 **A** Where *do they usually go / are they usually going* on holiday?
B To Ibiza.

5 **A** How often does your wife go abroad?
B *She travels / She's travelling* to Asia four times a year.

6 **A** *Does it rain / Is it raining* where you are?
B Yes, it's really wet here.

7 **A** What *does your girlfriend do / is your girlfriend doing*?
B She's a travel guide.

8 **A** *Do you work / Are you working* this week?
B No. I'm on holiday.

www.frenglish.ru

b Complete the sentences. Use the present simple or present continuous.

1 Helen usually *drives* (drive) to work, but today it's sunny, so she *'s walking* (walk).

2 Tom usually _____ (make) dinner for his wife, but today it's his birthday, so he _____ (not cook).

3 I _____ (work) this evening, but I usually _____ (finish) work at 5.00.

4 Scott and Chris often _____ (practise) their guitars in the evening, but tonight, they _____ (play) in a concert.

5 Ada usually _____ (go) on holiday in August, but this year she _____ (work) in a café.

6 I _____ (read) a book in English at the moment, but I usually _____ (buy) books in Polish.

c Complete the article with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the present simple or present continuous.

What to do in

LONDON

London [1] *has* (have) a lot of interesting museums. Most of the museums are free, so visitors [2] _____ (not need) a ticket. This is the Natural History Museum. Today it [3] _____ (rain), so a lot of people [4] _____ (visit) the museum. It's a great place to take children, because they [5] _____ (love) the dinosaurs. In the photo, a woman [6] _____ (stand) near a big dinosaur. She [7] _____ (not look) at it, because her boyfriend [8] _____ (take) a photo. Every year, more than five million people [9] _____ (go) to the Natural History Museum, because it's very interesting, and it's a beautiful building.

3 PRONUNCIATION places in London

a Underline the stressed syllable in the **bold** words.

1 **Bu**|**cking**|**ham** **Pa**|**lace**
2 **West**|**min**|**ster** **Ab**|**bey**
3 **Co**|**vent** **Gar**|**den**
4 St Paul's **Ca**|**the**|**dral**
5 **Pi**|**cca**|**dil**|**ly** **Cir**|**cus**
6 **Leices**|**ter** Square
7 the **Hou**|**ses** of **Par**|**lia**|**ment**
8 **Tra**|**fal**|**gar** Square
9 **Wem**|**bley** **Sta**|**di**|**um**
10 the **Tow**|**er** of **Lon**|**don**

b 5.4 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

EPISODE 3 PICTURES OF YOU

Practical English
The real London

buying clothes V clothes

1 VOCABULARY clothes

Look at the pictures. Write the words.

1 shoes
2 _____
3 _____
4 _____
5 _____
6 _____
7 _____
8 _____





2 BUYING CLOTHES

a Complete the missing words in the conversation.

A Can I [1]help_____ you?
B Yes. What [2]s_____ is this shirt?
A Let's see. It's a [3]m_____. What size do you need?
B I need a [4]l_____.
A Just a moment. This is a large.
B Thank you. Can I [5]tr_____ it on?
A Of course. The changing [6]r_____ are over there.
B [7]Th_____ you.
A How is it?
B It's great.
A It's a very nice shirt.
B How [8]m_____ is it?
A It's £15.99.

b Complete the sentences with *this* or *these*.

1 This jacket here is a medium.
2 What size is _____ sweater?
3 Do you like _____ shoes? They are £25.99.
4 How much is _____ skirt?
5 _____ jeans are an extra large.
6 We have _____ trousers in blue or black.

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the conversations with phrases from the list.

Follow me ~~I'm in your hands~~ Say 'hi'
Do you want to go in You look great

1 **A** So, where do you want to go?
B It's your city. I'm in your hands.

2 **A** Wow! _____.
B Thanks. You too.

3 **A** Have a great time!
B OK, thanks. _____ to your husband and the kids.

4 **A** _____?
B Sure.

5 **A** Where are we going?
B _____!



www.frenglish.ru

1–5 Can you remember...?

1 GRAMMAR

Circle the correct word(s).

1 Help! I can't *find* / *to find* my keys.
2 We have three *childs* / *children* – one son and two daughters.
3 She *doesn't* / *don't* have a car.
4 My *brothers'* / *brother's* wife is from Japan.
5 *Is* / *Are* your phone new?
6 *Don't stop* / *Not stop*! We're late!
7 He *cycles usually* / *usually cycles* to work *on* / *in* Mondays.
8 *Whose* / *Who's* that woman? Is she your manager?
9 Hi, Tom. Where *are you going* / *do you go*?

2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

1 aunt nephew niece sister
2 wife stepfather partner soldier
3 have children have dinner have lunch have breakfast
4 often never sometimes easy
5 run speak talk sing
6 cry argue bark cheap
7 sunny cloudy windy eighty
8 spring winter builder summer

3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

 boot	1 **u**se c**oo**l p**u**t neph**ew**
 cl**o**ck	2 c**o**ffee m**o**ther d**o**g w**a**tch
 h**or**se	3 w**ar**m d**au**ghter t**a**ke c**a**ll
 **u**p	4 s**o**n l**u**nch h**o**t y**ou**ng
 **h**ouse	5 **h**elp **h**ardly **h**our **h**ungry
 si**ng**er	6 lu**n**ch wro**ng** eati**ng** dri**nk**

4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

How to deal with **noisy neighbours**

Noisy neighbours [1]____ a problem. They often play loud music or they [2]____ noisy parties at night. So, what can you [3]____ when you have noisy neighbours? First, try to talk to them about the noise. [4]____ go to their house when the music is on; wait until it's quiet. When you speak to them, don't be [5]____ but say exactly how you feel, for example: 'I [6]____ your music, but I can't study when it's very loud.' If they [7]____ listen to you, write them a letter. Tell them again how you feel. If the noise doesn't stop, you [8]____ help from the police. Call the police when your neighbours are [9]____ a lot of noise. Then, they can see – and [10]____ – the problem when they get to your house.



1	**a** am	**b** is	**c** are
2	**a** do	**b** have	**c** make
3	**a** do	**b** doing	**c** to do
4	**a** Doesn't	**b** Don't	**c** Not
5	**a** angry	**b** hungry	**c** tired
6	**a** 'm loving	**b** love	**c** loves
7	**a** doesn't	**b** not	**c** don't
8	**a** like	**b** need	**c** want
9	**a** making	**b** makes	**c** make
10	**a** look	**b** listen	**c** hear

www.frenglish.ru

6A A traditional story

- G object pronouns: *me*, *you*, *him*, etc.
- V learning words from a story
- P /aɪ/, /ɪ/, and /iː/

1 GRAMMAR object pronouns

a Complete the chart.

Subject pronouns	Object pronouns
[1] I	[1] *me*
[2]	you
he	[3]
she	[4]
[5]	it
we	[6]
[7]	you
they	[8]

b Complete the sentences with object pronouns.

1 I have a new bag, but I can't find *it*_____.
2 He loves her, but she doesn't love _____.
3 You always help them, but they never help _____.
4 They can hear her, but she can't hear _____.
5 We sometimes invite them for lunch, but they never invite _____.
6 I can see you, but you can't see _____.
7 You and your friends are nice to him, but he isn't nice to _____.
8 She's talking to him, but he isn't listening to _____.
9 Where's Charles? I want to talk to _____.
10 These shoes are new. Do you like _____?

c Complete the conversations. Change the **bold** words to subject and object pronouns.

1 **A** Do **your parents** like **me**?
B Of course *they*_____ like *you*_____!

2 **A** How often do **you** call **your mother**?
B *I*_____ call *her*_____ every day.

3 **A** Does **your husband** meet **you** after work?
B Yes, _____ meets _____ after work on Fridays.

4 **A** Anna, can **you** take **me and my girlfriend** to the airport?
B Sure, _____ can take _____. What time?

5 **A** How often does **Jasmine** invite **you and your family** to her house?
B _____ invites _____ once a month.

6 **A** When do **you and your wife** do **the housework**?
B _____ do _____ on Saturdays.

7 **A** Do **your friends** like **your boyfriend**?
B Yes, _____ like _____ very much.

8 **A** Do you wear glasses?
B Yes, _____ wear _____ for reading.



d Complete the text with words from the list.

he ~~her~~ her him him she them they

Dan is worried about his girlfriend, Nadine. He calls [1] *her*_____ every day, but she doesn't call [2] _____. When he wants to talk to Nadine, [3] _____ always says she's busy. He waits for [4] _____ after work, but she's often with some friends. Nadine's friends don't like Dan, and he doesn't like [5] _____. Dan says hello, but [6] _____ don't look at him. Now he knows that Nadine doesn't love [7] _____. But he's happy because he knows that [8] _____ can find a new girlfriend.

www.frenglish.ru

2 VOCABULARY learning words from a story

a **Match words 1–8 to definitions a–h. Use a dictionary to help you.**

1 arrive b
2 towards ____
3 sell ____
4 through ____
5 valuable ____
6 village ____
7 desert ____
8 comfortable ____

a nice to sit in, to be in, or to wear
~~b to come to a place~~
c a large dry area with very few plants
d in the direction of somebody or something
e to give something to somebody who pays you money for it
f worth a lot of money
g from one side of something to the other side
h a very small town in the countryside



b **Complete the sentences with words in a.**

1 I don't like dogs when they run towards me.
2 When do they usually _____ home?
3 It's usually hot in the _____, but it can be very cold at night.
4 I love these new boots. They're really _____.
5 My wife is a sales assistant at Gucci. She _____ handbags and shoes.
6 This is my grandfather's watch. It's very _____.
7 The river Thames goes _____ London.
8 I live in a small _____ about 30 minutes from Paris.

c **Complete the sentences with words from the list.**

decide inside into leave mountain
~~palace~~ strange surprised

1 The prince in the story lives in a palace.
2 What's _____ that box?
3 I can't _____ what to have for dinner.
4 What's that? I can hear a _____ noise.
5 Kilimanjaro is a very high _____ in Tanzania.
6 What time does your train _____?
7 Go _____ my office and wait for me there.
8 You're usually late, but not today. I'm _____!

3 PRONUNCIATION /aɪ/, /ɪ/, and /iː/

a 6.1 **Listen and repeat the sentences. Stress the bold words.**

1 **Call** me **tonight**.
2 **Can** you **help** us?
3 **Don't listen** to **her**.
4 **See** you **later**.
5 **I don't like** them.
6 **Don't think** about it.
7 **Give it** to **him**.

b **Circle the word with a different sound.**

fish	1 him live nice
tree	2 she this meet
bike	3 me I my
fish	4 these his ring
tree	5 we leave it
bike	6 smile niece buy

c 6.2 **Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.**

www.frenglish.ru

6B I don't like Mondays

G *like* + verb + *-ing*
V ordinal numbers, the date
P /ð/ and /θ/, saying the date

1 VOCABULARY ordinal numbers, the date

a Complete the ordinal numbers.

1 1st first
2 2nd s_____
3 3rd th_____
4 5th f_____
5 12th tw_____
6 13th th_____
7 20th tw_____
8 21st tw_____

b Continue the series.

1 first, second, third, fourth
2 second, fourth, _____, _____
3 fifth, seventh, _____, _____
4 tenth, fourteenth, _____, _____
5 fifth, tenth, _____, _____
6 seventh, fourteenth, _____, _____
7 twenty-fifth, twenty-fourth, _____, _____
8 twenty-eighth, twenty-ninth, _____, _____

c Complete the chart.

1/1 14/2 4/7 31/10 ~~25/12~~

Day	Date	You say...
Christmas Day	[1]25/12	the twenty-fifth of December
Halloween	[2]	
New Year's Day	[3]	
US Independence Day	[4]	
Valentine's Day	[5]	

2 PRONUNCIATION /ð/ and /θ/, the date

a 6.3 Listen and circle the dates you hear.

1 **a** 1/4 **b** 3/4
2 **a** 12/7 **b** 20/7
3 **a** 2/1 **b** 7/1
4 **a** 4/9 **b** 14/9
5 **a** 13/12 **b** 30/12
6 **a** 21/5 **b** 23/5
7 **a** 5/2 **b** 15/2
8 **a** 20/10 **b** 30/10

b 6.4 Listen to both dates in **a** and repeat.

3 GRAMMAR *like* + verb + *-ing*

a Label the activities with the + *-ing* form of the verbs from the list.



cook dance ~~draw~~ paint
play run study swim write

1 drawing
2 _____
3 _____
4 _____
5 _____
6 _____
7 _____
8 _____
9 _____

www.frenglish.ru

b Complete the chart for you. Then complete the sentences.



Max



Tess

☺☺ = love ☺ = like 😐 = don't mind
☹ = don't like ☹☹ = hate

	Max	Tess	You
dance at parties	1 ☹☹	6 ☺☺	11
drive at night	2 ☺	7 ☹☹	12
sit in cafés	3 😐	8 ☺	13
swim in the sea	4 ☺☺	9 ☹	14
watch football	5 ☹	10 😐	15

Max

1 Max hates dancing at parties.
2 He likes _____.
3 He _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.

Tess

6 Tess _____.
7 She _____.
8 _____.
9 _____.
10 _____.

You

11 I _____.
12 _____.
13 _____.
14 _____.
15 _____.

c Read about Justin's favourite day and answer the questions.



My Favourite Day

25th December is my favourite day of the year because it's Christmas Day. My family like celebrating Christmas together. We all go to my aunt's house on the 24th and we sleep there. On Christmas Day we get up quite early, because my cousins have small children. The children love opening their presents! We have eggs for breakfast. After breakfast we go for a long walk. It's usually very cold, and it sometimes snows! I don't like walking in the snow, but the children love it! When we get home, we cook lunch, and the children play with their toys. We have a big lunch, and then we watch a film on TV. We like watching comedies. In the evening we play games together. We go to bed very late and we're all very happy.

1 What's Justin's favourite day?
Justin's favourite day is Christmas Day.
2 When is it?
It's on _____.
3 When does he get up?
_____.
4 What do they have for breakfast?
_____.
5 Where do they have lunch?
_____.
6 What do they do in the afternoon?
_____.
7 What do they do in the evening?
_____.
8 When do they go to bed?
_____.

d Write about your favourite day of the year. Complete the sentences. Use your answers in **c** to help you.

My favourite day of the year is _____.
I get up _____.
In the morning, we _____.
We have lunch _____.
In the afternoon, we _____.
In the evening, we _____.
We go to bed _____.

www.frenglish.ru

6C Making music

G revision: *be* or *do*?
V music
P /j/, giving opinions

1 VOCABULARY music

a Complete the missing vowels in the instruments.



1 tr_u_mp_e_t



2 acoustic g__ __t__r



3 __cc__rd__ __n



4 dr__ms



5 k__yb__ __rd



6 b__ss guitar



7 p__ __n__



8 v__ __l__n



9 s__x__ph__n__

b Write the name for the musicians who play the instruments in **a**.

1 *trumpeter*
2 _____
3 _____
4 _____
5 _____
6 _____
7 _____
8 _____
9 _____

c Look at the quiz. Choose a, b, or c.



1 Which instrument did 60s rock musician Jimi Hendrix play?
a the guitar b the saxophone c the violin

2 Which instrument does singer Alicia Keys play?
a the drums b the guitar c the piano

3 Which instrument can you often hear when you're listening to folk music?
a the accordion b the trumpet c the keyboard

4 Which instrument did Meg White of The White Stripes play?
a the keyboard b the bass c the drums

5 Which instrument can you often hear when you're listening to classical music?
a the accordion b the violin c the bass

6 Which instrument did the jazz musician Louis Armstrong play?
a the piano b the saxophone c the trumpet

www.frenglish.ru

2 GRAMMAR revision: *be* or *do*?

a Circle the correct word.

1 *Are* / *Do* the tickets expensive?
2 My boyfriend *isn't* / *doesn't* like this song.
3 *Is* / *Does* the music very loud?
4 We *aren't* / *don't* walking. We're on the bus.
5 *Are* / *Do* you play an instrument?
6 My friends *aren't* / *don't* listen to the radio.
7 Laura *isn't* / *doesn't* dancing at the moment.
8 *Is* / *Does* the concert finish late?

b Complete the sentences with the correct form of *be* or *do*.

1 What *are* _____ you listening to?
2 Which instrument _____ you play?
3 The singer _____ Spanish. She's Argentinian.
4 I _____ buy CDs. All my music is on my phone.
5 We _____ watching a film. We're watching the news.
6 _____ your boyfriend like reggae?
7 Which song _____ Mark singing now?
8 He _____ sing in a group. He's a solo artist.
9 They _____ go to concerts because it's too expensive.
10 _____ you a heavy metal fan?

c Look at the chart and complete the questions.

1 *Where are Pascal and Patrice from?*
France.
2 What does Jason _____?
The drums.
3 How old _____?
47.
4 Where _____?
In North Manchester.
5 _____?
54.
6 _____?
The guitar.
7 _____?
Montpellier.
8 _____?
Ireland
9 _____?
Keyboards.
10 _____?
Middleton.

3 PRONUNCIATION /j/, giving opinions

a Circle the word which doesn't have a /j/ sound.

 **y**acht	1 use beautiful umbrella 2 young journalist yellow 3 nurse new music 4 musician lunch usually 5 January student summer

b 6.5 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

c 6.6 Listen and underline the stressed words.

1 I like them. They're great.
2 I really like it. It's fantastic.
3 I don't like him. He's awful.
4 I don't like her. She's terrible.

d Listen again and repeat the opinions.

www.frenglish.ru

7A This is me

- **G** past simple of *be*: *was / were*
- **V** word formation: *write → writer*
- **P** sentence stress

1 GRAMMAR past simple of *be*

a Circle the correct word.

1 This watch *was* / *were* a present.
2 *Was* / *Were* those headphones expensive?
3 I *wasn't* / *weren't* hungry this morning.
4 We *was* / *were* at Laura's party last night.
5 The teacher *wasn't* / *weren't* here yesterday.
6 *Was* / *Were* you late for work this morning?
7 It *was* / *were* really cold last night.
8 Milo and Alice *wasn't* / *weren't* at the meeting last week.

b Complete the sentences with *was*, *were*, *wasn't*, or *weren't*.



A Who's that woman?
B It's Louise Élisabeth Vigée Le Brun.
A Why [1] *was* _____ she famous?
B She [2] _____ a painter. This self-portrait is in the National Gallery in London.
A [3] _____ she English?
B No, she [4] _____. She [5] _____ French. She [6] _____ born in Paris.
A [7] _____ her paintings popular in her lifetime?
B Yes, they [8] _____ very popular.
A And [9] _____ all her paintings of people?
B No, they [10] _____. She also painted pictures of the countryside.

c Complete the conversations with present or past forms of *be*. Use contractions where possible.

1 **A** What day *is* _____ it today?
B Monday. Yesterday *was* _____ Sunday.

2 **A** Hi. _____ your sister at home?
B No, she _____. She _____ here this morning, but now she _____ at work.

3 **A** I can't find my keys. Where _____ they?
B I don't know. They _____ on your desk this morning.

4 **A** Where _____ your new boyfriend from?
B He _____ born in England, but his parents _____ born in Singapore.

5 **A** Why _____ your boss angry yesterday?
B Because I _____ very late for work.

6 **A** _____ Alex and Lena at the party last night?
B No, they _____. They _____ on holiday at the moment.

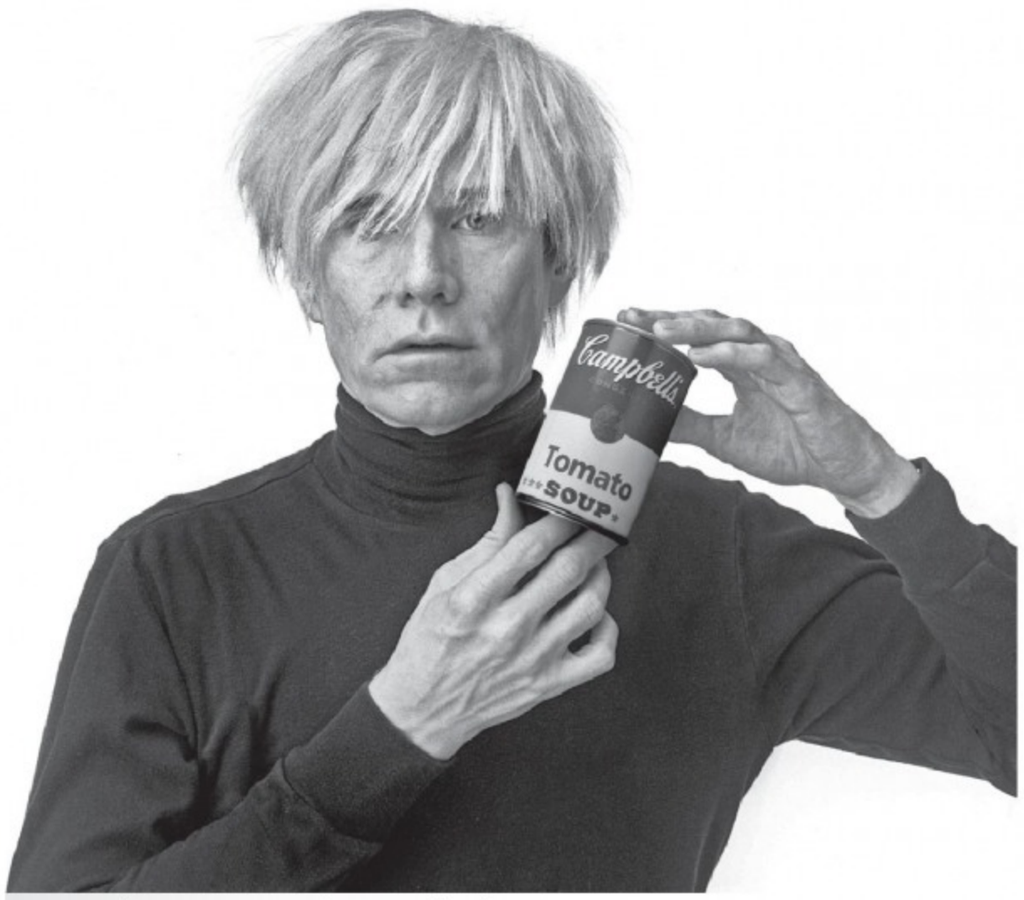
d Answer the questions about you.

1 Where were you born?
I was born in _____.
2 Where were you last August?
I was _____.
3 Were you at a party at the weekend?
_____.
4 Were you tired yesterday morning?
_____.
5 Where were you this time yesterday?
_____.
6 Were you at home last night?
_____.
7 Were you late for school / work today?
_____.
8 Were you in class yesterday?
_____.

www.frenglish.ru

2 **PRONUNCIATION** sentence stress

a 7.1 Listen and repeat. Copy the rhythm.



A Who was Andy Warhol?
B He was an artist.
A Was he English?
B No, he wasn't. He was American.
A When was he born?
B He was born in 1928.
A Were his parents American?
B No, they weren't.

b 7.2 Listen. Say the sentences in the past simple.

1 *I'm at work.* *I was at work.*

3 **VOCABULARY** word formation

a Make jobs from the words in the list and write them in the chart.

act art ~~compose~~ dance direct invent music novel paint piano politics science sing write

-er	*-or*	*-ist*	*-ian*
composer			

b Complete the sentences with *was / were* and a noun from **a**.

1 Rudolf Nureyev *was a dancer*.
2 Beethoven and Mozart *were composers*.
3 Sidney Poitier _____.
4 Marie Curie _____.
5 Aretha Franklin _____.
6 The Wright brothers _____.
7 Agatha Christie _____.
8 Degas and Toulouse-Lautrec _____.

c Write questions and answers.



1 Richard Burton and Elizabeth Taylor / actors? ✓
Were Richard Burton and Elizabeth Taylor actors?
Yes, they were.
2 Alexander Graham Bell / artist? ✗ (inventor)
Was Alexander Graham Bell an artist?
No, he wasn't. He was an inventor.
3 Charlotte Brontë / novelist? ✓
_____?
_____.
4 Frida Kahlo / pianist? ✗ (artist)
_____?
_____.
5 JRR Tolkien and CS Lewis / musicians? ✗ (writers)
_____?
_____.
6 Sinéad O'Connor / singer? ✓
_____?
_____.
7 Vivaldi and Bach / composers? ✓
_____?
_____.
8 Dante Alighieri / politician? ✗ (poet)
_____?
_____.

www.frenglish.ru

7B Small mistake, big problem

G past simple: regular verbs
V past time expressions
P *-ed* endings

1 GRAMMAR past simple: regular verbs

a Complete the sentences with a regular verb in the past simple, first in the positive and then in the negative.

book call check ~~invite~~ like look play

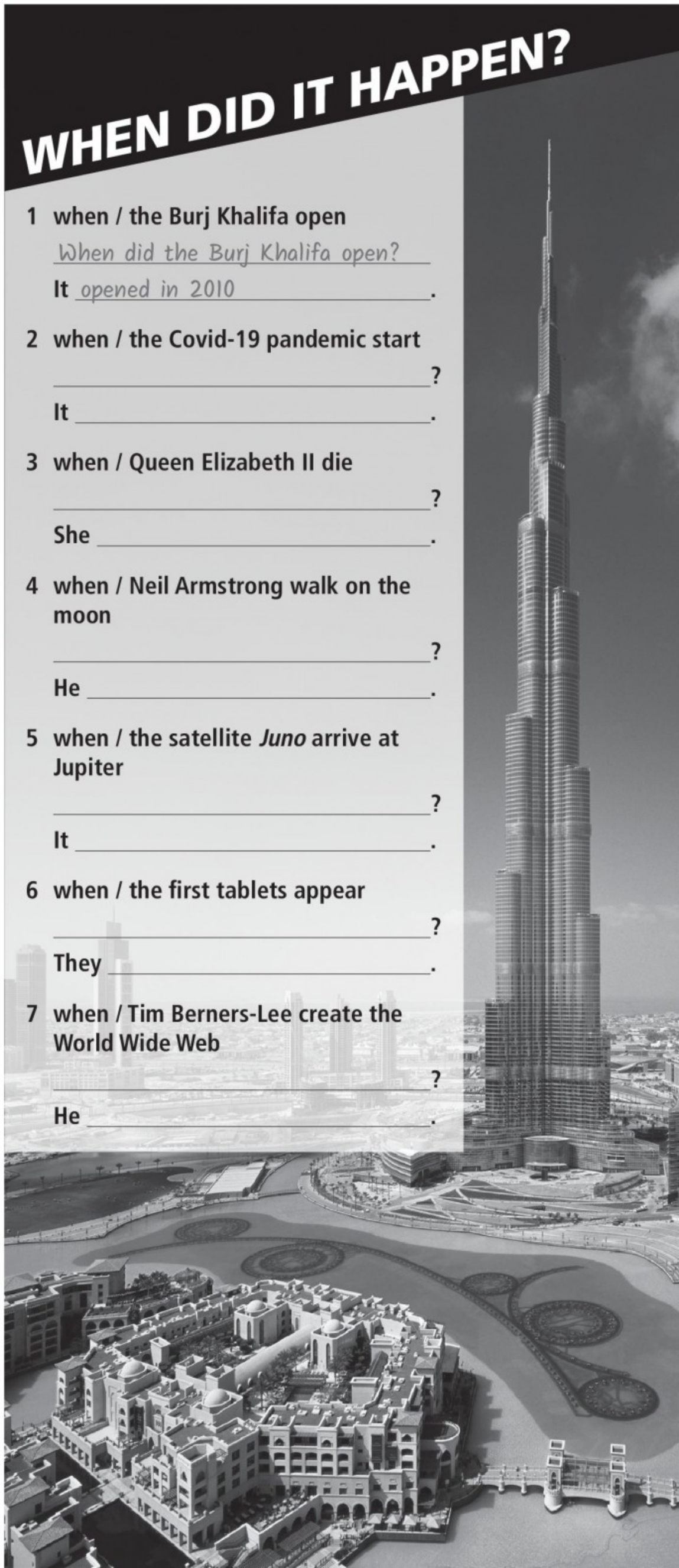
1 They *invited* me to the party, but they *didn't invite* my partner.
2 I _____ my sister last night, but I _____ my parents.
3 My husband _____ the film, but he _____ the book.
4 We _____ at the shirts in Zara, but we _____ at jackets.
5 Isabel _____ her messages, but she _____ her emails.
6 We _____ flights, but we _____ a hotel.
7 They _____ rugby at school, but they _____ basketball.

b Re-order the words to make questions.

1 you / did / night / TV / What / on / last / watch
A *What did you watch on TV last night?*
B I watched the news.
2 did / match / the / time / finish / What
A _____?
B At six o'clock.
3 your / presents / birthday / like / you / Did
A _____?
B Yes, I did. They were great!
4 did / university / your / at / brother / What / study
A _____?
B Modern languages.
5 parents / your / arrive / last / Did / night
A _____?
B No, they didn't. They arrived this morning.
6 Germany / your / in / friends / did / Where / live
A _____?
B Hamburg.
7 of / you / Did / at / the / cry / film / end / the
A _____?
B Yes, I did. It was very sad.
8 time / work / did / What / start / Sandra / yesterday
A _____?
B At ten o'clock. She was very late!

c Complete the questions and answers.

1969 1990 2002 ~~2010~~ 2016 2019 2022



www.frenglish.ru

2 PRONUNCIATION *-ed* endings

a 7.3 Listen to the past simple verbs. Underline the verb where *-ed* is pronounced /ɪd/.

1	booked	checked	wanted	walked
2	painted	arrived	finished	travelled
3	asked	waited	looked	stopped
4	called	played	posted	listened
5	missed	watched	cooked	started
6	followed	decided	lived	relaxed

b Listen again and repeat the verbs.

3 VOCABULARY past time expressions

a Circle the correct words.

1 I chatted to my friends for an hour *last night* / *yesterday night*.
2 My girlfriend finished university *ago two years* / *two years ago*.
3 They travelled abroad *last month* / *the last month*.
4 Did you call me *last morning* / *yesterday morning*?
5 It stopped raining *two hours ago* / *two ago hours*.
6 My brother worked in Greece *last July* / *the last July*.
7 We watched that film *before two weeks* / *two weeks ago*.
8 David booked the tickets *yesterday afternoon* / *last afternoon*.
9 My grandparents were born *a lot time ago* / *a long time ago*.
10 I played golf *before yesterday* / *the day before yesterday*.

b Complete the sentences with *ago*, *last*, or *yesterday*.

1 I called a taxi five minutes ago.
2 We talked to our bank manager _____ month.
3 My aunt and uncle moved to Canada a long time _____.
4 She shared her holiday photos on Facebook _____ morning.
5 They arrived in Venice the day before _____.
6 I booked the restaurant three days _____.
7 Jack and Diane lived in San Francisco some years _____.
8 We travelled to Vietnam _____ summer.
9 I went to work _____ morning.
10 My mum went to the concert three months _____.

c Look at the activities. When was the last time you did them? Write six sentences in the past simple. Use time expressions with *ago*, *last*, or *yesterday*.

arrive home late check emails
~~cook dinner~~ stay in a hotel
study for an exam travel by bus



1 I cooked dinner last night.



2 _____.



3 _____.



4 _____.



5 _____.



6 _____.

www.frenglish.ru

7C Happy New Year

G past simple: irregular verbs
V *go*, *have*, *get*
P sentence stress

1 GRAMMAR past simple: irregular verbs

a Write the past simple form of the verbs.

1 come *came*
2 wear _____
3 buy _____
4 know _____
5 find _____
6 think _____
7 take _____
8 say _____
9 put on _____

b Change the sentences from the present to the past.

1 He comes home late. (last night)
He came home late last night.
2 Diego goes shopping after work. (last night)
He _____.
3 Emily wears jeans. (yesterday)
She _____.
4 We don't have dinner at home. (last night)
We _____.
5 They buy a lot of things. (yesterday)
They _____.
6 Alex doesn't get up early. (yesterday morning)
He _____.
7 My daughter feels ill. (yesterday)
She _____.
8 Helen doesn't go out during the week. (last week)
She _____.
9 I have breakfast. (yesterday)
I _____.
10 Lucy can't come to my party. (last year)
She _____.

c Complete the questions in the conversation.



A Where [1] *did you* _____ go last night?
B I went to that new sushi bar in town.
A [2] *Was it* _____ good?
B Yes, it was great.
A Who [3] _____ with?
B I went with my boyfriend.
A What [4] _____?
B I wore jeans and my new black shirt.
A What time [5] _____ home?
B We got home at about midnight.
A [6] _____ a taxi home?
B Yes. We didn't want to drive.
A [7] _____ a good time?
B Yes, we had a great time. The food was fantastic!
A [8] _____ it expensive?
B Yes, very expensive.

2 VOCABULARY *go*, *have*, *get*

a ~~Cross out~~ the incorrect expression.

1 GO to the beach out to a restaurant ~~a bus~~
2 HAVE lunch a sandwich for a walk a drink
3 GET dressed a good time up an email
4 GO to bed a car home on holiday
5 HAVE breakfast a bike a shower by train
6 GET shopping home a newspaper a taxi

www.frenglish.ru

b Complete the text with *went*, *had*, or *got*.



It was my wife's birthday last Saturday, so we went to Ibiza for the weekend. I booked a hotel on the internet, and on Friday we [1] *got* a taxi to the airport. When we [2] _____ to the airport, we waited for our flight and we [3] _____ a sandwich. It was late when we arrived at our hotel, so we [4] _____ to bed.

The next day, we [5] _____ up early and we [6] _____ breakfast in the hotel. It was a beautiful day, so we [7] _____ to the beach. We [8] _____ a swim in the morning, and in the afternoon, we [9] _____ for a walk. In the evening, we [10] _____ dinner in a local restaurant. The food was delicious! The next day was Sunday, so we visited the old town before we [11] _____ home. The weekend was very short, but we [12] _____ a great time.

c Read the text in **b** again. Write the questions.

1 *Where did he go?*
To Ibiza.
2 Who did he _____?
With his wife.
3 How did they _____?
By plane.
4 When _____?
Late on Friday night.
5 What was _____?
The weather was very good.
6 _____?
They went for a swim and a walk.
7 _____?
In a local restaurant.
8 _____?
Yes, they had a great time.

d Write a paragraph about a weekend away. Use the questions in **c** to help you.

A weekend away

I went to _____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

7.4 Listen and repeat the questions. Copy the rhythm.

1 **What** did you **do** last **night**?
2 **Who** did you **go with**?
3 **What** did you **wear**?
4 **Where** did you **have dinner**?
5 **What time** did you **get home**?
6 Did you **have** a **good time**?

www.frenglish.ru

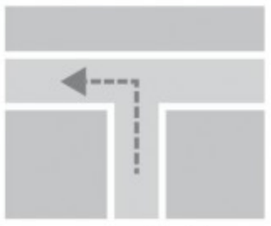
EPISODE 4 PICTURES OF YOU

Practical English
Ben's show

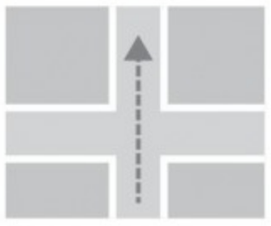
asking the way V directions

1 VOCABULARY directions

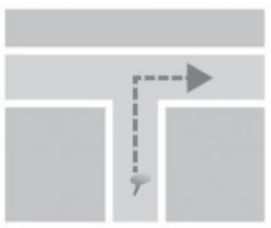
Complete the words.



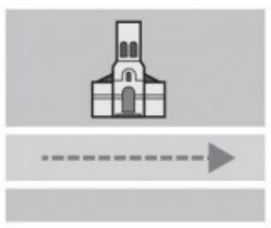
1 turn l<u>eft</u>



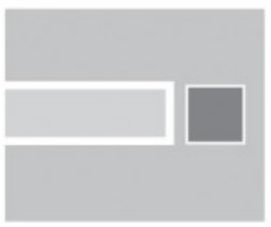
2 go str_____ on



3 turn r_____



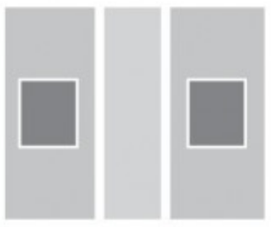
4 go p_____ the church



5 at the e_____ of the str_____



6 on the c_____



7 o_____



8 at the tr_____ l_____

2 ASKING THE WAY

a Put the words in the correct order to make phrases for asking for and giving directions.

1 here / don't / I / live
<u>I don't live here.</u>

2 left / lights / at / the / Turn / traffic
_____.

3 the / here / station / Is / near
_____?

4 you / again / say / Could / that
_____?

5 street / the / at / end / of / the / It's
_____.

6 can't / it / You / miss
_____!

7 don't / I / exactly / where / know
_____.

8 the / way / you / station / tell / me / Can / to / the
_____?

b Complete the conversations with the phrases in **a**.

A Excuse me, please. Where's the station?
B Sorry, [1]<u>I don't live here.</u>

A Excuse me. [2]_____?
C The station? It's near here, but [3]_____. Sorry.

A Excuse me. [4]_____, please?
D Yes, of course. [5]_____ and then go past the hotel. It's at the end of the street.
A Sorry. [6]_____, please?
D Yes. Turn left at the traffic lights and go past the hotel. [7]_____. [8]_____!
A Thank you.

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

a Complete the sentences and questions with words from the list.

Can Is ~~See~~ Thanks What You

1 <u>See</u> _____ you later.
2 _____ everything OK?
3 _____ you still come tonight?
4 _____ for coming.
5 _____ look worried.
6 _____ are you doing these days?

b Complete the conversations with the sentences and questions in **a**.

1 **A** What happened? <u>Is everything OK?</u>
B Yes ... No.

2 **A** I'm going home. _____.
B See you.

3 **A** I know you're busy. _____?
B Of course.

4 **A** It's great to see you! _____?
B I'm working as a bike courier.

5 **A** Do you have a problem? _____.
B Do I?

6 **A** I enjoyed that. _____.
B Thanks for inviting me.

www.frenglish.ru

1-7 Can you remember...?

1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use present simple or continuous, or past simple.

1 My brother *plays* _____ the electric guitar, and he practises in his bedroom. (play)

2 Can I phone you tonight? I _____ at the moment. (work)

3 I _____ my sunglasses. They _____ under your jacket! (find, be)

4 We _____ dinner. Can I call you later? (have)

5 They _____ a taxi to the station; they went by bus. (not get)

6 I _____ jazz, so I'm not going to the concert. (not like)

2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word or phrase that is different.

1 noisy village mountain palace

2 third twelfth fourteen twenty-first

3 sixteen fourth ten twenty

4 violin guitarist drums bass

5 singer actor musician weather

6 every day last week yesterday a year ago

7 morning night month evening

8 have lunch have a shave have a coffee have a garden

3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

bike	1 d**ie**d ins**i**de l**i**ved n**i**ght
mo**th**er	2 fa**th**er **th**e **th**em **th**ree
thumb	3 four**th** **th**ird **th**ose **th**rough
yacht	4 **j**acket n**ew**spaper st**u**dent **y**ear
dog	5 arriv**ed** chang**ed** need**ed** phon**ed**
tie	6 dress**ed** park**ed** start**ed** stopp**ed**

4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Complete the text. Write one word in each space.



The History of the Selfie Stick

Selfie sticks are very useful when you want to take a photo. But [1] *do* _____ you know who invented them?

Two men say that they are the inventors of the selfie stick; the [2] _____ is Japanese and the second is from Canada. In the 1980s, Hiroshi Ueda worked [3] _____ the Minolta camera company. He liked going on holiday to Europe, and he always [4] _____ a lot of photos. One day, he gave his camera to a child, because he wanted a photo with his wife. But the child ran away with the camera. When Hiroshi went [5] _____ to Japan, he made a kind of selfie stick. He was very happy with it, but other people [6] _____ like it, and he couldn't sell it.

Twenty years later, Wayne Fromm [7] _____ on holiday in Europe with his daughter. He wanted a photo with [8] _____, but they couldn't speak the language of the country. They waited to ask a person who [9] _____ English. After the holiday, Wayne made a kind of selfie stick called the Quik Pod. People liked it very much and he sold a lot of them.

Hiroshi's selfie stick was too early, so people [10] _____ interested in it. But Wayne's selfie stick was popular because he invented it at the right time.

www.frenglish.ru

8A A murder in the family

G past simple: regular and irregular
V irregular verbs
P past simple verbs

1 PRONUNCIATION past simple verbs

a Match the verbs with the same vowel sound.

bought could drove had learned lost ~~made~~ said

1 came *made*
2 left _____
3 got _____
4 ran _____
5 saw _____
6 spoke _____
7 took _____
8 heard _____

b 8.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat.

2 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY past simple: regular and irregular

a Complete the chart.

Present	Past
They're early.	[1] *They were early.*
I'm not thirsty.	[2] _____ thirsty.
[3] _____ ill?	Was he ill?
I can hear it.	[4] _____ hear it.
[5] _____ find it.	He couldn't find it.
Can you see them?	[6] _____ see them?
[7] _____ a lot.	She studied a lot.
We don't like it.	[8] _____ it.
[9] _____ late?	Did it finish late?
He speaks French.	[10] _____ French.
[11] _____ a car.	She didn't have a car.
Do you feel tired?	[12] _____ tired?

b Read this police report. Are the **bold** phrases right (✓) or wrong (✗)? Correct the wrong phrases.

POLICE REPORT

Bank robbery

On the evening of 1st March, [1] **we arrived at the bank** at 9.36 p.m. and [2] **we park the police car outside.** The bank was closed and [3] **all the lights was off**. When we looked through the window, [4] **we saw a man** inside the bank. At first [5] **we didn't can see who it was**, but then he opened the door. [6] **It is Steven Potter**. [7] **He didn't run to his car** – he walked, and then he drove away. The next day, [8] **we go to his house at 6.00 a.m.** We found him in bed. [9] **He didn't wanted to speak to us**, so [10] **we took him to the police station** for questioning.

1 ✓ _____
2 ✗ *we parked the police car outside*
3 ☐ _____
4 ☐ _____
5 ☐ _____
6 ☐ _____
7 ☐ _____
8 ☐ _____
9 ☐ _____
10 ☐ _____



www.frenglish.ru

c Complete the questions with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

INSPECTOR Where [1] *were you* _____ at about 9.30 yesterday evening? (be)

STEVEN POTTER I was at the cinema. The film [2] *started* _____ at 9.00. (start)

I What film [3] _____? (see)

SP I can't remember. It wasn't very good.

I Hmm. Very interesting. And who [4] _____ to the cinema with? (go)

SP With my girlfriend.

I [5] _____ the film? (like)

SP Yes, she thought it was very good.

I What time [6] _____ the film _____? (finish)

SP At about 10.30.

I And what [7] _____ after you left the cinema? (do)

SP We went to a restaurant – Mamma Mia on the High Street.

I Mamma Mia? I know it. Very good spaghetti. What time [8] _____ the restaurant? (leave)

SP At about 12.00.

I That's very late. [9] _____ home after that? (go)

SP No, we went to a nightclub – Flanagan's. Then we went home.

I How? [10] _____ a taxi? (get)

SP No, we got a bus.

I And what time [11] _____ to bed? (go)

SP At about 4.00 a.m. Can I go home now? I'm tired.

I No, I'd like to ask you some more questions...

d Complete the infinitive and past forms of these irregular verbs with *a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, or *u*.

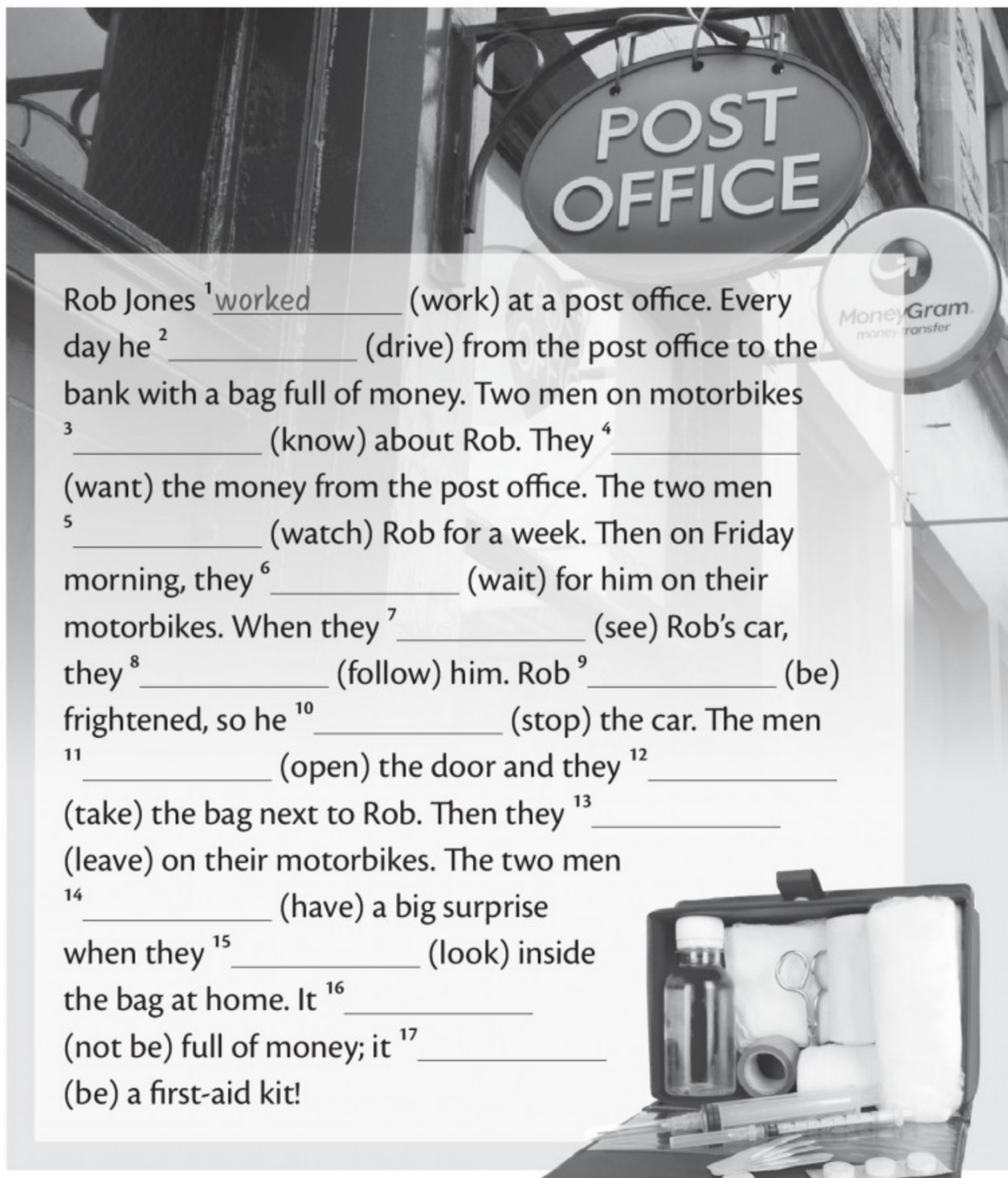
	Infinitive	Past
1	beg*i*n	beg*a*n
2	c__me	c__me
3	dr__nk	dr__nk
4	dr__ve	dr__ve
5	g__ve	g__ve
6	kn__w	kn__w
7	p__t	p__t
8	s__t	s__t
9	sw__m	sw__m
10	w__ke (up)	w__ke (up)
11	w__n	w__n
12	wr__te	wr__te

e Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs from the list.

break buy can find ~~hear~~
lose make meet take think

1 Last night we *heard* _____ a noise downstairs.
2 They _____ their friends outside the restaurant.
3 The police _____ the man's daughter was the murderer.
4 The police officer _____ the money in an old bag.
5 I _____ a detective story in the bookshop.
6 My girlfriend _____ her phone last night.
7 The man _____ a window and went into the house.
8 Somebody _____ my laptop when I was out of the room.
9 I was thirsty so I _____ a cup of tea.
10 We were worried because we _____ see a police car outside our house.

f Complete the story with the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.



Rob Jones [1] *worked* _____ (work) at a post office. Every day he [2] _____ (drive) from the post office to the bank with a bag full of money. Two men on motorbikes [3] _____ (know) about Rob. They [4] _____ (want) the money from the post office. The two men [5] _____ (watch) Rob for a week. Then on Friday morning, they [6] _____ (wait) for him on their motorbikes. When they [7] _____ (see) Rob's car, they [8] _____ (follow) him. Rob [9] _____ (be) frightened, so he [10] _____ (stop) the car. The men [11] _____ (open) the door and they [12] _____ (take) the bag next to Rob. Then they [13] _____ (leave) on their motorbikes. The two men [14] _____ (have) a big surprise when they [15] _____ (look) inside the bag at home. It [16] _____ (not be) full of money; it [17] _____ (be) a first-aid kit!

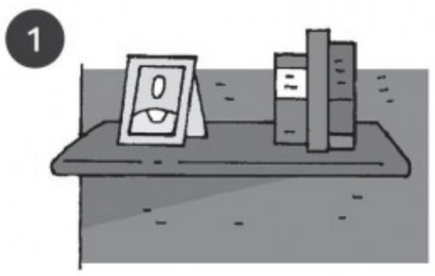
www.frenglish.ru

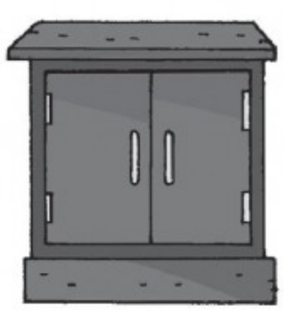
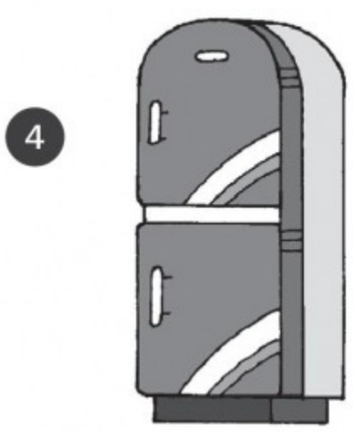
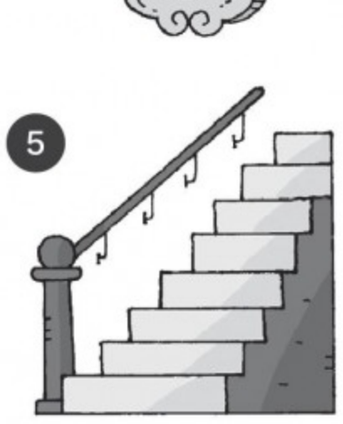
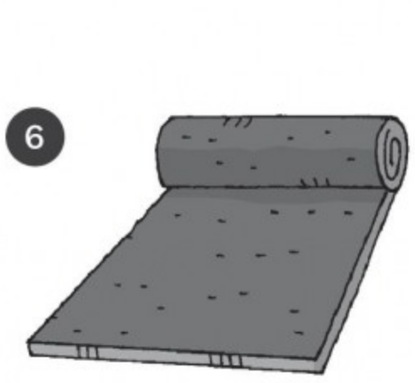
8B A house with a history

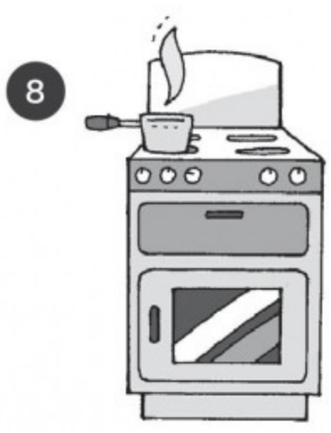
G *there is / there are, some / any* + plural nouns
V the house
P /eə/ and /ɪə/

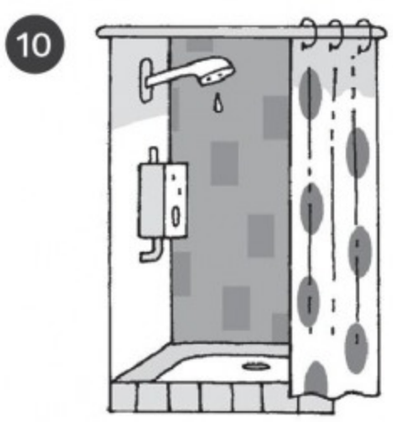
1 VOCABULARY the house

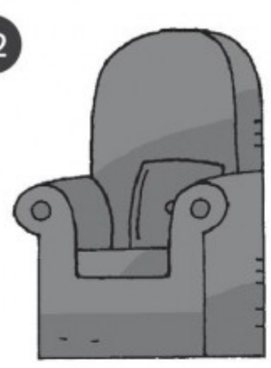
a Look at the pictures and circle the correct word.









1	carpet	shelf	bed
2	mirror	fireplace	shower
3	cooker	lamp	cupboard
4	fridge	bed	armchair
5	stairs	cooker	cupboard
6	carpet	shower	shelf
7	lamp	fireplace	stairs
8	armchair	cooker	mirror
9	stairs	bed	cupboard
10	shower	shelf	fridge
11	mirror	carpet	lamp
12	fridge	fireplace	armchair

b Write the place in the house.

1 You take off your coat in the hall.
2 You have a shower in the b_____.
3 You have dinner in the d_____ r_____.
4 You use a computer in the st_____.
5 You park your car in the g_____.
6 You make lunch in the k_____.
7 You watch TV in the l_____ r_____.
8 You sleep in the b_____.
9 You sit outside in the g_____.

c Complete the sentences with words from the list.

balcony bath ceiling dishwasher floor light microwave plant sink wall wardrobe ~~washing machine~~

1 Those clothes are dirty. Put them in the washing machine.
2 It's a beautiful morning. Let's have lunch on the hotel _____.
3 Don't leave your jacket on the bed. Put it in the _____.
4 You're late. Your dinner is in the _____.
5 This room looks empty. There aren't any pictures on the _____.
6 Does the room have a _____, or only a shower?
7 Let's have a coffee. There are some clean cups in the _____.
8 That _____ is dying. It needs some water.
9 This room is always cold because it has a high _____.
10 Don't leave your dirty plates in the _____ – please wash them!
11 It's dark. Let's turn on a _____.
12 This is the only room with a carpet on the _____.

www.frenglish.ru

2 GRAMMAR *there is / there are, some / any* + plural nouns

a Circle the correct words.

A Hello, Stef. How do you like your new flat?
B Hi, Trisha. It's great! I love it!
A What's it like? Tell me about it.
B Well, it has a large living room and [1]*there's* / *there are* a nice kitchen.
A [2]*Is there* / *Are there* a table in the kitchen?
B No, [3]*there isn't* / *there aren't*. But [4]*there's* / *there are* a dining room with a table and some chairs.
A Nice. How about bedrooms? How many bedrooms [5]*is there* / *are there*?
B [6]*There is* / *There are* three bedrooms and a bathroom.
A Is there [7]*a* / *any* shower in the bathroom?
B Yes, [8]*there is* / *there are*.
A Are there [9]*any* / *some* wardrobes in the bedroom?
B No, there aren't [10]*any* / *some* wardrobes. But there are [11]*any* / *some* shelves, and there's a cupboard.
A It sounds perfect. When can I come and see it?

b Write the sentences in the plural using *some* or *any*.

1 There's an armchair in the living room.
There are some armchairs in the living room.
2 Is there a carpet downstairs?
_____ downstairs?
3 There isn't a plant on the balcony.
_____ on the balcony.
4 There's a book on the shelf.
_____ on the shelf.
5 Is there a glass in the cupboard?
_____ in the cupboard?
6 There isn't a file in the study.
_____ in the study.

My sister is renting a flat in the city centre. [1]_It_'s a nice flat and [2]_____ isn't very expensive. [3]_____ are two rooms but [4]_____ aren't very big. [5]_____'s a small kitchen and a bathroom. [6]_____ isn't a bath in the bathroom, but [7]_____'s a new shower. The flat is on the 10th floor, so [8]_____'s a fantastic view of the city. And [9]_____'s a very large balcony with a lot of flowers. [10]_____ are beautiful in the summer!

c Complete the text with *it* / *they* or *there*.

d



Use the words to describe the room.

1 bike / wall — There's a bike on the wall.
2 sofa / bike _____
3 boxes / shelves _____
4 small table / sofa _____
5 carpet / floor _____
6 window / corner _____

e Answer the questions about *your* house / flat.

1 Do you live in a house or a flat? _____
2 Who do you live with? _____
3 How many rooms are there? What are they? _____
_____
4 What is there in the living room? _____
5 Do you like your house / flat? _____
6 Why do / don't you like it? _____

f Now write a paragraph about your home. Use your answers in **e** to help you.

I live in a flat with my parents. Our flat has three bedrooms, a living room...

3 PRONUNCIATION /eə/ and /ɪə/

a Circle the word with a different sound.

eə chair	1 th**ey're** th**ere** d**ear**
ɪə **ear**	2 b**eer** st**air**s n**ear**
eə chair	3 wh**ere** w**ear** w**e're**
ɪə **ear**	4 h**ere** h**air** h**ear**

b 8.2 Listen and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

8C Do you believe in ghosts?

- G *there was / there were*
- V prepositions: movement and place
- P silent letters

1 GRAMMAR *there was / there were*

a **Write the sentences and questions in the past simple.**

1 There's a microwave.
There was a microwave.

2 There aren't any chairs.
_____.

3 Is there a dishwasher?
_____?

4 There are some cupboards.
_____.

5 Are there any glasses?
_____?

6 There isn't a table.
_____.

b **Complete the text. Use *was*, *were*, *wasn't*, or *weren't*.**

I went on holiday to Brazil last summer, and I stayed in an amazing hotel. My room was great. There [1] *was* a large bed, and there [2] _____ some big cupboards to put my clothes in. There [3] _____ a really good shower in the bathroom, but there [4] _____ a bath. There [5] _____ three different restaurants to choose from. There [6] _____ a beautiful swimming pool in the hotel, and there [7] _____ also an amazing beach. There [8] _____ any tourists on the beach, but there [9] _____ some baby turtles. They were really beautiful!



c **Complete the conversation with a form of *there was / there were*.**

A Did you have a good holiday?
B Not really. [1] *There was* a problem with my hotel.
A Oh dear. What happened?
B Well, we couldn't swim because the swimming pool was closed. And [2] _____ any restaurants near the hotel.
A [3] _____ a minibar in your room?
B No, [4] _____ a minibar and [5] _____ a television. The only thing in my room was the bed!
A Oh. [6] _____ a bathroom?
B Yes, but [7] _____ any clean towels. Everything was very dirty.
A [8] _____ any nice people in the hotel?
B Yes, [9] _____ some great people, but they all felt the same as me – very angry!

2 VOCABULARY prepositions: movement and place

a **Match the prepositions of place to the pictures.**

behind between ~~in~~ in front of
next to on opposite over under



1 *in*



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____



5 _____



6 _____



7 _____



8 _____



9 _____

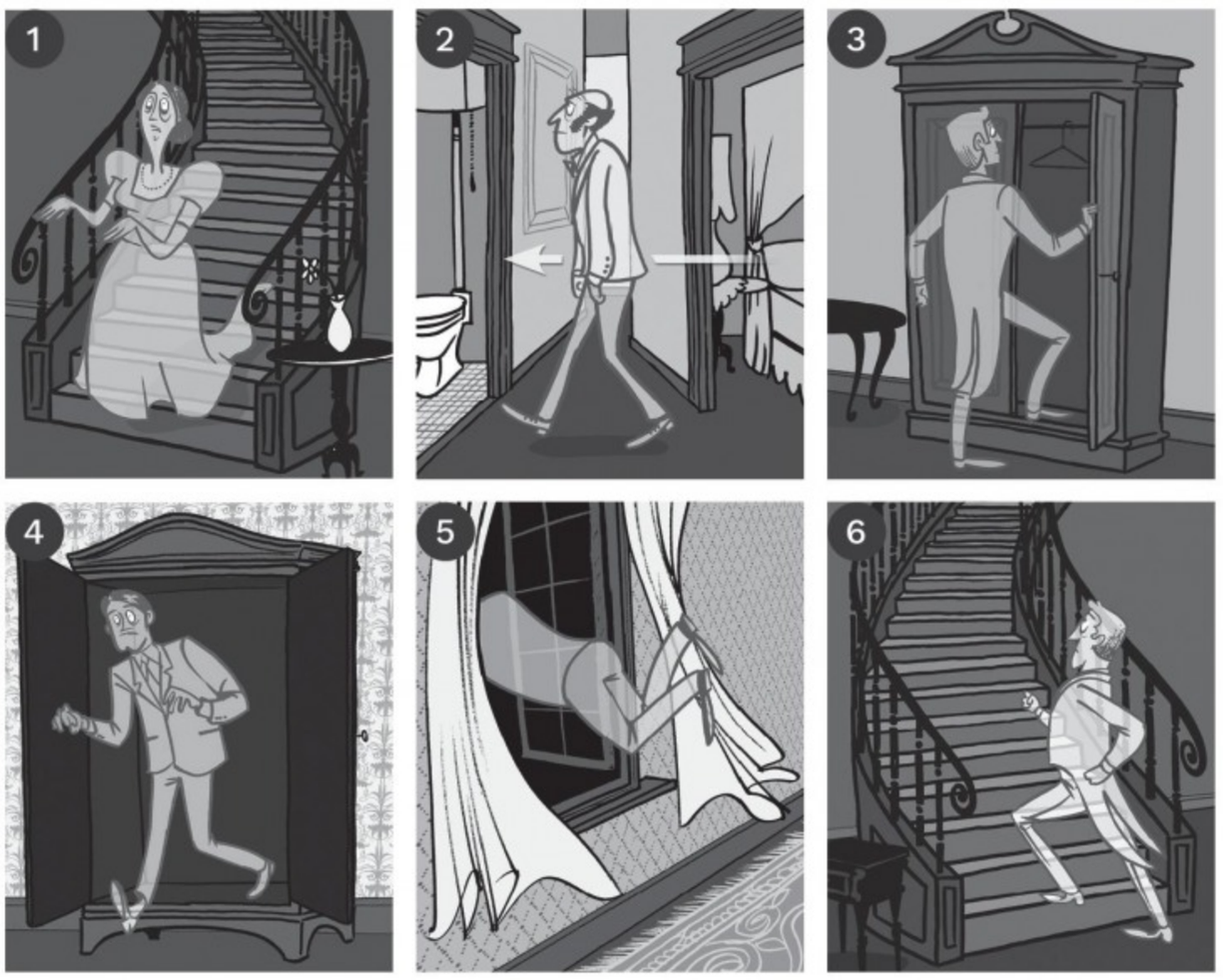
www.frenglish.ru

b Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with the words in **a**.



1 There's a family *in* _____ the dining room.
2 The boy is sitting _____ the girl.
3 The woman is _____ the man.
4 There's a ghost _____ the woman.
5 There's a bag _____ the table.
6 There are some tables _____ the family and the kitchen.
7 There's a ghost _____ the waiter.
8 There isn't any food _____ the table.
9 There's a clock _____ the kitchen door.

c Complete the sentences with words from the list.



~~down~~ from...to into out of through up

1 The ghost is going *down* _____ the stairs.
2 The ghost is going _____ the bedroom _____ the bathroom.
3 The ghost is going _____ a wardrobe.
4 The ghost is coming _____ a wardrobe.
5 The ghost is going _____ a window.
6 The ghost is going _____ the stairs.

d Complete the review of a hotel. Write sentences with a form of *there was / there were*.

1 ~~a large bed / the room~~
2 ~~some flowers / the bed~~
3 some cupboards and shelves
4 an armchair and a sofa
5 not a bath / the bathroom
6 a large window and a balcony
7 some chairs and a table
8 not any buildings



Fantastic hotel

●●●●○

We booked this hotel on the internet, and it was amazing.

[1] *There was a large bed in the room* _____, and it was very comfortable. [2] *There were some flowers on the bed* _____ when we arrived. [3] _____ for our clothes and bags, and [4] _____ to sit on. [5] _____, but there was a jacuzzi! [6] _____, and [7] _____ on the balcony. We had a beautiful view of the sea because [8] _____ in front of the hotel.

3 PRONUNCIATION silent letters

a ~~Cross out~~ the silent letters.

1 g~~h~~ost
2 cupboard
3 white
4 know
5 autumn
6 walk
7 builder
8 wrong

b 8.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

9A What's for dinner?

- G countable / uncountable nouns, *a* / *an*, *some* / *any*
- V food and drink
- P the letters *ea*

1 VOCABULARY food and drink

a Complete the words with the missing vowels.



1 t*o* *a*st



2 ch__ck__n



3 c__k__



4 j__m



5 c__r__ __l



6 b__tt__r



7 st__ __k



8 r__c__



9 ch__ps



10 c__ff__ __



11 m__lk



12 s__ __f__ __d

b Write the words in the correct column.

~~apples~~ bananas biscuits carrots chocolate crisps mushrooms nuts onions oranges peas pineapple potatoes strawberries sweets

Vegetables	Snacks	Fruit
		apples

c Complete the sentences with food words.

1 Can I have some ch*eese* on my pasta, please?
2 There's i_____ cr_____ or fruit salad for dessert.
3 I prefer f_____ to meat. Salmon is my favourite.
4 Do you take s_____ in your tea?
5 There isn't any br_____, so you can't have a sandwich.
6 We have e_____ for breakfast every morning.
7 Do you cook with butter or o_____ o_____?
8 There's a l_____, but there aren't any tomatoes so I can't make a salad.

2 GRAMMAR countable / uncountable nouns, *a* / *an*, *some* / *any*

a What did Sarah and Martin buy when they went shopping yesterday? Write *a*, *an*, or *some* in the gaps.

They bought

1 *some* _____ sausages
2 _____ lettuce
3 _____ ham
4 _____ apple
5 _____ peppers
6 _____ orange juice
7 _____ pineapple
8 _____ onion
9 _____ seafood

www.frenglish.ru

b Look at the pictures. Write *a* / *an* or *some*.



1 *an* _____ ice cream



2 *some* _____ ice cream



3 _____ coffee



4 _____ coffee



5 _____ chicken



6 _____ chicken



7 _____ cake



8 _____ cake

c Write the sentences in the positive ⊞ or negative ⊟ form.

1 There's some milk in the fridge.
⊟ There *isn't any milk in the fridge*.

2 There are some herbs in our garden.
⊟ There _____.

3 I didn't have an egg for breakfast.
⊞ I _____.

4 There isn't any sugar in my coffee.
⊞ There _____.

5 I didn't eat any snacks yesterday.
⊞ I _____.

6 There weren't any spices in the cupboard.
⊞ There _____.

7 She made a cake for his birthday.
⊟ She _____.

8 There was some bread on the table.
⊟ There _____.

d Complete the conversation with *a*, *an*, *some*, or *any*.



A What do we need to buy for our dinner party? Let's make a list.

B Well, I want to make [1] *a* _____ lasagne, so we need [2] _____ pasta and [3] _____ meat.

A Pasta...and meat. What about tomatoes? Are there [4] _____ tomatoes in the fridge?

B Let's have a look. There's [5] _____ onion, but there aren't [6] _____ tomatoes. Put those on the list, too.

A Right...tomatoes. Is there [7] _____ cheese?

B Yes, there's [8] _____ mozzarella cheese, so that's perfect.

A Let's have [9] _____ salad with the lasagne.

B OK. Then we need to buy [10] _____ lettuce.

A What about dessert? Is there [11] _____ fruit?

B No, there isn't. Let's get [12] _____ strawberries.

e Write ten things that you think are in *your* fridge.

1 *There is a lettuce.*
2 *There are some eggs.*
3 _____
4 _____
5 _____
6 _____
7 _____
8 _____
9 _____
10 _____

3 PRONUNCIATION the letters *ea*

a Circle the word with a different sound.

 tr**ee**	1 m**ea**t br**ea**kfast t**ea**
 **e**gg	2 br**ea**d h**ea**lthy ice cr**ea**m
 tr**ai**n	3 **ea**t gr**ea**t st**ea**k

b 9.1 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

9B White gold

G quantifiers: *how much / how many*, *a lot of*, etc.
V food containers
P /ʃ/ and /s/

1 VOCABULARY food containers

a Complete the words for food containers.

1 _j_ar
2 __ox
3 __arton
4 __in
5 __acket
6 __an
7 __ottle

b Complete the sentences with a container in **a**.

1 She was thirsty, so she bought a *can* of fizzy drink.
2 I gave her a _____ of chocolates to say thank you.
3 He took the _____ of strawberry jam out of the cupboard.
4 I sometimes have a _____ of crisps when I'm hungry.
5 We always take a _____ of water when we go for a walk.
6 They made some sandwiches with a _____ of tuna.
7 Do you need the scissors to open that _____ of juice?

c Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with the items in the pictures.

1 There's a *jar* of *herbs* on the shelf, but we never use them.
2 I was hungry, so I ate a _____ of _____ before dinner.
3 Can you buy a _____ of _____ for breakfast on your way home?
4 I often drink a _____ of _____ when I'm thirsty.
5 It was Dave's birthday yesterday, so he took a _____ of _____ to work.
6 Did you buy a _____ of _____? I want to make a salad.
7 We don't have any fresh vegetables, but there's a _____ of _____ in the cupboard.

2 GRAMMAR quantifiers

a Look at the phrases in **bold**. Are they right (✓) or wrong (✗)? Correct the wrong phrases.

1 We eat **a lot of vegetables**. ✓
2 **A** How much fruit did you buy?
B **Quite a lot of**. ✗
Quite a lot.
3 I don't use **much salt** when I'm cooking.
4 I only have **a few milk** on my cereal.
5 **A** How much coffee do you drink?
B **Any**. I don't like it.
6 I always have **a little biscuits** with my tea.
7 We don't eat **much snacks** between meals.
8 They don't have **any butter** on their toast.


1



2



3



4


5



6



7

www.frenglish.ru

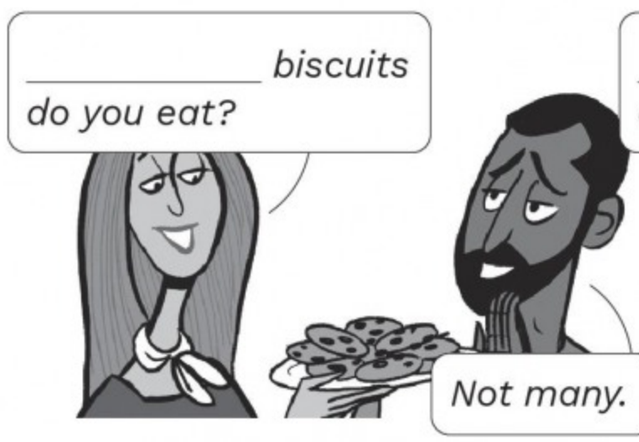
b Complete the questions. Then complete the sentences.



1 He doesn't have much salt with his meals.



2 She puts _____ _____.



3 He doesn't eat _____ _____.



4 He bought _____ _____.



5 He doesn't do _____ _____.



6 She doesn't drink _____ _____.

c Read the information and write questions.

Food facts

- There are 23 grams of sugar in an orange.
- There are about 125 calories in a banana.
- There are about 18 oranges in a carton of orange juice.
- There are 1.2 grams of salt in a bowl of cereal.
- There are six eggs in a box.
- There are 454 grams of jam in a jar.
- There are about five tomatoes in a bottle of ketchup.
- There are at least four spices in a curry.
- There are about 12 grams of butter in a croissant.
- There's usually one potato in a small packet of crisps.

1 How much sugar is there in an orange?
Answer: 23 grams.

2 _____
_____?
Answer: About 125.

3 _____
_____?
Answer: About 18.

4 _____
_____?
Answer: 1.2 grams.

5 _____
_____?
Answer: Six.

6 _____
_____?
Answer: 454 grams.

7 _____
_____?
Answer: About five.

8 _____
_____?
Answer: At least four.

9 _____
_____?
Answer: About 12 grams.

10 _____
_____?
Answer: One.

3 PRONUNCIATION /ʃ/ and /s/

a Circle the word with a different sound.

 **s**nake	1 (**s**ugar) **s**alad **c**ereal
 **sh**ower	2 **s**ure fre**sh** **s**alt
 **s**nake	3 ri**c**e **sh**opping **sc**ience
 **sh**ower	4 **sh**ort informa**ti**on **c**entre

b 9.2 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

c 9.3 Listen and repeat the sentences.

1 She saw Susan standing outside the cinema.
2 Sharon said sorry for singing in the shower.
3 Steve puts six spoons of sugar on his cereal.
4 Sylvia spends Saturdays in the shopping centre.

www.frenglish.ru

9C Quizzes and quizzers

G comparative adjectives
V high numbers
P /ə/, sentence stress

1 VOCABULARY high numbers

a Write the numbers.

1 a hundred and fifty — 150
2 five hundred and twenty _____
3 one thousand eight hundred and thirty _____
4 two thousand eight hundred _____
5 thirty thousand six hundred and forty _____
6 four hundred and seventy-five thousand _____
7 one million seven hundred thousand _____
8 eight million two hundred and fifty thousand _____

b Complete the numbers in the chart.

City	Approx. population (numbers)	Approx. population (words)
Tokyo, Japan	37,194,000	thirty-seven [1] *million* one hundred and ninety-four thousand
Shanghai, China	29,211,000	[2] _____ million two hundred _____ eleven thousand
São Paulo, Brazil	22,620,000	twenty-two million [3] _____ and twenty thousand
Mexico City, Mexico	22,281,000	twenty-two million two hundred and [4] _____
Cairo, Egypt	22,183,000	twenty-two million [5] _____ _____ thousand
New York City, USA	18,937,000	[6] _____ nine hundred and _____ thousand
Istanbul, Türkiye	15,848,000	fifteen million [7] _____ _____ thousand
Buenos Aires, Argentina	15,490,000	[8] _____ million _____

c Write the numbers in words.

1 125 — *a hundred and twenty-five*
2 895 _____
3 4,500 _____
4 12,470 _____
5 33,930 _____
6 575,600 _____
7 6,250,000 _____
8 34,860,000 _____

2 GRAMMAR comparative adjectives

a Write the comparative forms of these adjectives in the correct circle.

bad beautiful ~~cheap~~ cold comfortable difficult dirty dry far good high hungry sad thin wet

1 syllable = + *er*
cheaper

1 vowel + 1 consonant = double consonant + *er*

1 or 2 syllables ending in *y* = ~~*y*~~ *ier*

2 or more syllables = *more* + adjective

irregular

www.frenglish.ru

b **Rewrite the sentences using the opposite adjective.**

1 A lion is slower than a cheetah.
A cheetah *is faster than a lion* .

2 France is smaller than Australia.
Australia _____.

3 Manchester is wetter than London.
London _____.

4 January is longer than February.
February _____.

5 Skiing is more dangerous than swimming.
Swimming _____.

6 Fridays are better than Mondays.
Mondays _____.

7 Spain is hotter than the UK.
The UK _____.

8 Driving a car is easier than flying a plane.
Flying a plane _____.

c **Look at the pictures. Use the adjective to compare the two items.**



flight London to Venice: 3 hours



train journey: 2 days

1 **short**
The flight from London to Venice is *shorter than the train journey* .



Istanbul: 728 mm rain



Barcelona: 640 mm rain

2 **dry**
Barcelona is _____.



silver watch: £5,750



black watch: £1,500

3 **expensive**
The silver watch _____.



country house: 10 bedrooms



flat: 3 bedrooms

4 **big**
The country house _____.



Lamborghini Aventador: 350 km/h



Mercedes AMG S: 300 km/h

5 **fast**
The _____.

d **Compare your country with Britain. Write three sentences about the food, the weather, and the people.**
The food in Spain is better than the food in Britain.

3 PRONUNCIATION /ə/, sentence stress

a 9.4 **Listen and complete the sentences.**

1 A pencil *is cheaper than* a pen.
2 June _____ July.
3 The kitchen _____ the living room.
4 Apples _____ biscuits.
5 Switzerland _____ France.
6 K2 _____ Kilimanjaro.

b **Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.**

www.frenglish.ru

EPISODE 5 PICTURES OF YOU

Practical English
On Primrose Hill

going out for dinner | understanding a menu

1 VOCABULARY understanding a menu

Complete the menu with words from the list.

~~courses~~ Desserts grilled home-made
Main courses sauce soup Starters

Menu

Three [1] courses *for £22.00 or two for £18.50*

[2] _____

Chicken [3] _____
Melon with Parma ham

[4] _____

Steak with mushroom [5] _____
with vegetables
Vegetable lasagne with garlic bread
[6] _____ salmon with chips and peas

[7] _____

Chocolate brownie with vanilla ice cream
[8] _____ cheesecake

2 GOING OUT FOR DINNER

a **Re-order the words to make sentences and questions.**

1 you / order / ready / Are / to
Are you ready to order?
2 the / we / bill, / Could / please / have / _____?
3 have / we / reservation / a / Hello, _____.
4 steak, / I'll / please / the / have _____.
5 was / meal / your / How _____?
6 sparkling / Still / or _____?
7 to / would / What / drink / you / like _____?
8 for / A / two / table _____?

b **Complete the conversation with the questions and sentences in a.**

A [1] Hello, we have a reservation. The name is Miriam Kieslowski.
B Yes, here we are. [2] _____? Come this way.

B [3] _____?
A Yes. [4] _____.
C And I'd like the lasagne.
B [5] _____?
A A bottle of mineral water, please.
B [6] _____?
C Sparkling, please.

B [7] _____?
C It was great, thanks.
B Would you like a dessert?
A No, thank you. [8] _____?
B Of course.

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the conversations with the sentences from the list.

It's a beautiful evening. Sorry I'm late. ~~That's OK.~~
Wow! That's great! Yes, I'm fine.

1 **A** I'm sorry I left like that.
B That's OK.

2 **A** _____
B Yes, it is.

3 **A** I got an interview.
B _____

4 **A** _____
B No problem.

5 **A** Are you OK?
B _____

www.frenglish.ru

1–9 Can you remember...?

1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with ONE word.

1 Jack was _____ at work yesterday. I saw him there.
2 We couldn't sit down because there _____ any chairs.
3 I love your shoes! Where _____ you buy them?
4 They _____ going to play football because it's raining.
5 My wife is _____ engineer. She works for a German company.
6 Can you help me? I _____ understand the homework.

2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

1 thought swim found came
2 spoke went saw find
3 fridge microwave dishwasher housework
4 kitchen tablet bedroom hall
5 usually between opposite behind
6 sandwich milk juice tea
7 bottle carton packet spring
8 a million a hundred a month a thousand

3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

 **e**gg	1 br**ea**d l**ea**ve s**ai**d t**e**n
tr**ee**	2 gr**ea**t m**ea**t n**ie**ce thr**ee**
tr**ai**n	3 c**a**me l**ea**rn st**ea**k w**ai**ter
shower	4 deli**c**ious **sh**opping **s**ee **s**ugar
jazz	5 en**g**ineer fri**dg**e **g**arden **J**une
chess	6 arm**ch**air **ch**ef **Cz**ech kit**ch**en

4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.



Do you like [1]____ to restaurants? How often [2]____ photos of your dinner? Instagram has millions of food photos from all over the world, some [3]____ than others. There are [4]____ photos of pizza. A company called CEWE Photoworld [5]____ these Instagram photos and made a world map of where people took them. The results are quite surprising. The pizza map shows that Instagram has more photos of pizza from people [6]____ New York than from the city of Naples, its Italian home. The same is true of the popular [7]____ food, sushi. Sushi is cooked rice with [8]____, for example salmon or tuna, vegetables and sometimes tropical fruit! The sushi map shows [9]____ more photos of sushi from New York, Bangkok and Milan than from Tokyo, the capital of sushi. But burgers are a different story. The burger map shows that Instagram has more photos of [10]____ American food from London, UK than from the USA, the home of the burger.

1	**a** go	**b** goes	**c** going
2	**a** do you take	**b** you take	**c** you do take
3	**a** good	**b** best	**c** better
4	**a** a lot	**b** a lot of	**c** any
5	**a** study	**b** did study	**c** studied
6	**a** in	**b** on	**c** to
7	**a** China	**b** Japanese	**c** Japan
8	**a** fish	**b** meat	**c** snacks
9	**a** there's	**b** it is	**c** there are
10	**a** these	**b** this	**c** those

www.frenglish.ru

10A Top of the list

G superlative adjectives
V places and buildings
P consonant groups

1 VOCABULARY places and buildings

a Complete the missing vowels in the places and buildings.

1 m*u*s*e*_*u*m
2 sq__ __r__
3 str__ __t
4 h__sp__t__l
5 p__rk
6 ch__rch
7 r__ __d
8 r__v__r
9 br__dg__
10 c__stl__

b Complete the sentences with a word from each list.

A car department police post railway ~~shopping~~ town

B ~~centre~~ hall office park station (x2) store

1 Where can you visit different shops?
At a *shopping* *centre*.
2 Where can you get a train?
At a _____ _____.
3 Where can you buy a stamp?
At a _____ _____.
4 Where can you talk to a police officer?
At a _____ _____.
5 Where can you buy clothes, food, furniture, and other things?
In a _____ _____.
6 Where can you leave your car?
In a _____ _____.
7 Where do local politicians have meetings?
In the _____ _____.

c Label the pictures with the name of the place or building.



1 *post office*



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____



5 _____



6 _____



7 _____



8 _____

www.frenglish.ru

2 **GRAMMAR** superlative adjectives

a Complete the chart.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
1 high	higher	the highest
2 cold		
3 expensive		
4 sunny		
5 dangerous		
6 hot		
7 beautiful		
8 tired		
9 good		
10 bad		

b Complete the sentences with the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets and a place from the list.

~~the Antarctic~~ the Atacama Australasia India the Pacific Mali Shanghai Singapore

1 The coldest _____ place in the world is the Antarctic _____. (cold)
2 _____ ocean in the world is _____. (big)
3 _____ desert in the world is _____. (dry)
4 _____ continent in the world is _____. (small)
5 _____ city in the world is _____. (expensive)
6 _____ country in the world is _____. (hot)
7 _____ city in the world is _____. (populated)
8 _____ place in the world is _____. (wet)

c Read the text about Bristol in the UK. Write the headings in the list in the correct place.

Where to shop What to see What to do

Bristol, UK

1 _____

The most famous place is the Clifton Suspension Bridge. The most beautiful building is Bristol Museum. The tallest building is St Mary Redcliffe Church.

2 _____

The oldest theatre is the Old Vic. The best place for children is the Bristol Zoo Project. The biggest park is Ashton Court.

3 _____

The largest shopping centre is The Mall. The most expensive department store is Harvey Nichols.



d Write FIVE sentences about your town or city.

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

3 **PRONUNCIATION** consonant groups

a 10.1 Listen and complete the sentences.

1 It's the cheapest _____ place to live.
2 It's the _____ mountain in the world.
3 He's the _____ person in the family.
4 It's the _____ village in the country.
5 It's the _____ language to learn.
6 It's the _____ city in the area.
7 They're the _____ couple I know.
8 She's the _____ person in the class.

b Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

www.frenglish.ru

10B In the footsteps of Marco Polo

G *be going to* (plans), future time expressions
V city holidays
P sentence stress

1 GRAMMAR *be going to* (plans)

a Re-order the words to make sentences.

1 **A** What are you going to do tonight?
B I'm going to see _____ a film.
('m / see / going / I / to)

2 **A** What's Amy going to do at university?
B _____ languages.
(going / 's / to / study / She)

3 **A** How are you going to get to Scotland?
B _____ there.
(drive / going / 're / We / to)

4 **A** What are you going to get Monika for her birthday?
B _____ her some flowers.
(to / I / give / 'm / going)

5 **A** What are they going to have for dinner?
B _____ takeaway pizza.
('re / to / They / order / going)

6 **A** Where's Tom going to live when he goes to university?
B _____ a flat.
(rent / 's / going / He / to)

b Complete the sentences with the correct form of *going to* and the words in brackets.

1 Are they going to leave early? (they / leave)
2 _____ our friends the city. (we / show)
3 _____ nice meals in local restaurants. (they / have)
4 _____ with a friend? (you / stay)
5 _____ the museum. (they / not visit)
6 _____ the sights? (they / see)
7 _____ a lot of people. (he / meet)
8 _____ on holiday this year. (she / not go)
9 _____ on the sofa? (I / sleep)
10 _____ alone? (David / go)
11 _____ there. (I / not fly)
12 _____ four days with us. (Sara / spend)

c Complete the conversation. Use the correct form of *going to* and the verbs in brackets.



A So, what [1] are you going to do (do) this summer?
B I [2] _____ (go) to Denmark,
A Really? Where [3] _____ (stay)?
B This year, I [4] _____ (not / stay) in hotels. Instead, I [5] _____ (live) on an organic farm for three weeks.
A Oh! That's an interesting idea!
B Yeah, I [6] _____ (help) on the farm.
A [7] _____ your girlfriend _____ (go) with you?
B No, she doesn't like this kind of holiday. She [8] _____ (drive) to south Wales with some friends. They [9] _____ (spend) all day on the beach and they [10] _____ (dance) all night. My holiday [11] _____ (be) different. I [12] _____ (meet) lots of new people and see a new place.

2 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a 10.2 Listen and underline the stressed words.

1 How are you going to get there?
2 Where are you going to stay?
3 We're going to stay for a week.
4 I'm going to see the sights.
5 We aren't going to go by car.
6 I'm not going to stay in a hotel.

b Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

www.frenglish.ru

3 **VOCABULARY** city holidays

a Match the words to make phrases.

1	stay	c	a	in local restaurants
2	visit	____	b	souvenirs
3	eat	____	~~c~~	~~in a hostel~~
4	rent	____	d	a good time
5	buy	____	e	a flat
6	have	____	f	new people
7	go	____	g	museums
8	book	____	h	by train
9	meet	____	i	accommodation

b Complete the sentences with the phrases in **a**.

1 Jamie doesn't want to spend a lot of money, so he's going to *stay in a hostel*.
2 I really don't like flying, so I'm going to _____.
3 My friends aren't going to cook this holiday; they're going to _____.
4 Ruby couldn't find a nice hotel last year, so this year she's going to _____ before she leaves.
5 There are a lot of activities in the hotel, so they're going to _____.
6 It's cheaper to _____ at the market than at the airport.
7 There are lots of different nationalities in my group, so I'm going to _____.
8 We're going to go to the beach when it's sunny and _____ when it rains.
9 There are six of us, so we're going to _____ together.



c Complete the **You** column in the chart about your next holiday. Then write + or – sentences.




	Jamal	Owen and Clara	You
go on holiday with friends	1 ✓	6 ✗	11
go by car	2 ✓	7 ✗	12
rent a house	3 ✗	8 ✓	13
eat in local restaurants	4 ✓	9 ✗	14
visit different places	5 ✗	10 ✓	15

Jamal

1 *Jamal is going to go on holiday with friends.*
2 He's going to _____.
3 He isn't _____.
4 He _____.
5 _____.

Owen and Clara

6 Owen and Clara _____.
7 They _____.
8 _____.
9 _____.
10 _____.

You

11 I _____.
12 _____.
13 _____.
14 _____.
15 _____.

www.frenglish.ru

10C The cards don't lie

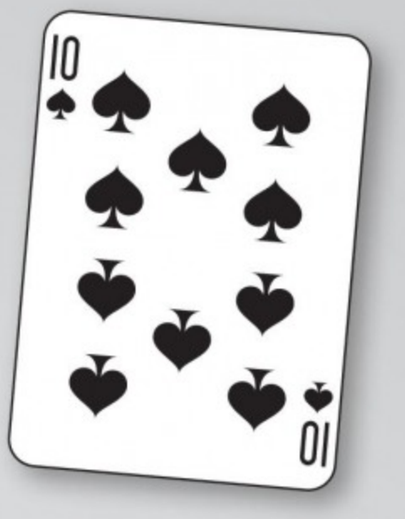
G *be going to* (predictions)
V playing cards
P the letters *ear*

1 VOCABULARY playing cards

a Look at the pictures. Circle the correct word.



1 the *queen* / *king* of hearts



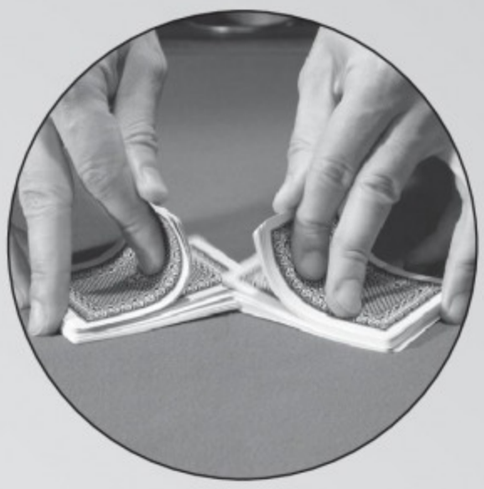
2 the ten of *clubs* / *spades*



3 a *jack* / *joker*



4 the *ace* / *king* of clubs



5 *mix* / *shuffle* (the cards)



6 the seven of *diamonds* / *hearts*



7 the *ace* / *queen* of spades



8 a *group* / *pack* of cards



9 the *jack* / *joker* of hearts

b Complete the sentences with the words or phrases in **a**.

1 The ten of spades is higher than the nine.
2 _____ is lower than the king.
3 You need _____ to play this game.
4 I have the seven of hearts, spades and clubs. I only need the _____ to complete the set.
5 You usually _____ the cards before you start playing.
6 _____ is the highest spade in the pack.
7 I have the nine, ten and queen of hearts; I only need _____ to win.
8 Some games use _____ as an extra playing card.
9 _____ is higher than the queen of clubs.

2 PRONUNCIATION the letters *ear*

a Complete the chart with words from the list.

appear ~~dear~~ earn hear heart learn year

ear	*dear*
b**ir**d	
c**ar**	

b 10.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

3 GRAMMAR *be going to* (predictions)

a Are the sentences right (✓) or wrong (✗)? Correct the wrong sentences.

1 **She's going to have** a baby next month. ✓

2 **Is going to be** sunny tomorrow? ✗
Is it going to be

3 **I'm not going to finish** work late tonight.

4 I'm sure **Paul going to have** a great time.

5 Be careful! **You're going fall**.

6 **Am I going to like** this book?

7 **You not going to remember** my birthday.

8 I think **she's going to get** the job.

9 I think **they're to be** famous one day.

10 What **he is going to do**?

b Complete the sentences with the correct form of *be going to*. Use the words in brackets.

1 The film starts in five minutes. I think *they're going to be* late. (they / be)

2 Anton moved to the USA last month, but I don't think _____ happy there. (he / be)

3 I slept all afternoon. _____ tonight. (I / not sleep)

4 How was the exam? _____? (you / pass)

5 That restaurant is always empty. I think _____. (it / close)

6 Our team are terrible! _____ today. (we / not win)

7 The film was amazing. _____ it. (you / enjoy)

8 Do you have an umbrella? I think _____. (it / rain)

9 He didn't eat any lunch. I think _____ hungry. (he / be)

10 They got engaged last month, and I think _____ married soon. (they / get)

c Look at the pictures. Write sentences with *be going to* and a phrase from the list.

become famous get a lot of money
get married have a surprise ~~move house~~
travel to different countries



1 *They're going to move house.*



2 She's going to _____.



3 _____.



4 _____.



5 _____.



6 _____.

www.frenglish.ru

11A Culture shock

G adverbs (manner and modifiers)
V common adverbs
P connected speech

1 GRAMMAR adverbs

a Complete the chart.

Adjective	Adverb
1 *bad*	badly
careful	2
3	easily
fast	4
5	well
healthy	6
7	incredibly
possible	8
9	quietly
real	10

b Are the words in **bold** adjectives or adverbs? Write **adj** (adjective) or **adv** (adverb).

1 Please drive **carefully**. *adv*
2 I had a **bad** day yesterday. *adj*
3 Her daughter works **hard**. _____
4 Calvin plays the piano quite **well**. _____
5 This road is very **dangerous**. _____
6 He's a **fast** learner. _____
7 You speak **beautiful** English. _____
8 Dave speaks **fast**. _____
9 That's a **hard** question. _____
10 Eleni's pizzas are **incredible**. _____

c Circle the correct word.

1 Kiko cooks *real* / *really* well.
2 I love my phone. It's *easy* / *easily* to use.
3 We walked *quick* / *quickly* to the station.
4 He's very *quiet* / *quietly*. He never says anything!
5 My French is *bad* / *badly*.
6 Come here! The view is *incredible* / *incredibly*.
7 Can you speak more *slow* / *slowly*, please?
8 Diego speaks *good* / *well* English.
9 She's a *good* / *well* footballer.
10 I eat a lot of *healthy* / *healthily* food.

d Complete the sentences with the words in brackets as an adjective or adverb.



1 They don't eat *healthily* . (healthy)
2 She wears *expensive* clothes. (expensive)
3 I can't swim very _____. (good)
4 My wife and I have quite _____ jobs. (stressful)
5 Natasha plays the guitar _____. (beautiful)
6 I play football _____. (bad)
7 She never speaks _____ to me. (polite)
8 Was it a _____ party? (good)
9 Martina opened the door _____. (quiet)
10 I think this exercise is very _____. (easy)

2 PRONUNCIATION connected speech

a 11.1 Listen and complete the sentences.

1 I *did it* _____ quickly.
2 I went to _____ the morning.
3 We often _____ air.
4 Wow! _____ sky.
5 It's _____ raining.
6 He _____ day.
7 She _____ tickets.
8 I _____ mornings.

b Listen again and repeat. Copy the rhythm.

www.frenglish.ru



3 **VOCABULARY** common adverbs

a Complete the chart.

Adjective	Adverb
calm	[1] *calmly*
beautiful	[2]
fluent	[3]
good	[4]
hard	[5]
loud	[6]
patient	[7]
polite	[8]
serious	[9]

b Complete the sentences with the adverbs in **a**.

1 He asked me *politely* to move my car.
2 Emma sings _____. She wants to be an opera singer.
3 My father never gets stressed and he always behaves _____ in a crisis.
4 Colette's mother is from Paris, so she speaks French _____.
5 I find it hard to wait _____ in a queue.
6 My grandmother talks _____ when she wants my grandfather to hear her.
7 I work _____ during the week, so I like to relax at the weekend.
8 My sister dresses _____, but her husband always wears old clothes.
9 They don't laugh a lot because they take life _____.

c Look at the picture. Describe the actions. Use the verbs from **A** and adverbs formed from the adjectives from **B**.

A cycle ~~drive~~ sing speak talk wait walk work

B beautiful dangerous fast hard loud patient polite ~~slow~~

1 *He's driving slowly.*
2 They're _____.
3 She's _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.
6 _____.
7 _____.
8 _____.

www.frenglish.ru

11B It's on my list

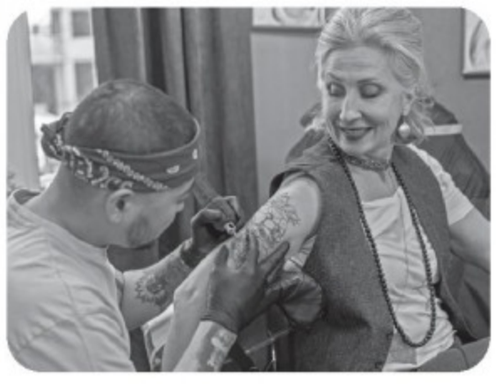
G verb + *to* + infinitive
V more verb phrases
P weak *to*, sentence stress

1 VOCABULARY more verb phrases

a Look at the pictures. Circle the correct word.



1 *swim* / *ride* a horse on the beach



2 *get* / *go* a tattoo



3 *learn* / *be* to play an instrument



4 *read* / *see* the sun rise



5 *travel* / *do* a bungee jump



6 *go* / *get* on a cruise



7 *learn* / *read* a classic novel



8 *see* / *travel* to all seven continents



9 *swim* / *ride* with dolphins



10 *do* / *be* an extra on TV

b Complete the sentences with verbs from the list.

be ~~do~~ go learn read ride see swim travel

1 I wouldn't like to *do* a bungee jump. I don't like high places.
2 They want to _____ to scuba dive in the Maldives.
3 I hope to _____ a classic novel next year.
4 Jada is going to Tromsø in Norway to _____ the Northern Lights.
5 My dream is to _____ a horse on the beach.
6 We hope to _____ to all seven continents in the future.
7 Would you like to _____ on a blind date?
8 Calvin's excited because he's going to _____ an extra in a film.
9 Where in the world can you _____ with dolphins?

2 GRAMMAR verb + *to* + infinitive

a Complete the sentences with *to* + a verb from the list.

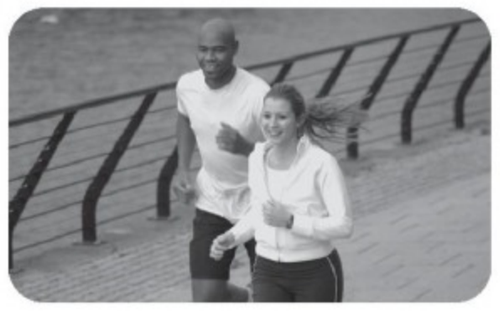
arrive buy call get put sell speak ~~turn off~~

1 I sometimes forget *to turn off* the lights before I go to bed.
2 They decided _____ their car because they didn't use it.
3 I tried _____ my sister, but she didn't answer.
4 You forgot _____ sugar in my tea.
5 He promised _____ early, but then he was late.
6 She chose _____ a job and not to go to university.
7 He wanted _____ some new clothes, so he went to the shopping centre.
8 She learned _____ Spanish when she lived in Mexico.

b Look at the pictures and complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use *to* + infinitive or verb + *-ing*.



1 He's trying *to sleep*. (sleep)



2 They like *doing* sport. (do)

www.frenglish.ru



3 She needs _____ a new phone. (buy)



4 They're planning _____ to Italy. (go)



5 She doesn't mind _____. (cook)



6 He'd like _____ a coffee. (have)



7 She's learning _____. (read)



8 He loves _____ tennis. (play)

c **Complete the conversations with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets and the correct form of the verbs from the list. Use *to* + infinitive or verb + *-ing*.**

be become buy ~~call~~ drive get up go watch

1 **A** Why are you angry with your boyfriend?
B Because he always *forgets to call* me. (forget)

2 **A** Why are you calling a taxi?
B Because I _____ home. (want)

3 **A** Does Scott like shopping?
B Yes, he _____ clothes. (love)

4 **A** Is your sister in a band?
B Yes, she is. She _____ famous. (hope)

5 **A** Why are you going to bed now?
B Because I _____ early. (need)

6 **A** Why do you like your neighbours?
B Because they always _____ friendly. (try)

7 **A** Why are you turning on the TV?
B Because I _____ the news. (would like)

8 **A** Why does your wife get the train to work?
B Because she _____ in the city centre. (hate)

d **Write sentences or questions with *would like*. Use contractions where possible.**

1 he / move abroad –
He wouldn't like to move abroad.

2 you / see a tennis match at Wimbledon ?
_____?

3 we / go on a safari +
_____.

4 I / learn to play chess +
_____.

5 she / do a bungee jump –
_____.

6 they / travel to all seven continents ?
_____?

e **Use the words to write questions. Use the present simple form of the verbs.**

1 where / want / go / next summer
Where do you want to go next summer?

2 which / places / want / visit
_____?

3 when / hope / retire
_____?

4 what / sometimes forget / take / on holiday
_____?

5 what / need / buy / this week
_____?

6 when / try / do English homework
_____?

f **Answer the questions in e about you.**

1 I want to go _____.
2 _____.
3 _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.
6 _____.

3 PRONUNCIATION weak *to*, sentence stress

a **11.2 Listen and complete the sentences.**

1 They're _____ Paris.
2 I _____ you again.
3 She _____ the answer.
4 You _____ here at 8.00.
5 I _____ the TV.
6 Did you _____ some milk?

b **Listen again and repeat. Copy the rhythm.**

www.frenglish.ru

11C Download the app

G definite article: *the* or no *the*
V phones and apps
P *the*

1 VOCABULARY phones and apps

a Match the verbs 1–8 to the words a–h.

1	download	*e*	a	a video
2	listen	____	b	a game
3	book	____	c	directions
4	read	____	d	your steps
5	play	____	~~e~~	~~a new app~~
6	count	____	f	a flight
7	get	____	g	the news headlines
8	make	____	h	to a playlist

b ~~Cross out~~ the verb in each group you can't use with the word.

1	take share ~~make~~	a photo
2	message send videocall	a friend
3	count share stream	a video
4	download message read	a book
5	book send receive	an email
6	get read count	information about your health

c Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs from the list.

book download get listen message share stream ~~videocall~~

1 When I was ill, I *videocalled* my friends every day.
2 When I made dinner last night, I _____ to my son's playlist.
3 When my niece got married, she _____ the video of her wedding with all her friends.
4 When Ivan decided to get fit, he _____ a new app to count his steps.
5 When we couldn't find our hotel, we _____ directions from a friendly taxi driver.
6 Caprice was late for work so she _____ me before the meeting.
7 When we couldn't go to the concert, we _____ a video of it instead.
8 When my friends invited me to Istanbul, I _____ a flight immediately.

2 GRAMMAR definite article

a Circle the correct words.

1 Can you open *fridge* / *the fridge* for me, please?
2 Did you go to *bed* / *the bed* early last night?
3 I usually have *dinner* / *the dinner* at half past six.
4 I don't like *romantic films* / *the romantic films*. They're boring.
5 Excuse me, how much are *shoes* / *the shoes* in the window?
6 *Burgers* / *The burgers* in this restaurant are amazing.
7 Did you see *moon* / *the moon* last night? It was really beautiful.
8 She's *nicest* / *the nicest* person I know.
9 *Vegetarians* / *The vegetarians* don't eat meat.
10 I never go to work by *bus* / *the bus*.

b Correct the mistakes in **B**'s answers.

1 **A** Where were you yesterday?
B At ~~the~~ work.

2 **A** What do you do?
B I'm engineer.

3 **A** Where's the milk?
B In a fridge.

4 **A** What's that?
B A identity card.

5 **A** How often do you go?
B Twice the week.

6 **A** What music do you like?
B The rock music.

7 **A** How did you get there?
B By a car.

8 **A** Where did you find it?
B On internet.

www.frenglish.ru

c Complete the sentences with *the* or – (no article).

1 We had – _____ lunch at a nice Japanese restaurant.
2 I learned to swim in *the* _____ sea.
3 It's _____ newest model on the market.
4 I don't think _____ young children need smartphones.
5 Did you see _____ match? Manchester City won.
6 Did you read _____ my boyfriend's message?
7 Can you open _____ door for me, please?
8 We travelled by _____ train when we were in Italy.

d Complete the conversation with *the* or – (no article).

A How often do you change your phone?
B Quite often. I like having [1] *the* _____ most recent model. I usually only keep my phone for about a year.
A What do you use your phone for most?
B Probably [2] _____ internet. And messaging. You know, things like WhatsApp and Messenger.
A So you don't use it much to talk to [3] _____ people?
B No, not very often. I prefer to send [4] _____ messages.
A What other apps do you use a lot?
B I have a sports news app because I love [5] _____ football and Formula 1. I use that quite a lot. And I have some games I like playing. I sometimes videocall [6] _____ my brother because he's living in Germany at [7] _____ moment.
A Do you like reading on your phone?
B It depends. I don't like reading [8] _____ books on my phone, but I read the news headlines on [9] _____ BBC website on my way to [10] _____ work.
A Do you have any unusual apps that you sometimes use?
B I have a 'sleep tracker' app.
A What does [11] _____ app do?
B It tells me when to go to [12] _____ bed and when to wake up. I also have an app that counts [13] _____ calories. It helps me plan what to have for [14] _____ breakfast, lunch and dinner.

e What do you use your phone for? Complete the sentences for you. Write an adverb of frequency (*sometimes*, *usually*, etc.) in the first space.

1 I *sometimes* share *photos of my cats on Facebook*.
2 I _____ read _____.
3 I _____ message _____.
4 I _____ stream _____.
5 I _____ send _____.
6 I _____ book _____.
7 I _____ download _____.
8 I _____ videocall _____.

3 PRONUNCIATION *the*

a Say the pairs of words and decide if *the* is pronounced the same or is different. Write **S** (same) or **D** (different).

1	the song	the video	S
2	the letter	the email	D
3	the art gallery	the museum	___
4	the app	the internet	___
5	the milk	the orange juice	___
6	the architect	the engineer	___
7	the keys	the umbrella	___

b 11.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.



www.frenglish.ru

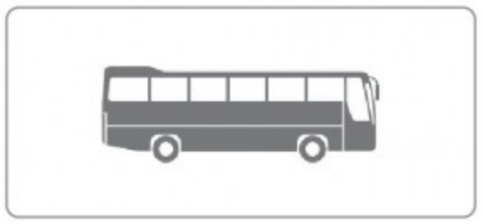
EPISODE 6 PICTURES OF YOU

Practical English
Good news, bad news

using public transport Ⓥ public transport

1 VOCABULARY public transport

a Look at the pictures. Write the words.



1 coach



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____

b Complete the sentences with a vehicle from the list.

~~bike~~ car motorbike train van

1 A bike is a cheap and healthy way to travel.
2 It's useful to have a _____ when you want to travel with a lot of things.
3 A _____ usually travels between cities and stops at towns on the way.
4 You sometimes find a lot of traffic when you travel by _____.
5 It's sometimes faster to travel by _____ in a city.

2 USING PUBLIC TRANSPORT

Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.

And when would you like it for?
~~Can I book a taxi from 24 Hill Street~~
Can I pay by card? How much is it? Where to?

1 **A** Hello, AB cabs. How can I help?
B Hello. [1] Can I book a taxi from 24 Hill Street, please?
A Of course. [2] _____
B Liverpool Lime Street station, please.
A [3] _____
B As soon as possible.
A OK. About ten minutes.
B Thanks. [4] _____
A That's £9.50.
B [5] _____
A Yes, of course.

Can I have a ticket to Manchester Airport?
Do you need a receipt? Single or return?
Which platform is it?

2 **A** Can I help?
B Yes. [6] _____
As soon as possible, please.
A No problem. The next train is at 18.00.
B OK. That's fine.
A [7] _____
B Single.
A That's £11.60. Cash or card?
B Card, please.
A [8] _____
B No, thank you. [9] _____
A Platform 13.
B Thanks.

3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.

Good luck! How did it go? I hope so. It depends.
What a relief! ~~a little bit.~~

1 **A** Are you nervous?
B Well, a little bit.

2 **A** _____ I hope you get the job.
B Thanks.

3 **A** When are you going to come back?
B I don't know. In a month or two. _____

4 **A** Your nephew's in hospital, but he's OK.
B _____

5 **A** Tell me about the exam. _____
B It went very well.

6 **A** I'm sure you're going to pass your driving test.
B _____ Driving lessons are very expensive!

www.frenglish.ru

1–11 Can you remember...?

1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1 We *drove* _____ to the restaurant and parked outside. (drive)
2 I promise _____ you when I arrive at my hotel. (call)
3 She doesn't usually dress casually at work, but today she _____ jeans and a T-shirt. (wear)
4 Is New York _____ than London? (big)
5 Ana's husband _____ football on TV every evening. (watch)
6 I hate _____ shopping on Saturday mornings, because there are always a lot of people. (go)

2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

1 theatre museum balcony town hall
2 bridge street square rice
3 forget your bag meet somebody new fall in love get married
4 seriously ugly calmly patiently
5 download share stream fog
6 need playlist want like
7 pianist footballer daughter police officer
8 chemist's supermarket souvenir department store

3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

tr**ai**n	1 gr**ea**t beh**a**ve m**ea**t st**ay**
b**i**ke	2 pol**i**ce surpr**i**se dec**i**de fl**igh**t
ch**air**	3 c**are**ful wh**ere** sh**are** w**ere**
ear	4 h**ere** cer**ea**l th**ea**tre th**ere**
ph**o**ne	5 p**o**st c**oa**ch c**o**me h**o**pe
c**o**mput**er**	6 comfort**a**ble t**a**ble veget**a**ble cere**a**l

4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Complete the text. Write ONE word in each space.



Many people use their phones when [1] *they* _____ are walking in the street. This can be very dangerous, especially when they need [2] _____ cross a road. Some cities have trams, and these are worse [3] _____ cars because they are quieter. People don't hear [4] _____ when they are crossing the tram lines and looking at their phones. In some cities in Germany, [5] _____ are now special lights in the ground next to tram crossings. They are similar to traffic lights: they're green when people [6] _____ cross safely and red when a tram [7] _____ coming. Augsburg and Cologne had these lights first, but now other cities [8] _____ also trying to help. In Munich, some tram crossings send [9] _____ message when a tram is coming. People with a special app receive [10] _____ message. Some cities in the USA have talking buses. When the buses are going to turn a corner, they tell people in the street that they are coming. In the city of Chongqing in China, people can choose where they [11] _____ to walk on the pavement: on the side for people with phones or on the side for people without them. The important thing in all these places is that people [12] _____ safe.

www.frenglish.ru

12A It's a classic!

G present perfect
V irregular past participles
P sentence stress

1 GRAMMAR present perfect

a Circle the correct word.

1 Sorry, I'm late. *Has* / *Have* the match started?
2 She *hasn't* / *haven't* seen this film before.
3 *Has* / *Have* you checked your emails this morning?
4 Anna *has* / *have* seen all the *Mission Impossible* films.
5 I *hasn't* / *haven't* read this book.
6 *Has* / *Have* Deepak booked the tickets for tonight?
7 We *hasn't* / *haven't* used Netflix before.
8 Can you open the door? Phil and Ellie *has* / *have* arrived.

b Write sentences with the present perfect and the words in **bold**.

1 **you** / **read** / ***The Death of Vivek Oji***? It's fantastic!
Have you read The Death of Vivek Oji?
2 **my brother** / **decide** / **to get a new job**. He isn't very happy at work.
_____.
3 **I** / **not study** / **for the exam**. I didn't have time.
_____.
4 **they** / **see** / **the film**, but they didn't like it.
_____.
5 **he** / **not answer** / **my email**. Perhaps he's on holiday.
_____.
6 **you** / **call** / **your brother**? It's his birthday today.
_____?
7 **I** / **finish** / **the first series**. Now I'm going to start the second.
_____.
8 **they** / **share** / **their holiday photos on social media**? I want to see them.
_____?

c Complete the conversation with the present perfect form of the verbs in brackets.

A [1]*Have you heard* (you / hear) of Rosamund Lupton?
B Yes, I [2]_____ (read) one of her books.
A Really? Which book [3]_____ (you / read)?
B *The Quality of Silence*. I thought it was great!
A [4]_____ (you / see) the film?
B No, but my friend Lara [5]_____ (see) it. She loved it! Was it Lupton's first book?
A No, I think it was *Sister*, but I [6]_____ (not read) it.
B Oh yes! I [7]_____ (hear) of it. I think there's a film, too.

2 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a 12.1 Listen and complete the sentences.

1 I _____ twice.
2 We _____ that TV series.
3 They _____ abroad.
4 _____ his homework?
5 _____ what to do?
6 Paul _____ the exam.

b 12.2 Listen and underline the stressed words.



A Have you read *The Hunger Games* books?
B No, I haven't.
A Have you seen the films?
B Yes, I have. I've seen all of them.

c Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

www.frenglish.ru

3 **VOCABULARY** irregular past participles

a Write the past simple forms and past participles of these irregular verbs in the chart.

Infinitive	Past simple	Past participle
1 buy	bought	bought
2 fall		
3 give		
4 hear		
5 leave		
6 read		
7 see		
8 tell		

b Use past participles from the chart in **a** to complete the sentences.

1 My sister's very happy. She's fallen in love.

2 Oh no! I've _____ my jacket in the restaurant.

3 Sorry, I can't make you a coffee. I haven't _____ any milk.

4 **A** This is a great book.
B I know. I've already _____ it.

5 I remember this film now. I've _____ it before.

6 My girlfriend has _____ us tickets to see *The Lion King* at the theatre.

7 **A** Have you _____ Jason's good news?
B Yes, he's going to get married.

8 **A** Has Isabel _____ you about her party?
B Yes, it's on Saturday but I can't go.

c Complete the **You** column in the chart. Then use the information to write questions and answers.





	Leanne	Corina and Neil	You
meet a famous person	1 ✓	5 ✗	9
leave a bag in the cinema	2 ✗	6 ✓	10
read a book in English	3 ✗	7 ✓	11
fall asleep during a film	4 ✓	8 ✗	12

Leanne

1 Has Leanne met a famous person? _____
Yes, she has. _____

2 Has she _____?
No, she _____.

3 Has _____?
No, _____.

4 _____?
_____.

Corina and Neil

5 Have _____?
_____.

6 _____?
_____.

7 _____?
_____.

8 _____?
_____.

You

9 Have you _____?
_____.

10 _____?
_____.

11 _____?
_____.

12 _____?
_____.

www.frenglish.ru

12B Let's go out for dinner!

G present perfect or past simple?
V learning irregular verbs
P irregular past participles

1 GRAMMAR present perfect or past simple?

a Underline examples of the present perfect form and circle examples of the past simple.

A [1]Have you been on holiday recently?
B Yes, last month.
A [2]Where did you go?
B [3]We went to Ibiza for a week.

A [4]Has Jessie gone out?
B Yes, I think so.
A [5]Where's she gone?
B [6]I think she's gone to a friend's house.
A [7]What time did she go?
B [8]She went about an hour ago.

A [9]Have you ever tried Greek food?
B No, never.

b Complete the sentences with *been* or *gone*.

1 Has Paulo *gone* home? He isn't at his desk.
2 Have you ever *been* to Disneyland?
3 It's late so the children have _____ to bed.
4 Kerry isn't here. She's _____ for a walk.
5 Your hair's shorter. Have you _____ to the hairdresser's?
6 We've _____ shopping, so the fridge is full.
7 I've _____ to the gym, so I need to have a shower.
8 My parents are out. They've _____ to the supermarket.
9 My friends are away. They've _____ on holiday.
10 My girlfriend has never _____ abroad.

c Complete the questions with the present perfect or past simple form of the verbs in brackets. Then complete the short answers.



A Have [1]*you ever been* to Australia? (you / ever / be)
B Yes, I [2]_____.
A When [3]_____ there? (you / go)
B I [4]_____ to Sydney a few years ago. (go)



A Where's Megan? [5]_____? (she / go out)
B I think so. She [6]_____ about five minutes ago. (leave)
A Where [7]_____? (go)
B I don't know. She [8]_____. (not say)



A [9]_____ to the new Italian restaurant? (you / be)
B Yes, we [10]_____.
A [11]_____ it? (you / like)
B Yes, we [12]_____. The food was great!

www.frenglish.ru

2 **VOCABULARY** learning irregular verbs

a Write the past simple forms and past participles of these irregular verbs in the chart.

Infinitive	Past simple	Past participle
1 be	was / were	been
2 do		
3 eat		
4 get		
5 have		
6 lose		
7 meet		
8 speak		
9 sing		
10 win		

b Complete the sentences with past participles from the chart in **a**.

1 Sorry, I've *eaten* all the biscuits. Can you buy some more?
2 She needs to sit down because she's _____ a shock!
3 I'm going to be late. I've _____ the car keys.
4 I've _____ my boyfriend's mother, but not his father.
5 She's nervous because she's never _____ a song in public before.
6 Marco's _____ his homework, so he's going out.
7 I haven't _____ to Charlotte recently. Is she OK?
8 I've _____ to Spain, but not Portugal.
9 I can't believe it! I've _____ £10,000!
10 Have you heard about Sofia and Daniel? They've _____ married!



c Use the words to write two questions: the first in the present perfect, the second in the past simple.

1 see a Fellini film
Have you ever seen a Fellini film?
What film did you see?
2 do a bungee jump
Have you ever _____?
Where did _____?
3 eat Indian food
Have _____?
What _____?
4 win any money
_____?
How much _____?
5 get lost
_____?
Where _____?
6 meet a famous person
_____?
Who _____?

d Answer the questions in **c** for you.

1 *I've seen a Fellini film. I saw La Dolce Vita.*
OR *I've never seen a Fellini film.*
2 _____.
3 _____.
4 _____.
5 _____.
6 _____.

3 **PRONUNCIATION** irregular past participles

a Circle the word with a different vowel sound.

fish	horse	egg	up	train	phone
1	2	3	4	5	6
g**i**ven	f**ou**nd	l**e**ft	c**o**me	t**a**ken	br**o**ken
wr**i**tten	th**ou**ght	h**ear**d	d**o**ne	m**a**de	kn**ow**n
s**ee**n	c**au**ght	s**ai**d	dr**u**nk	r**ea**d	l**o**st
dr**i**ven	w**or**n	s**e**nt	g**o**t	p**ai**d	sp**o**ken

b 12.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

www.frenglish.ru

12C National treasures

G revision: question formation, tenses
V revision: word groups
P revision: sounds

1 GRAMMAR revision

a Complete the questions. Write TWO words.

1 Who do _____ you live with? With my parents.
2 _____ a doctor? Yes, I am.
3 _____ your brother do? He's a builder.
4 _____ of music do you like? Soul.
5 _____ hear a noise? No, I can't.
6 _____ Samira crying? Because she's sad.
7 _____ raining? Yes, it is.
8 _____ beds are there? Six.
9 _____ did your friends see? *Star Wars*.
10 _____ go out last night? No, I didn't.
11 _____ is that? It's Amy's phone.
12 _____ you yesterday? At university.
13 _____ a microwave? Yes, there is.
14 _____ a TV in the room? Yes, there was.
15 _____ you going to move? Next week.
16 _____ ever fallen in love? Yes, I have.

b Complete the sentences with ONE word or a contraction.

1 Her children are _____ very young, five and seven.
2 Oscar lives in the city. _____ flat is very big.
3 Be quiet! _____ say a word!
4 We always go on holiday _____ August.
5 Who's _____ woman over there? I've never seen her before.
6 I'm sorry. I _____ hear you. It's very noisy here.
7 My uncle is late. I'm waiting for _____.
8 I don't like _____, so I never go by plane.
9 We can't make chips. There aren't _____ potatoes.
10 The hotel was full. There _____ a lot of tourists.
11 I don't have _____ free time – only a few hours a week.
12 I'm 25 and you're 23. I'm _____ than you.
13 He chose the _____ expensive shoes in the shop. All the other shoes were cheaper.
14 They played really _____ and won the match 4–1.
15 My sister has a good job. She's _____ actor.

c Look at the time expressions in **bold** and complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the present simple, present continuous, past simple, present perfect, or *be going to*.

1 We **never** have _____ pizza for dinner. (have)
2 Nicole loves walking. She _____ the dog for a walk **twice a day**. (take)
3 _____ you _____ your friends **last weekend**? (see)
4 They _____ **tomorrow** because Jack is ill. (not come)
5 _____ you **ever** _____ to South America? (be)
6 _____ your son _____ to drive **next year**? (learn)
7 We _____ meat **every day**. (not eat)
8 We _____ a film **next Saturday**. (see)
9 _____ you **ever** _____ a famous person? (meet)
10 **Last night** my husband _____ dinner. (cook)
11 What time _____ you **usually** _____ to bed at the weekend? (go)
12 My friend _____ football **at the moment**. (play)
13 We _____ to work **yesterday**. (not walk)
14 I _____ **never** _____ that book, but I'd like to. (read)

2 VOCABULARY revision: word groups

a Circle the word that is different.

1 Hungary Japanese Türkiye China
2 Egypt Switzerland Asia Mexico
3 awful fantastic great nice
4 builder hairdresser cooker waiter
5 aunt daughter niece brother
6 spring cloudy snowy windy
7 fireplace cupboard sofa kitchen
8 mushrooms strawberries onions peas
9 chemist's department store bridge shopping centre

www.frenglish.ru

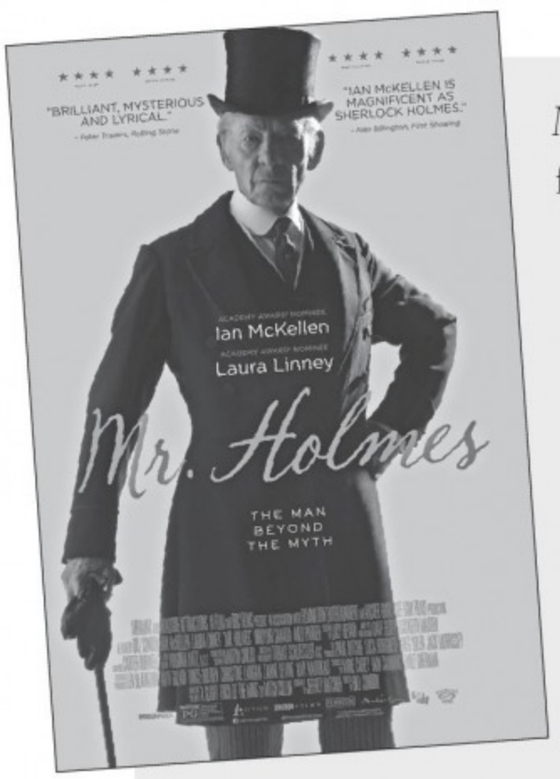
b Continue the series.

1 one, two, three, four_____
2 ten, twenty, _____
3 Monday, Tuesday, _____
4 first, second, _____
5 morning, afternoon, _____
6 once, twice, _____
7 summer, autumn, _____
8 June, July, _____
9 second, minute, _____
10 day, week, _____

c Complete the phrases with a verb.

1 l_____ to music
2 d_____ exercise
3 s_____ sorry
4 h_____ a shower
5 g_____ shopping
6 t_____ a photo
7 m_____ a lot of noise
8 g_____ dressed
9 w_____ glasses
10 u_____ an app

d Complete the text. Write a word or a contraction in each space.



Mr Holmes is very different from all the other films about [1] the_____ famous detective. In this film, Holmes is 93 years old. He [2] _____ live at 221B Baker Street in London, but on a farm [3] _____ the country. He has retired from his work as [4] _____ detective, and he now spends his days with his bees. He lives with a new housekeeper, Mrs Munro, and her son Roger. Roger likes Holmes, and he often helps him with the bees. But Holmes is worried about two things. First, he knows he [5] _____ losing his memory. Second, he can't remember why he decided [6] _____ retire. Some medicine helps him remember what happened. In the past, he and [7] _____ friend Dr Watson received a call from a man called Thomas. Thomas was worried about his wife Ann, because she was never at home and he [8] _____ know where she went. Holmes followed Ann to a music teacher's house where she played a strange instrument, a glass harmonica. After the class, she [9] _____ shopping. When Holmes saw what she bought at the shop, he thought she wanted to kill [10] _____ husband. The case ended very badly, and Holmes retired. Soon after he remembers this, Holmes has a new problem. Mrs Munro finds Roger nearly dead next to the bees. She wants to kill the bees. In the end, Holmes finds the answer to the mystery, and he saves his bees. *Mr Holmes* is a good film, but it's a lot slower [11] _____ normal detective films. The [12] _____ thing about it is Ian McKellen's fantastic performance as Sherlock Holmes.

3 PRONUNCIATION revision: sounds

a Circle the word with a different sound.

fish	1 r**i**ch d**i**rty b**i**g
tree	2 br**ea**d p**ea**s t**ea**
cat	3 s**a**fe bl**a**ck f**a**t
car	4 d**a**rk d**a**y f**a**r
clock	5 m**o**ney w**a**tch d**o**ctor
horse	6 f**ou**nd sh**or**t b**ou**ght
bull	7 c**oo**k f**oo**d g**oo**d
boot	8 wh**o** d**o** g**o**
bird	9 t**ir**ed th**ir**sty n**ur**se
egg	10 **ea**t h**ea**lthy br**ea**kfast
train	11 p**ai**d st**ea**k s**ai**d
bike	12 b**u**y n**i**ce r**i**ng

b 12.4 Listen and check.

c Underline the stressed syllable.

1 hos|pi|tal
2 ex|pen|sive
3 ma|ga|zine
4 head|phones
5 ad|min|is|tra|tor
6 en|gi|neer
7 I|tal|i|an
8 Au|gust
9 di|ffi|cult
10 mu|si|cian
11 ga|rage
12 ba|na|nas

d 12.5 Listen and check

www.frenglish.ru

OXFORD
UNIVERSITY PRESS

Great Clarendon Street, Oxford, OX2 6DP, United Kingdom

Oxford University Press is a department of the University of Oxford. It furthers the University's objective of excellence in research, scholarship, and education by publishing worldwide. Oxford is a registered trade mark of Oxford University Press in the UK and in certain other countries

© Oxford University Press 2025

The moral rights of the author have been asserted

e-Book Edition
ISBN: 978 0 19 414843 6 WORKBOOK CLASSROOM PRESENTATION TOOL

First published in 2025

No copying or file sharing

This digital publication is protected by international copyright laws. No part of this digital publication may be reproduced, modified, adapted, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, used for text and data mining, or used for training artificial intelligence, in any form or by any means, to any other person or company without the prior permission in writing of Oxford University Press, or as expressly permitted by law. Enquiries concerning reproduction outside the scope of the above should be sent to the ELT Rights Department, Oxford University Press, at the address above

You must not modify, adapt, copy, store, transfer or circulate the contents of this publication under any other branding or as part of any other product. You may not print out material for any commercial purpose or resale

Any websites referred to in this publication are in the public domain and their addresses are provided by Oxford University Press for information only. Oxford University Press disclaims all and any responsibility for the content of such websites

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors would like to thank all the teachers and students round the world whose feedback has helped us to shape *English File*.

The authors would also like to thank: all those at Oxford University Press (both in Oxford and around the world) and the design team who have contributed their skills and ideas to producing this course.

Finally very special thanks from Clive to Maria Angeles, Lucia, and Eric, and from Christina to Cristina, for all their support and encouragement. Christina would also like to thank her children Joaquin, Marco, and Krysia for their constant inspiration.

The publisher would like to thank the following for their kind permission to reproduce photographs: Alamy (Judith Collins, D.Hurst, Richard Heyes, MBI, wallybird, Janine Wiedel Photolibrary, Paul Gregg/Travel Destinations, Chas Spradbery, Image Source, Shepic, Westend61 GmbH, Alexander Shalamov, Andrew Unangst, Everett Collection Inc, Transport for London, Viktor Fischer, Valentyn Volkov, Daniel Draghici, studiomode, Helen Sessions, Jeffrey Isaac Greenberg 8+, Stefan Ember, tommaso altamura, Robert Kneschke, Photo 12); Corbis (Karina Mansfield, Tetra Images); Getty Images (Mike Rodriguez, Risto Arnaudov, Tooga, Edwin Tan, Francesco Carta fotografo, Joseph Okpako, Image Source RF/DreamPictures, Caspar Benson, Gawrav Sinha, Image Source, Luis Alvarez, Michael Ochs Archives, James Devaney, Alex Henry Moore, 'Self Portrait in a Straw Hat', c1782, (1912).Artist: Elisabeth Louise Vigee-LeBrun/The Print Collector/Heritage Images, South agency, zhang bo, FoodCollection, Photolibrary, Tassii, Linda Steward, Caiaimage/ Robert Daly, Vetta/Joshua Blake, Walter Bibikow, Lyndon Stratford, Boonchai Wedmakawand); Oxford University Press (Gareth Boden, 1996–98 AccuSoft Inc); Shutterstock (GaudiLab, sirtravelalot, Jesus Cervantes, feeling lucky, New Africa, vipman, DJ Srki, Rawpixel, specnaz, vw11wat, J.Thasit, Vicky Jirayu, Mikadun Viktor1, Pavlo Loushkin. Glenn Price, Alex Staroseltsev, pio3, takayuki, ProStockStudio, Vladitto, OoddySmile Studio, Verushka, Hung Wee, Christian Horz, mama mia, Gang Liu, givaga, Iakov Kalinin, Sergey Uryadnikov, oneinchpunch, muhamad mizan bin ngateni, Ollyy, oliveromg, Samuel Borges Photography, szefei, Antonio Guillem, Monkey Business Images, stockfour, Juergen Faelchle, ESB Professional, Iryna Kalamurza, Ground Picture, Daniel M Ernst, leungchopan, Dragon Images, Oksana Kuzmina, michaeljung, RobinE, RONORMANJR, BAZA Production, Pixel-Shot, redpixel, Igor Lateci, racorn, Asia Images Group, Andrei R, Rachata Teyparsit, AJR photo, pio3, Didecs, eurobanks, BlueSkyImage, Karelian, yurakrasil, Boris023, BGStock72, alexei tm, Corepics VOF, Dean Drobot, G-Stock Studio, Lex0077, Studio Light and Shade, Honza Krej, Mykolastock, Anna Klepatckaya, Karkas, NisanatStudio, Alexander Kalina, Olga Kovalenko, BestPhotoStudio, Chaosamran Studio, BearFotos, Microgen, Ermolaev Alexander, RomanSo, Aila Images, stockfour, Evdokimov Maxim, Mr Twister, pikselstock, Goran Bogicevic, Africa Studio, IngoSStar, Igor Stepovik, Lawrence Manning, Alexandru Nika, dwphotos, Goran Bogicevic, astarot, Ostancov Vladislav, kay roxby, Fotos593, Photographee, Salty View, EQRoy, Nattika, Dani Vincek, joesayhello, eZeePics Studio, Kitch Bain, Tobik, Joe Gough, Maya Morenko, Jon Le-Bon, THPStock, tacar, FineShine, Nadezhda Nesterova, Prezoom, Brent Hofacker, venulal sukumaran, Hurst Photo, Roman Samokhin, Chanclos, Sheila Fitzgerald, Mikhail Starodubov, Faraways, LALS STOCK, TTstudio, jmarkow, OKcamera, 1000 Words, Abdul Shakoor, Roman.S-Photographer, Teddy Leung, Maksim Toome, ProKasia, Elizaveta Galitckaia, Matej Kastelic, Nestor Rizhniak, stocker1970, Hryshchyshen Serhii, Pheelings media, baranq, Alex Garaev, supercavie, VGstockstudio, Luna Vandoorne, Kzenon, Dmytro Zinkevych, David Steele, Krakenimages, Kotenko Oleksandr, Strahil Dimitrov, Sandra Ophorst, Thomas Barrat, Poravute Siriphiroon, Dmitri Maruta, Alexey Boldin, AstroStar, Blend Images, SeventyFour); Shutterstock Editorial (Lionsgate/Kobal).

Sources: www.macrotrends.net, data source United Nations World Population Prospects 2022; information about the band Destijl kindly provided by Scott Jeffreys and other band members.

Pronunciation chart artwork by: Ellie Nadler.

Illustrations by: Francesco Abrignani; Bill Brown/Illustration Division; John Haslam.

Video stills: Creative Listening (*Pictures of you*).

www.frenglish.ru